NAE-2006-01350 Earl's marina 2014 report

COTTONWOOD RD. MITIGATION PLAN MONITORING REPORT 10-05-14



FIGURE 1 - PROJECT BIRD'S EYE 2012

Prepared for the Army Corps of Engineers

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AS-BUILT PHOTOS

AS-BUILT PLAN (PREPARED BY LAND & SEA ENGINEERING)

Land and Sea Engineering, LLC

Earl's Marina Mitigation Report

PREPARED FOR THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Introduction

The project was constructed by New England Wetland Restorations utilizing there native stock plants from the New England area. The mitigation area was mechanically excavated with a backhoe, bulldozer, and loader, and all the non-native fill and rocks was loaded into dump trucks and disposed of at approved locations. The site was graded to approximately .2 feet below Mean High Water based on the current tidal epic. Several of the surrounding trenches had the vegetation cleaned out of them as per the plan to allow salt water to get to the site. The site was planted with Spartina Alterniflora on an 18" grid along with Spartina Patens Seed in some of the areas that would not receive the water needed in the fringe areas.

Our observations revealed that the previous project was not constructed properly and really did not function as originally designed. Both culverts that were installed by the NOAA project were installed to high and were to small and did not allow the proper flow of water to the marshes. They also allowed fresh water to build up on the North and South sides of Bass Creek Road which is helping the invasive species to grow rather than get rid of it. We highly recommend that both of the culverts be reconfigured to what was originally submitted to the town. All of the original mosquito ditches should also be cleaned out in order to improve the hydraulics of the marsh.

The area was observed for 1 week and no predators were observed in the area so the fencing was not installed as it was not necessary. The site was monitored on a daily basis for an additional 30 days and some of the invasive species that was starting to come back was removed by the contractor. Some of the existing fill was so deep below grade that it was left in place as sand & gravel is a great foundation for high marsh plants.

1.2 Site Location

The site location for the proposed mitigation is located on West Island, Fairhaven, MA. The area's are depicted on the plan and delineates the impact area and the location of the mitigation sites and proposed trenching remediation. Please refer to the cover page for a bird's eye aerial view of the finished project. The longitude and latitude of the project site is approximately N 41-35-05 E 70-49-39. Furthermore, the applicable watershed is Cape Cod Watershed with an 8 digit Hydrologic Unit Code of 010900021.

1.3 Mitigation Area Report

The required square footage of mitigation area is approximately 8,400 SF for marsh creation and approximately 1,300 linear feet of trench vegetation removal. This introduction of additional tidal flow will also positively affect other wetland areas by eradicating invasive species and establishing more upland and lowland marsh communities. Approximately 15,000 s.f of marsh was permitted and restored to insure the project was a success. The main reason for this increase was the recommendation from our restoration expert who advised that the project would not be successful due to hydraulic issues if it were not extended farther to

¹ Referenced from <u>www.epa.gov</u> "Surf your watershed" Land and Sea Engineering, LLC

the South. There was a 50% survival rate from the original planting based on samples of counted plants. We recommend that more plants are planted in bare areas in the spring of 2015 to supplement the cover. The plants that did survive are doing well with one very healthy area. Salinity measurements were taken and the incoming tide does bring salt water with a comparable ppt for the survival of marsh grass. This is also evident by the extremely healthy stand of marsh directly south of the site.

2.0 AS-BUILT PLAN

The AS-BUILT plan includes as-built and proposed grades, a scale in the range of 1"=30', all items on the plan are legible and electronic PDFS are available.

3.0 INVASIVE SPECIES

The existing invasive species (Phragmites) in the project area were be removed and disposed of at an approved location. The remaining Phragmites surrounding the area will be introduced to more salt water and die back over the upcoming seasons. Any new invasive species that enter the growing area such as Phragmites or pepperweed will be removed by a qualified person at the appropriate time of year.

4.0 REFERENCES

- 1. West Island Beach Salt Marsh Restoration Document prepared for NOAA by the Louis Berger Group, Inc.
- 2. Directions for completing Mitigation Plan provided by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers New England District Regulatory Division provided in "New England District" Compensatory Mitigation guidance dated 07-20-2010



VIEW OF SURVIVING MARSH



VIEW OF CLEANED OUT DITCH AND TIDAL WET AREA



VIEW OF FRAG AT NORTH CULVERT AREA DUE TO FRESH WATER



VIEW OF SOUTH END OF MARSH NEEDS REPLANTING



VIEW OF NORTH AREA TO BE PLANTED WITH HIGH MARSH GRASS



ORIGINAL PLANTING 2013



VIEW OF PATENS AND PHRAG ON EAST SIDE OF SITE



VIEW UPCOMING TIDE 2013