



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS **DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**DRINKING WATER PROGRAM

100 CAMBRIDGE STREET, SUITE 900, BOSTON, MA 02114 • (617) 292-5770



2024 Certificate of Registration

The Department of Environmental Protection
Drinking Water Program
Hereby Recognizes the

BUFFUMVILLE PARK PWS ID # 2054052

as a Registered Public Water System in Massachusetts.
Public Water Systems must comply with
the Massachusetts Drinking Water Regulations,
310 CMR 22.00.

Yvette dePeiza, Program Director Drinking Water Program

Certificate expires December 31, 2024

Please contact the Drinking Water Program if there are any changes in this system.

MassDEP: https:/www.mass.gov/orgs/massachusetts-department-of-environmental-protection

Required Water Quality Sampling Schedule Frequency For 2023 To 2025 Compliance Period

PWS ID#: 2054052 PWS Name: BUFFUMVILLE PARK Town: CHARLTON Class: NC

BACTERIA SAM	PLING	Apr - Sep: Oct - Mar	3	per per		ONTH			05/01 09/30	cc	oliform sam	ple locations	. Systems		for approved or beyond the extra months.
Loc ID # SAMPLE	LOCATION NAM	ΙE		M/S	R/F	D/S	WAIVER Y/N	2023 QTR1 QTR2 QT	R3 QTR4	QTR1	2024 QTR2 Q1	rR3 QTR4	QTR1	2025 QTR2 QTR	3 QTR4
IRON									•						
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			S	F	S								X	
2054052-01G ROCH	K WELL														
MANGANESE															
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			S	F	S								X	
2054052-01G ROCH	K WELL														
NITRATE															
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			S	F	S	N	X			X	-		X	
2054052-01G ROCK	K WELL														
NITRITE															
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			S	F	S	N				X	-			
2054052-01G ROCK	K WELL														
SECONDARY CO	ONTAMINANT	S													
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			S	F	S	N	[DEP recommends ann	nual testing]						
2054052-01G ROCH	K WELL														
SODIUM															
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			S	F	S	N				X				
2054052-01G ROCK	2054052-01G ROCK WELL														
VOLATILE ORGA	ANIC COMPO	UNDS												<u>-</u>	
01G FINISHED: \	WELL #1			s	F	S	N	X							
2054052-01G ROCK	K WELL							<u> </u>							

December 13, 2022

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POSTED FOR CUSTOMER REVIEW AS REQUIRED BY THE MASSACHUSETTS DEP/DWP

Massachusetts Drinking Water Regulations 310 CMR 22.16A (23)

2023 DRINKING WATER OUALITY REPORT

For the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022

BUFFUMVILLE PARK PWS ID: 2054052 229 OXFORD RD

CHARLTON MA 01507

The drinking water system at the facility noted above is registered in the Commonwealth as a transient non-community (TNC) public water system because it owns and/or controls its source of water and supplies potable water to 25 or more persons at least 60 days of the year. Examples of TNCs include restaurants, motels, campgrounds, parks, golf courses, ski areas and community centers.

All drinking water, including bottled water, may contain small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk.

The drinking water quality monitoring results on file with the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Drinking Water Program (MassDEP/DWP) for this public water system and period noted above are as follows:

MONITORING RESULTS TABLE

CONTAMINANT	HIGHEST DETECT VALUE ¹	MCL ²	MCLG ³	VIOLATION ⁴ (YES or NO)				POSSIBLE SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION
	VALUE			MCL	FAILURE TO MONITOR **			
Total Coliform	NO DATA	0	0	N	N	Naturally present in the environment.		
Nitrate (MG/L)	< 0.03	10	10	N	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; and erosion of natural deposits.		
Nitrite (MG/L)	< 0.007	1	1	N	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; and erosion of natural deposits.		
Sodium (MG/L)	22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N	Naturally present in the environment; may also be due to salt runoff from deicing practices.		
Other Contaminant Violations ⁵	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			

¹**Detect** – any levels found at or above the detection limits in the Massachusetts Drinking Water Regulations, 310 CMR 22.00.

Total Coliform – Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, bacteria are present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

Nitrate – Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blue-baby syndrome.

Nitrite - Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrite in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blue-baby syndrome.

For more information, or the complete monitoring results for this system:

The posting of this report meets the public notification Tier 3 requirements of 310 CMR 22.16(4).

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Owner/responsible party name	Signature of owner/responsible party	Telephone #
Certified Operator Name	Signature of certified operator	License #

If you have any questions on the Massachusetts Drinking Water Program contact the MassDEP, Drinking Water Program at (617) 292-5770, email <u>program.director-dwp@mass.gov</u> (subject: TNC CCR) or visit the MassDEP web site at

www.mass.gov/orgs/massachusetts-department-of-environmental-protection. Contact the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791 for more information about contaminants and potential health effects.

Date Drinking Water Quality Report posted	_ Location posted
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² Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) – the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water.

³ Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) – the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health.

⁴ For any violations, Refer to the following health effects language listed below and contact the system's contact person for information on corrective actions taken by the system to return to compliance and stay in compliance in the future:

⁵ Other Contaminant Violations – If applicable, contact the owner or the MassDEP at the numbers listed below for information on the other contaminants.

^{**} If "Y", one or more times during the reporting period this system did not monitor and/or report to the MassDEP as required.

[&]quot;We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of the regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During the above noted reporting period we did not monitor or test and/or did not complete all monitoring or testing for contaminant(s) noted above and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time. "

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CHARLTON MA 01507

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are a family of chemicals widely used in common consumer products such as food packaging, outdoor clothing, carpets, leather goods, ski and snowboard waxes, and more. PFAS can leach into groundwater or surface water from surface soils contaminated with PFAS. When ingested, some PFAS can build up in the body, and over time, these PFAS may increase to a level where health effects could occur.

The PFAS Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 0.000020 milligrams per liter (mg/l) or 20 ppt for the sum of six PFAS compounds (PFOS, PFOA, PFHxS, PFNA, PFHpA, and PFDA) known as PFAS6 is not applicable to transient non-community (TNC) systems, but TNCs are required to comply with the special applicability requirements of 310 CMR 22.07G(2): Every Supplier of Water operating a Transient, Non-Community Water System shall collect, analyze and report the results of one sample from each Sampling Point, or alternate sampling location required by the Department pursuant to 310 CMR 22.07G(4)(a) or (b), no later than September 30, 2022. All such monitoring shall be performed in compliance with the provisions addressing monitoring protocols, invalidation of PFAS samples, PFAS analytical requirements, PFAS reporting requirements, PFAS6 minimum reporting levels and electronic filing requirements set forth in 310 CMR 22.07G(4), (9), (12), (13), (16), (17).

These results are on file with the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Drinking Water Program (MassDEP/DWP). For more information please contact the persons listed on the first page.

REGULATED PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES (PFAS) RESULTS TABLE

CONTAMINANT	DETECT RANGE ¹	AVERAGE DETECT ²	POSSIBLE SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION	HEALTH EFFECTS	
PFAS6 *	ND	ND	Discharges and emissions from industrial and manufacturing sources associated with the production or use of these PFAS, including production of moisture and oil resistant coatings on fabrics and other materials. Additional sources include the use and disposal of products containing these PFAS, such as fire-fighting foams.	Some people who drink water containing these PFAS at elevated levels may experience certain adverse effects. These could include effects on the liver, blood, immune system, thyroid, and fetal development. These PFAS may also elevate the risk of certain cancers.	

Transient Non-Community (TNC) systems are not required to meet the MCL of 20 ppt for PFAS6. MassDEP may perform a site-specific health risk assessment per 310 CMR 22.03(8) for results over 20 ppt.

UNREGULATED PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES (PFAS) RESULTS TABLE

CONTAMINANT (CASRN)	DETECT RANGE ¹	AVERAGE DETECT ²	ORSG ³	POSSIBLE SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION	HEALTH EFFECTS
11-CHLOROEICOSAFLUORO-3- OXAUNDECANE-1-SULFONIC ACID-11CL- PF3OUDS (763051-92-9)	ND	ND	+		
4,8-DIOXA-3H-PERFLUORONONANOIC ACID - ADONA (919005-14-4)	ND	ND	+		
9-CHLOROHEXADECAFLUORO-3- OXANONE-1-SULFONIC ACID-9CL- PF3ONS (756426-58-1)	ND	ND	+		
HEXAFLUOROPROPYLENE OXIDE DIMER ACID - HFPO-DA (13252-13-6)	ND	ND	+		
N-ETHYL PERFLUOROOCTANESULFONAMIDOACE TIC ACID - NETFOSAA (2991-50-6)	ND	ND Page 2 of	+		

^{*} Sum of PERFLUORODECANOIC ACID (**PFDA**), PERFLUOROHEPTANOIC ACID (**PFHpA**), PERFLUOROHEXANESULFONIC ACID (**PFHxS**), PERFLUORONONANOIC ACID (**PFNA**), PERFLUOROOCTANESULFONIC ACID (**PFOS**), PERFLUOROOCTANOIC ACID (**PFOA**). PFAS6 was regulated on October 2, 2020.

¹ The lowest and highest detected values. A single value means only one sample was taken.

² The average detected amount of PFAS6. This is calculated by adding all detected amounts and dividing by the number of samples taken.

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Massachusetts Drinking Water Regulations 310 CMR 22.16A (23)

2023 DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

For the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022

BUFFUMVILLE PARK PWS ID: 2054052 229 OXFORD RD

CHARLTON MA 01507

N-METHYL PERFLUOROOCTANESULFONAMIDOACE TIC ACID - NMEFOSAA (2355-31-9)	ND	ND	†	
PERFLUOROBUTANESULFONIC ACID- PFBS (375-73-5)	ND	ND	†	
PERFLUORODODECANOIC ACID - PFDOA (307-55-1)	ND	ND	†	
PERFLUOROHEXANOIC ACID - PFHXA (307-24-4)	ND	ND	†	
PERFLUOROTETRADECANOIC ACID - PFTA (376-06-7)	ND	ND	†	
PERFLUOROTRIDECANOIC ACID - PFTRDA (72629-94-8)	ND	ND	†	
PERFLUOROUNDECANOIC ACID - PFUNA (2058-94-8)	ND	ND	†	

^{*} PFDA, PFHpA, PFHxS, PFNA, PFOS, PFNA were unregulated chemicals from January 1 – October 1, 2020 and had an ORSG of 20 ppt. On October 2, 2020 these chemicals became regulated with an MCL of 20 ppt. Any detects found after that time are reported in the regulated table above as PFAS6.

‡ Sum of PERFLUORODECANOIC ACID (PFDA), PERFLUOROHEPTANOIC ACID (PFHpA), PERFLUOROHEXANESULFONIC ACID (PFHxS), PERFLUORONONANOIC ACID (PFNA), PERFLUOROOCTANESULFONIC ACID (PFOS), PERFLUOROOCTANOIC ACID (PFOA). PFAS6 was regulated on October 2, 2020.

³ Office of Research and Standards Guideline (ORSG) - MassDEP health-based guideline.



Appendix M - Guidelines and Policies for Public Water Systems https://www.mass.gov/doc/consumer-confidence-reporting-requirements (1.91 MB)

[†] There is no ORS Guideline for this compound.

The lowest and highest detected values. A single value means only one sample was taken.

²The average of all sample results between January 1 to December 31, 2021. This is calculated by adding all detected amounts and dividing by the number of samples taken.