NH DOT – Route 106

File No.: 199300836

City and State: Gilmanton, NH

General Impacts: 8.7 acres POW, PSS, PFO

Functions and Values Lost: (From Wetland Mitigation Report)

Surface Water Quality Wildlife Habitat Groundwater Recharge Floodflow Alteration

Year(s) Mitigation Constructed: October 1999

Size and Type of Mitigation as Proposed:

8.3 acres POW, PEM, PSS 64.7 acres preservation

Proposed Functions and Values of Mitigation: (From Wetland Mitigation Report)

Surface Water Quality
Wildlife Habitat (including turtle nesting area)
Groundwater Recharge
Floodflow Alteration
Fish Habitat
Recreation
Visual Quality/Aesthetics

Mitigation Special Condition(s):

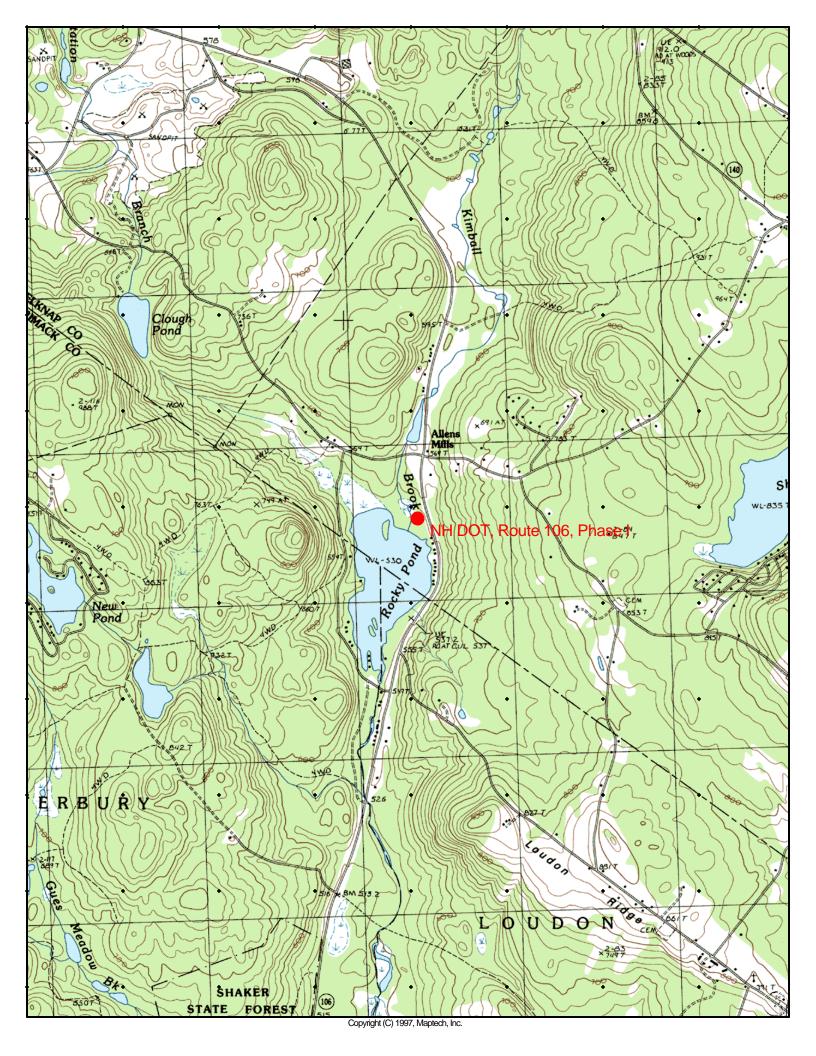
- 5. Mitigation: The final draft mitigation plan (Wetland Mitigation Report Rocky Pond Site 9) must be submitted to and approved by the Army corps of Engineers, New England Division, Regulatory Division not less than 30 days before initiating construction of the mitigation site but not later than 30 July 1997.
- 6. The approved final mitigation plan referred to in special condition No. 5 entitled "Wetland Mitigation Report Rocky Pond-Site 9" is incorporated into this permit as special condition no. 6.

Remarks:

None

Directions:

Take route 93 north to Route 393 east to Route 106 north. Pass the Loudon International Speedway on the right. Cross Ames Road then Loudon Ridge Road on the right (across from Rocky Pond on the left). The site is at the north end of Rocky Pond.



MITIGATION SITE FIELD DATA FORM

 Site Name:
 NHDOT Route 106
 File No.
 199300836

City/Town: Gilmanton State: NH Waterbody: Rocky Pond

Monitor(s): Ruth Ladd, Keith Wright, Kathleen McKee, Rebecca Lacey (NEIWPCC) Date: 7-17-02

Was site constructed? yes

Is site wetland? yes

Size of proposed wetland: 8.3 acres

Actual size of wetland: TBD

Landscape position: flat plain surrounded by

forested upland

Lat/Long Points: 43.40712N 71.45409W

Saved GPS Waypoint name: RTE106

GPS Tracking Log Name: N/A

Perimeter: TBD

Surrounding land use:

Forest, wetland forest, pond

Is wetland function compromised by surrounding land use?

No

Plant health:

Vigorous, but the ash trees are not healthy.

Invasive species:

Lythrum salicaria (trace) Elaeagnus sp., Lotus corniculatus

Wildlife use:

Goldfinch, dragonflies, spring peeper, kingbird, frog spp., deer scat, Eastern tailblue butterfly, red admiral butterfly, yellow swallowtail butterfly, ducks, starling, woodchuck holes, chipmunks, small, unidentified fish, pickerel (10" observed)

Plants:

"Vernal pool":

Carex lurida

Juncus effusus

Phalaris arundinacea

Sambucus canadensis

Scirpus validus

Trifolium pratense

Verbena hastata

Viburnum dentatum

Hillside seep

Betula populifolia

Carex lurida

Carex sp. (ovales)

Eupatorium perfoliatum

Juncus effusus

Lysimachia terrestris

Scirpus cyperinus

Solidago sp.

Spiraea tomentosa

Spiraea tomentosa

Verbena hastata

Northwest Corner ("E")

Abies balsamea

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Alisma sp.

Alnus rugosa

Alnus rugosa

Betula populifolia

Carex lurida

Carex vulpinoidea

Elaeagnus sp.

Eleocharis sp.

Equisetum sp.

Euthamia graminifolia

Fraxinus sp.

Glyceria sp.

Juncus effusus

Lotus corniculatus

Lythrum salicaria

Mimulus sp.

Onoclea sensibilis

Phalaris arundinacea

Potentilla sp.

Scirpus atrovirens

Scirpus cyperinus

Scirpus sp.

Scirpus validus

Solidago rugosa

Tsuga canadensis

Typha latifolia

Verbena hastata

Viburnum dentatum

Area by road

Alnus rugosa

Carex lurida

Carex sp. (ovales)

Carex vulpinoidea

Chamaedaphne calyculata

Elaeagnus sp.

Eleocharis sp.

Juncus effusus

Lotus corniculatus

Lythrum salicaria

Onoclea sensibilis

Phalaris arundinacea

Scirpus atrovirens

Scirpus validus

Trifolium pratense

Typha latifolia

C Pond

Acer rubrum

Carex lurida

Cornus amomum

Elaeagnus sp.

Eleocharis sp.

Iris versicolor

Juncus effusus

Lotus corniculatus

Lythrum salicaria

Mimulus sp.

Polygonum sagittatum

Scirpus cyperinus

Viburnum dentatum

Deep Marsh (Area B)

Pontederia cordata

Potamogeton sp.

Sparganium sp.

Shallow Marsh/Wet Meadow

Asclepias incarnata

Asclepias sp.

Agrostis gigantea

Bidens sp.

Brasenia schreberi

Carex crinita

Carex lurida

Carex sp. (ovales)

Carex spp.

Cephalanthus occidentalis

Dulichium arundinaceum

Elaeagnus sp.

Eleocharis sp.

Eupatorium perfoliatum

Euthamia graminifolia

Fraxinus pennsylvanica

Galium sp.

Juncus effusus

Lotus corniculatus

Lyonia ligustrina

Lysimachia sp.

Lythrum salicaria

Nettle sp.

Onoclea sensibilis

Phalaris arundinacea

Phleum pratense

Salix sp.

Scirpus cyperinus

Scirpus sp.

Scirpus validus

Solidago graminifolia

Solidago rugosa

Sparganium microcarpon

Spiraea latifolia

Typha latifolia

Verbena hastata

Soils Data:

| DEPTH 0 – 3.5" | HORIZON A | MATRIX 10YR 3/3 | REDOX start within root mat - 1" of surface, 5-10% | COMMENTS medium loamy sand, roots |
|----------------|--------------|--------------------|--|---|
| 3.5 - 8 | A2 | 10YR 3/2 | " | " |
| 8 – 11 | Bw | 10YR 4/6 | | coarse, cobbly loamy sand, up to 5" cobbles, 30-50% |
| 11+ | С | 10YR 5/6 | | coarse sandy gravel |
| dry area | | | | |
| DEPTH | HORIZON | MATRIX | REDOX | COMMENTS |
| 0 - 4" | A | 10YR 3/3 | none | loamy sand, rocks |
| 4 – 16 | C | 10YR 5/6 | | medium sand, rocks |
| 16+ | | | | too rocky to go deeper |

Sketch approximate mitigation site, noting areas and types of wetlands, waters, other features, landscape position, landmarks, etc., and data and photo point(s)

See file.

Overall Description of site:

N. shoreline of Rocky Pond -7.5 acres of upland, 3.4 acres of shallow marsh, 0.65 acre of open water. Sixty-five acres were purchased to protect several large existing wetland systems along 2 tributaries to Rocky Pond that flow through eastern 1/3 of the parcel, and an unnamed perennial stream which flows east to west through the central portion of the parcel. Watershed of Rocky Pond is 480 acres which includes Clough Pond and the headwaters of the Soucook River.

"E" Pond is six inches deep. There is a natural wetland adjacent to "E" Pond; water flows from the pond to the wetland although a wide, shallow riprapped overflow channel was constructed on the south end of the area.

Well #4 had water 2 feet 4 inches from surface yet 20 feet away there is a saturated area despite no noticeable change in elevation. The site also has three shallow ponds. Boulders are scattered throughout the site, as were old root masses. Ponded water was quite clear.

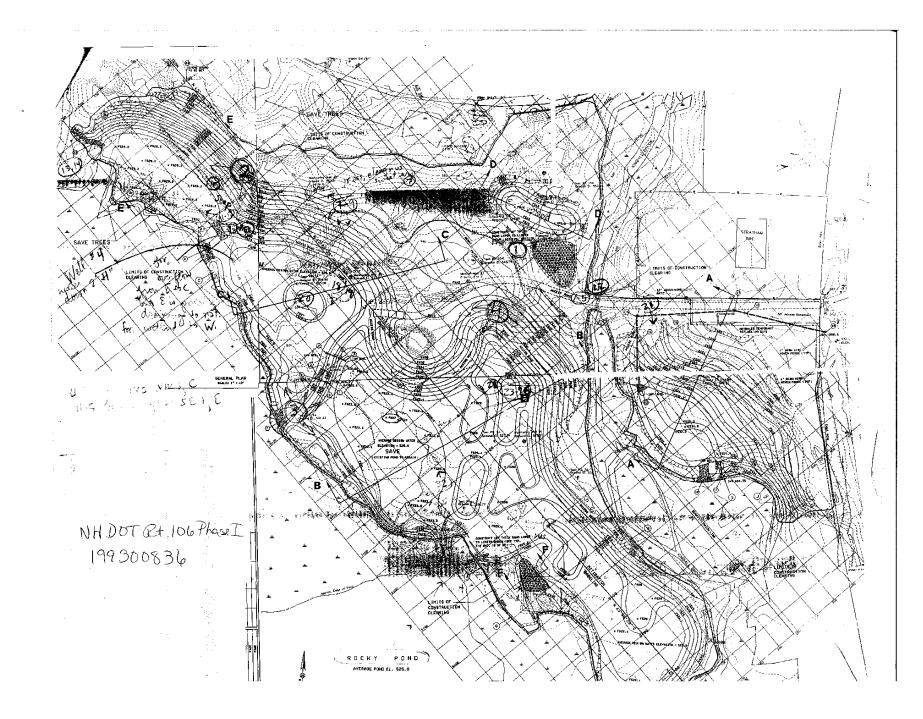
Two groundwater seeps were evident on slopes north and northeast of the constructed wetlands. The northwesternmost seep included several species including *Juncus effusus* and *Drosera rotundifolia* plants.

There are very abrupt transitions from wetland to upland due to the coarse substrate which has very limited capillarity and the limited organics in areas upslope of the very wet portions of the site (at least saturated to the surface during the summer).

Volunteer shrubs are coming in nearest the surrounding wetlands. Most planted shrubs are surviving with alders, in particular, thriving.

Comments, problems, recommendations:

- The area that was supposed to have a vernal pool had no water in it and was covered with vegetation.
- Some of the planted trees had died but were providing perches for birds.
- Volunteer tree species emerging include *Alnus rugosa*, *Betula populifolia*, and *Acer rubrum*.
- No problems noted with ATVs.
- Excellent viewscape from bedrock outcrops
- Good interspersion of small open water areas with marsh and early-successional shrubby areas.
- Proximity to lake, stream, and other wetlands enhances wildlife functions.



Wetland Function-Value Evaluation Form

| Total area of wetland 8.3 ac Human made? Ye forest, wetland, lake, stream Adjacent land use PEM Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? no How many tributaries contribute to the wetland? | Is wetland part of a wildlife corridor?yes or a "habitat island"? 500 feet Distance to nearest roadway or other development Contiguous undeveloped buffer zone present 90% If not, where does the wetland lie in the drainage basin?high and middle Wildlife & vegetation diversity/abundance (see attached list) | | | | Wetland I.D. 106 43.40712N 71.45409W Latitude Longitude 7-17-02 Wetland Impact: Type Area Evaluation based on: Office Field Corps manual wetland delineation completed? Y_X N_ | |
|---|---|-------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Function/Value | Suita | abilit N | y Rationale (Reference #)* | Princi Functi | | Comments |
| ▼ Groundwater Recharge/Discharge | X | | | | both recharge and discharge; side slo | pe seeps, sandy soils |
| Floodflow Alteration | X | | 1,6,7,9,15,18 | | | |
| Fish and Shellfish Habitat | X | | 9,10,12 | | fish observed | |
| Sediment/Toxicant Retention | X | | | | dense herbaceous vegetation, howeve | er little organic soils for transformation |
| Nutrient Removal | X | | 1,3,5,8,9,11 | X | dense vegetation | |
| → Production Export | X | | 1,2,4,6,7,8,9,10,12 | | there is a connection to an adjacent la | ake |
| Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization | | X | | | connection to lake is very small | |
| wildlife Habitat | X | | 1,3,4,5,6,7,8,11,13,17,18,21 | X | especially good for wading birds, waterfowl, and amphibians | |
| A Recreation | X | | 5,6,7,10,11 | | birdwatching | |
| Educational/Scientific Value | | X | | | | |
| * Uniqueness/Heritage | | X | | | | |
| Visual Quality/Aesthetics | X | | 1,2,3,4,5,7,9,11,12 | | good overlook from bedrock outcrop | os |
| ES Endangered Species Habitat | | X | | | none known | |

Notes:

Other

^{*} Refer to backup list of numbered considerations.

NHDQXDQX3606 Gilmanton, NH 7/17/02



Southeasternmost area (Area A) (closest to Rt. 106) looking southwest, west, and northwest from northeast slope. Remainder of site is behind line of trees in the distance.



View of slope at north end of site, central portion.

There are several seepage wetlands along it (yellow-green areas)



Looking southeast, south, and west from just north of the rock outcrop (center of photo) which is north of Area B. Rocky Pond is in the distance on the left. Southeastern area (Area A) is off the photo to the left.



Seepage wetland not in the design. This one is located north of the cell (Area C) between the large central area (Area B) and the westernmost area (Area E).



Looking west across the northwesternmost area (Area E).



Looking southeast and south at the pool at the northeast corner of Area B.

A pickerel was observed among the pickerelweed.



Looking north across Area B from near the connection to Rocky Pond along the southwest side of the site.



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