

PUBLIC NOTICE

Comment Period Begins: 29 October 2024 Comment Period Ends: 29 November 2024

File Number: NAE-2023-00668

In Reply Refer to: CT & RI Section, Regulatory Division Phone: (800) 343-4789 or (800) 362-4367

Email: CENAE-R-PN-CTRI@usace.army.mil

The District Engineer, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England District (USACE), has received a permit application, file number NAE-2023-00668, to conduct work in waters of the United States from Naval Submarine Base New London, Route 12, Box 400, Groton, CT. This work is proposed within the Thames River near Amberjack Road in Groton, CT at latitude 41.40119, longitude -72.09386.

The work involves construction of a concrete filled steel pipe pile supported pier extension with a concrete deck, mooring fittings, an integrated composite fender system, and specialized equipment including fendering camels. The work also includes dredging alongside the pier and adjacent to the western side of the Thames River Federal Navigation Project (FNP). Dredged material will be placed in the US Navy confined aquatic disposal (CAD) cell within the Thames River.

The work is shown on the enclosed plans titled "P-1044 SUBMARINE PIER 31 EXTENSION, NAVAL SUBMARINE BASE NEW LONDON", on 24 sheets, and dated "25 AUGUST 2020".

AUTHORITY

Perm	its are required pursuant to:
<u>X</u>	Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899
Χ	Section 404 of the Clean Water Act
	Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act
Χ	Section 14 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 USC 408)

The decision whether to issue a permit will be based on an evaluation of the probable impact of the proposed activity on the public interest. That decision will reflect the national concern for both protection and utilization of important resources. The benefit which may reasonably accrue from the proposal must be balanced against its reasonably foreseeable detriments. All factors which may be relevant to the proposal will be considered, including the cumulative effects thereof; among those are: conservation, economics, aesthetics, general environmental concerns, wetlands, cultural value, fish and wildlife values, flood hazards, flood plain value, land use, navigation, shoreline erosion and accretion, recreation, water supply and conservation, water quality, energy needs, safety, food production and, in general, the needs and welfare of the people.

The USACE is soliciting comments from the public; federal, state, and local agencies and officials; Indian Tribes; and other interested parties in order to consider and

CENAE-R File No. NAE-2023-00668

evaluate the impacts of this proposed activity. The USACE will consider all comments received to determine whether to issue, modify, condition or deny a permit for this proposal. To make this decision, comments are used to assess impacts on endangered species, historic properties, water quality, general environmental effects, and the other public interest factors listed above. Comments are used in the preparation of an environmental assessment and/or an environmental impact statement pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act. Comments are also used to determine the need for a public hearing and to determine the overall public interest of the proposed activity.

Where the activity involves the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States or the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of disposing it in ocean waters, the evaluation of the impact of the activity in the public interest will also include application of the guidelines promulgated by the Administrator, US Environmental Protection Agency, under authority of Section 404(b) of the Clean Water Act, and/or Section 103 of the Marine Protection Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972, as amended.

The activities proposed herein will also require permission from the USACE pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a USACE federally authorized Civil Works project known as the Thames River Federal FNP. The proposed alteration within the FNP is the disposal of approximately 44,000 cubic yards of material within the existing US Navy CAD cell. The proposed alteration within the FNP offset involves the replacement of the pier, the maintenance dredging of approximately 1,888 cubic yards of material from a 15,772 square foot area, and the relocation of two security barrier anchors and floats. The FNP offset is a 3:1 distance based on the depth of the FNP and is the side slope while performing maintenance dredging on the FNP. The Thames River FNP offset is 108 feet. A permit pursuant to Section 10/404 shall not be granted until the Section 408 permission is issued. Through this public notice, we are soliciting information necessary to inform the USACE evaluation and review.

ESSENTIAL FISH HABITAT

The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, as amended by the Sustainable Fisheries Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-267), requires all federal agencies to consult with the National Marine Fisheries Service on all actions, or proposed actions, permitted, funded, or undertaken by the agency, that may adversely affect Essential Fish Habitat (EFH). Essential Fish Habitat describes waters and substrate necessary for fish for spawning, breeding, feeding or growth to maturity.

CENAE-R File No. NAE-2023-00668

The dredging portion of this project will impact approximately 1 acre of EFH. Habitat at this site can be described as mud, silt, and clay. Loss of this habitat may adversely affect species that use these waters and substrate. However, the District Engineer has made a preliminary determination that the site-specific adverse effect will not be substantial. Further consultation with the National Marine Fisheries Service regarding EFH conservation recommendations is being conducted and will be concluded prior to the final decision.

The dredged material disposal is proposed for US Navy Thames River CAD cell. This is an open water site, which provides EFH. Habitat at this site can be described as mud, silt, and clay. Loss of this habitat may adversely affect species that use these waters and substrate. However, the District Engineer has made a preliminary determination that the site-specific adverse effect will not be substantial. Further consultation with the National Marine Fisheries Service regarding EFH conservation recommendations is being conducted and will be concluded prior to the final decision.

The structure portion of this project will impact approximately 0.13 acres of EFH. This habitat consists of silt and mud. Loss of this habitat may adversely affect species that use these waters and substrate. However, the District Engineer has made a preliminary determination that the site-specific adverse effect will not be substantial. Further consultation with the National Marine Fisheries Service regarding EFH conservation recommendations is being conducted and will be concluded prior to the final decision.

NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT

Based on our initial review of the proposed project and coordination with the State Historic Preservation Officer and/or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer(s), no historic properties will be affected by the proposed project. Additional review and consultation to fulfill requirements under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, will be ongoing as part of the permit review process.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSULTATION

The USACE has reviewed the application for the potential impact on federally-listed threatened or endangered species and their designated critical habitat pursuant to section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) as amended. It is our preliminary determination that the proposed activity for which authorization is being sought is designed, situated or will be operated/used in such a manner that it is not likely to adversely affect a listed species or their critical habitat. We are coordinating with the National Marine Fisheries Service and/or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service on listed

species under their jurisdiction and the ESA consultation will be concluded prior to the final decision.

OTHER GOVERNMENT AUTHORIZATIONS

The states of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island have approved Coastal Zone Management Programs. Where applicable, the applicant states that any proposed activity will comply with and will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the approved Coastal Zone Management Program. By this public notice, we are requesting the state concurrence or objection to the applicant's consistency statement.

The following authorizations have been applied for, or have been, or will be obtained:

X	Permit,	license or	assent from	State
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X Permit from local wetland agency or conservation commission.

X Water Quality Certification in accordance with Section 401 of the Clean Water

COMMENTS

The Corps of Engineers is soliciting comments from the public; Federal, state, and local agencies and officials; Indian Tribes; and other interested parties in order to consider and evaluate the impacts of this proposed activity. Any comments received will be considered by the Corps of Engineers to determine whether to issue, modify, condition or deny a permit for this proposal. To make this decision, comments are used to assess impacts on endangered species, historic properties, water quality, general environmental effects, and the other public interest factors listed above. Comments are used in the preparation of an Environmental Assessment and/or an Environmental Impact Statement pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act. Comments are also used to determine the need for a public hearing and to determine the overall public interest of the proposed activity. People submitting comments are advised that all comments received will be available for public review in their entirety and will be considered a matter of public record.

Comments should be submitted in writing by the above date. If you have any questions, please contact the CT & RI Section, Regulatory Division, at CENAE-R-PN-CTRI@usace.army.mil, (800) 343-4789 or (800) 362-4367.

Any person may request, in writing, within the comment period specified in this notice, that a public hearing be held to consider the application. Requests for a public hearing shall specifically state the reasons for holding a public hearing. The USACE holds public

CENAE-R File No. NAE-2023-00668

hearings for the purpose of obtaining public comments when that is the best means for understanding a wide variety of concerns from a diverse segment of the public.

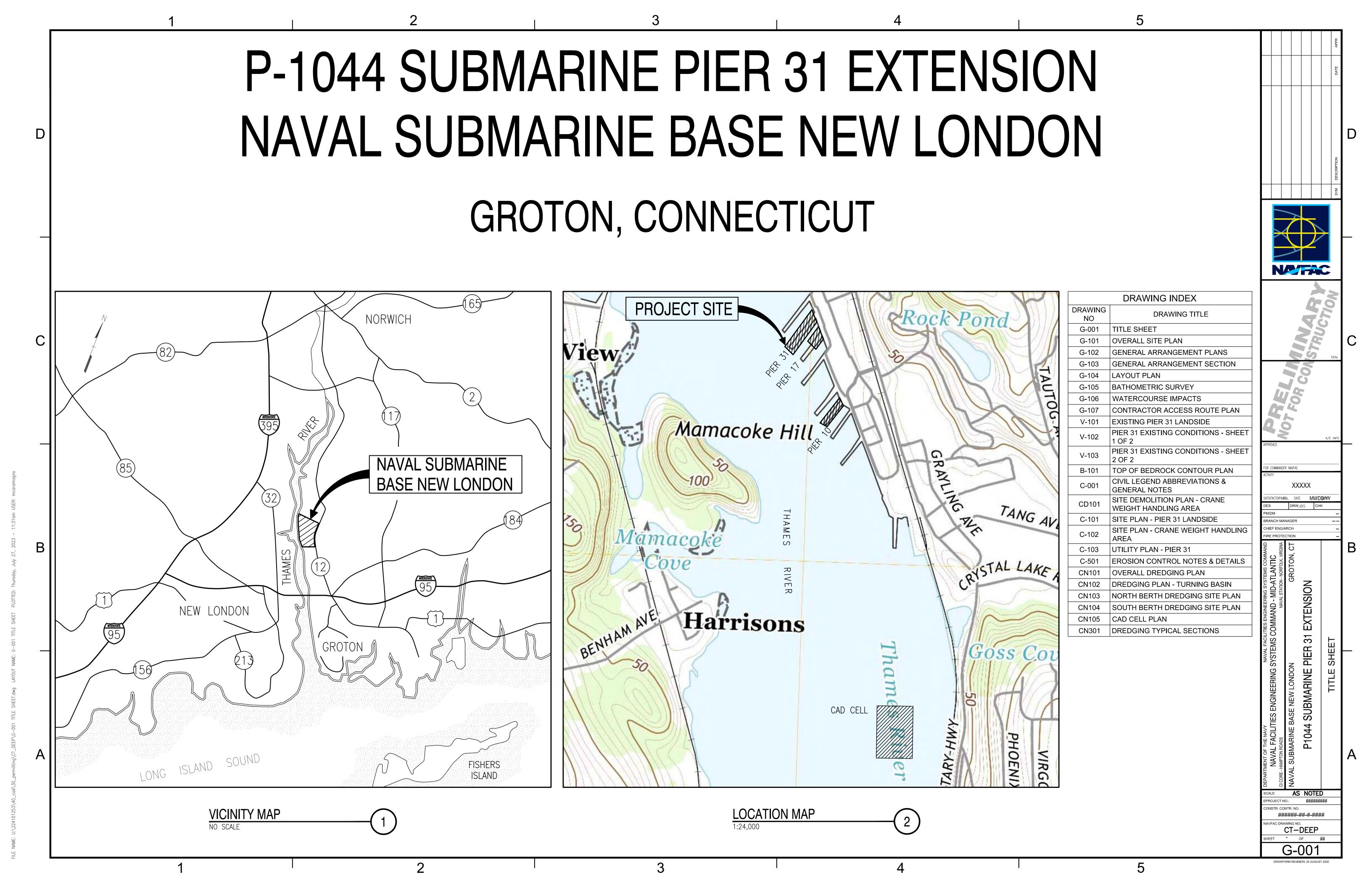
The initial determinations made herein will be reviewed in light of facts submitted in response to this notice. Copies of letters of objection will be forwarded to the applicant who will normally be requested to contact objectors directly in an effort to reach an understanding.

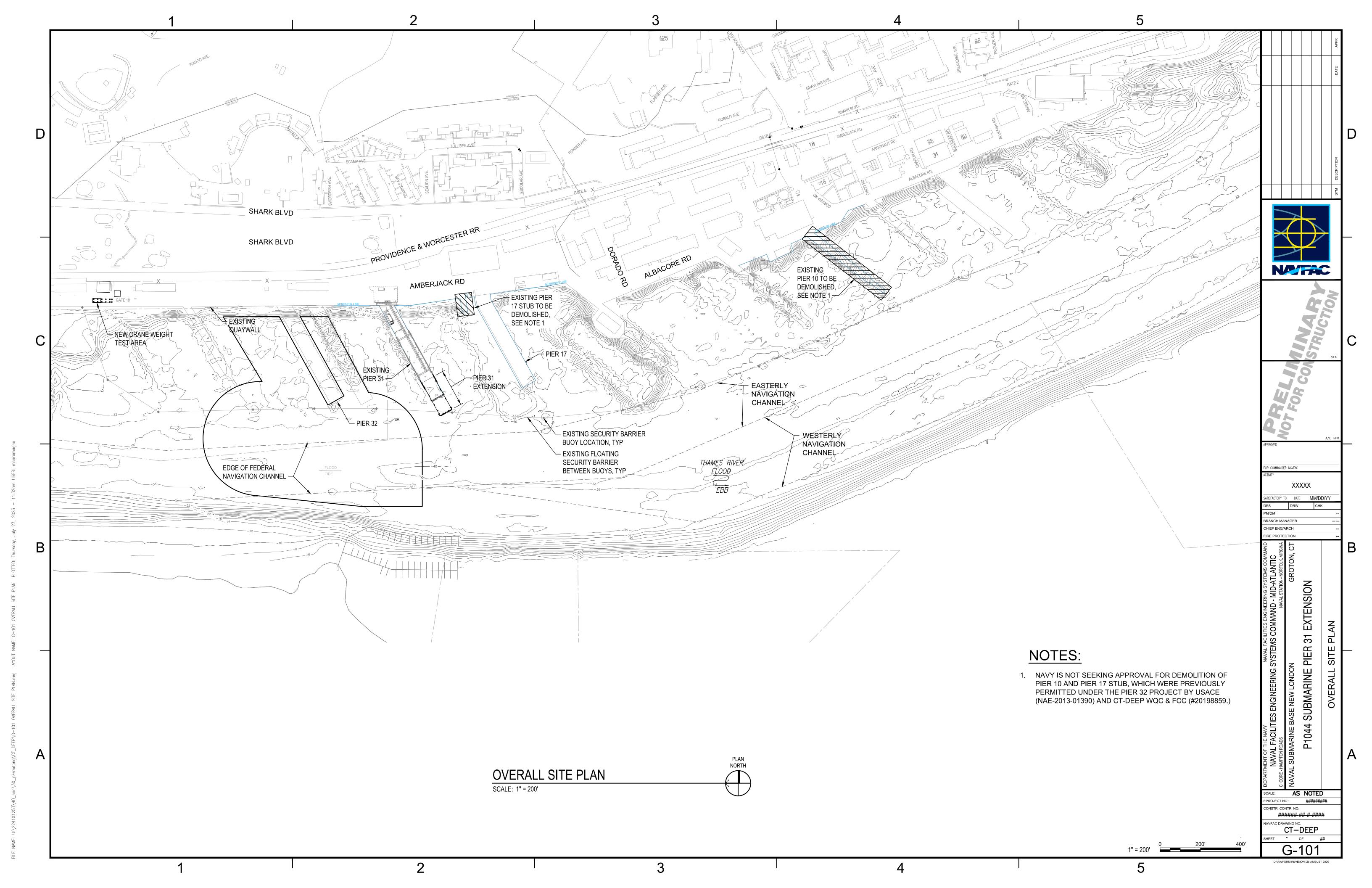
THIS NOTICE IS <u>NOT</u> AN AUTHORIZATION TO DO ANY WORK.

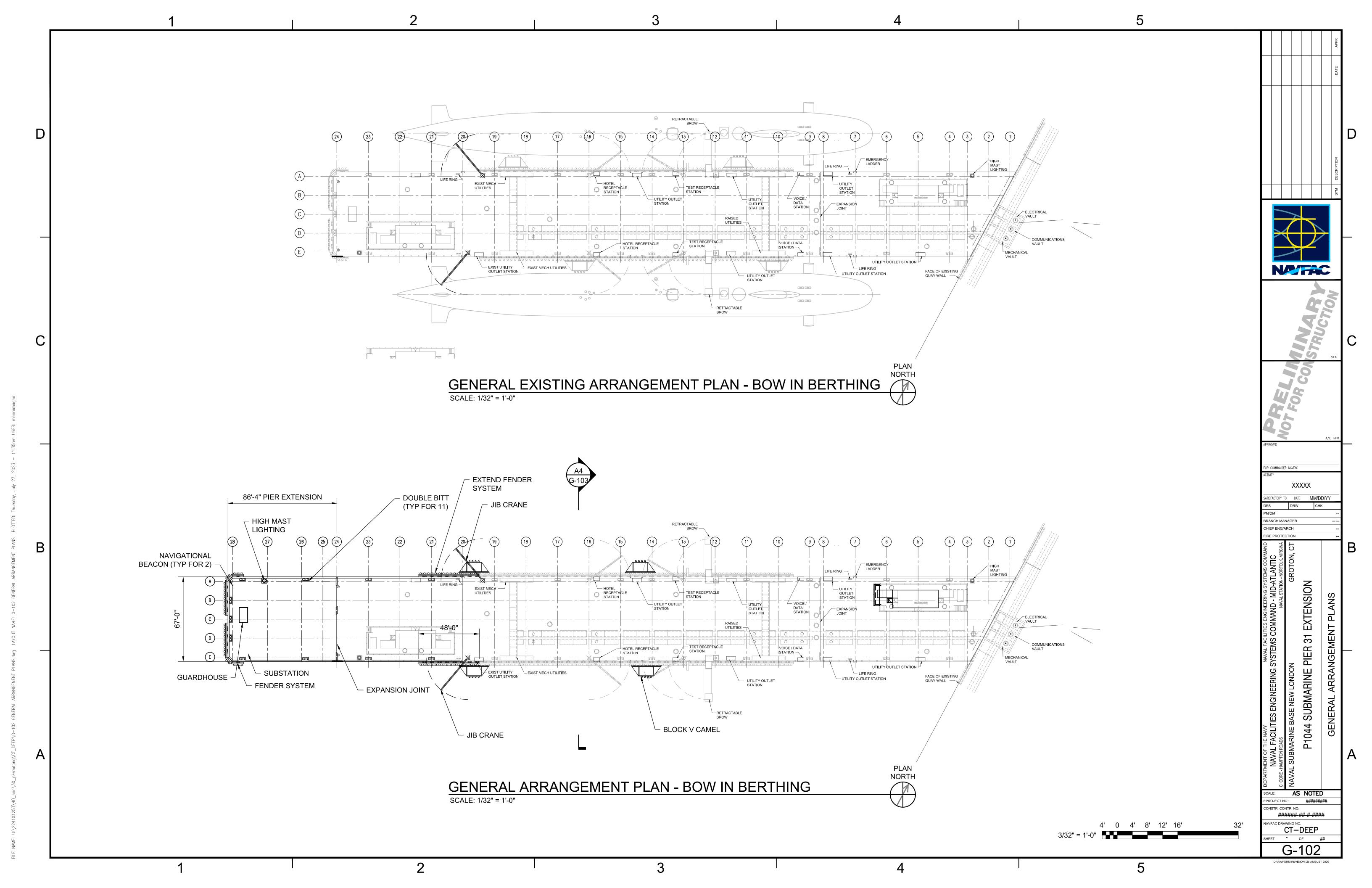
Kevin R Kotelly

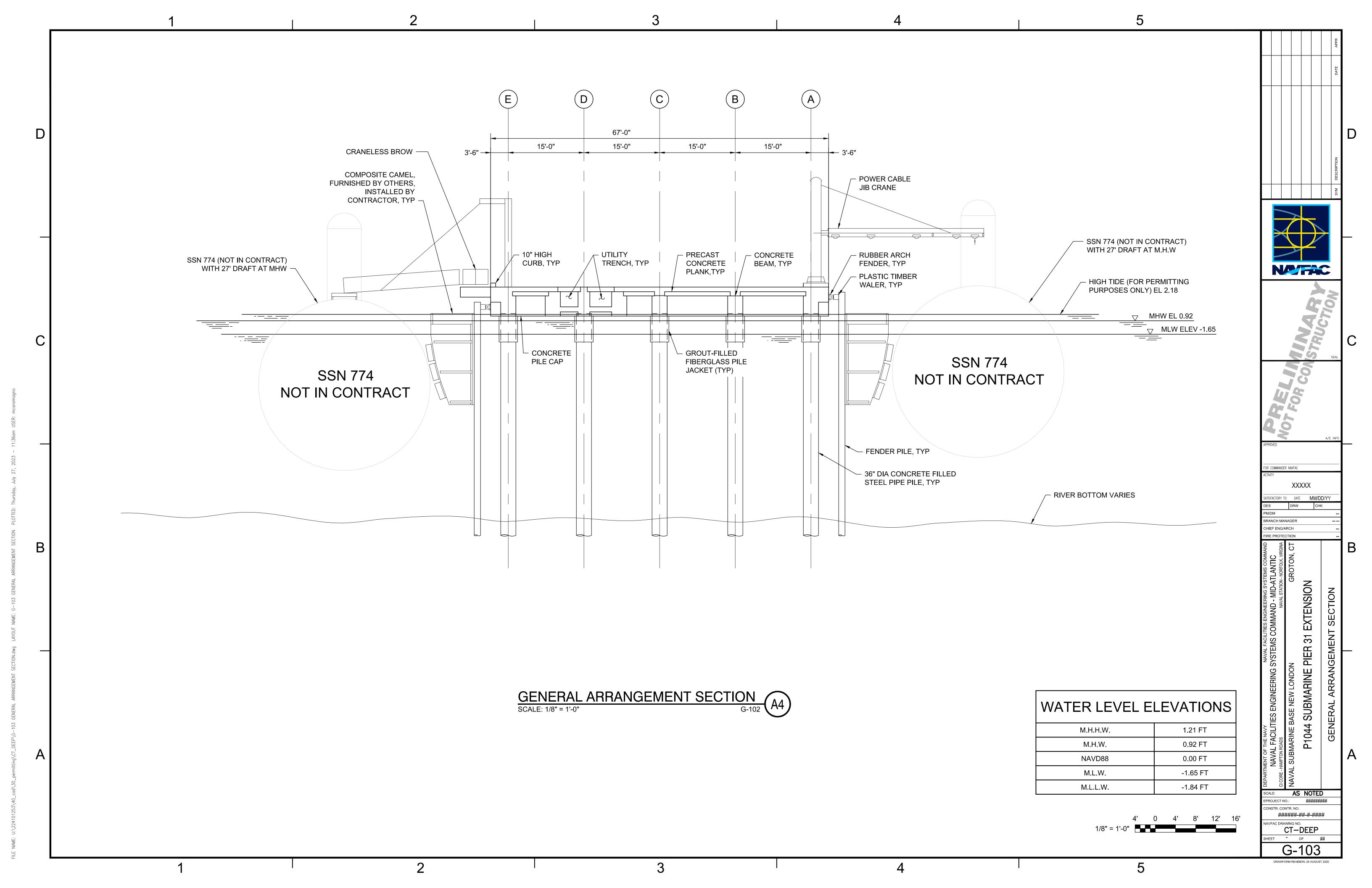
Kevin R. Kotelly Chief, CT/RI Section Regulatory Division

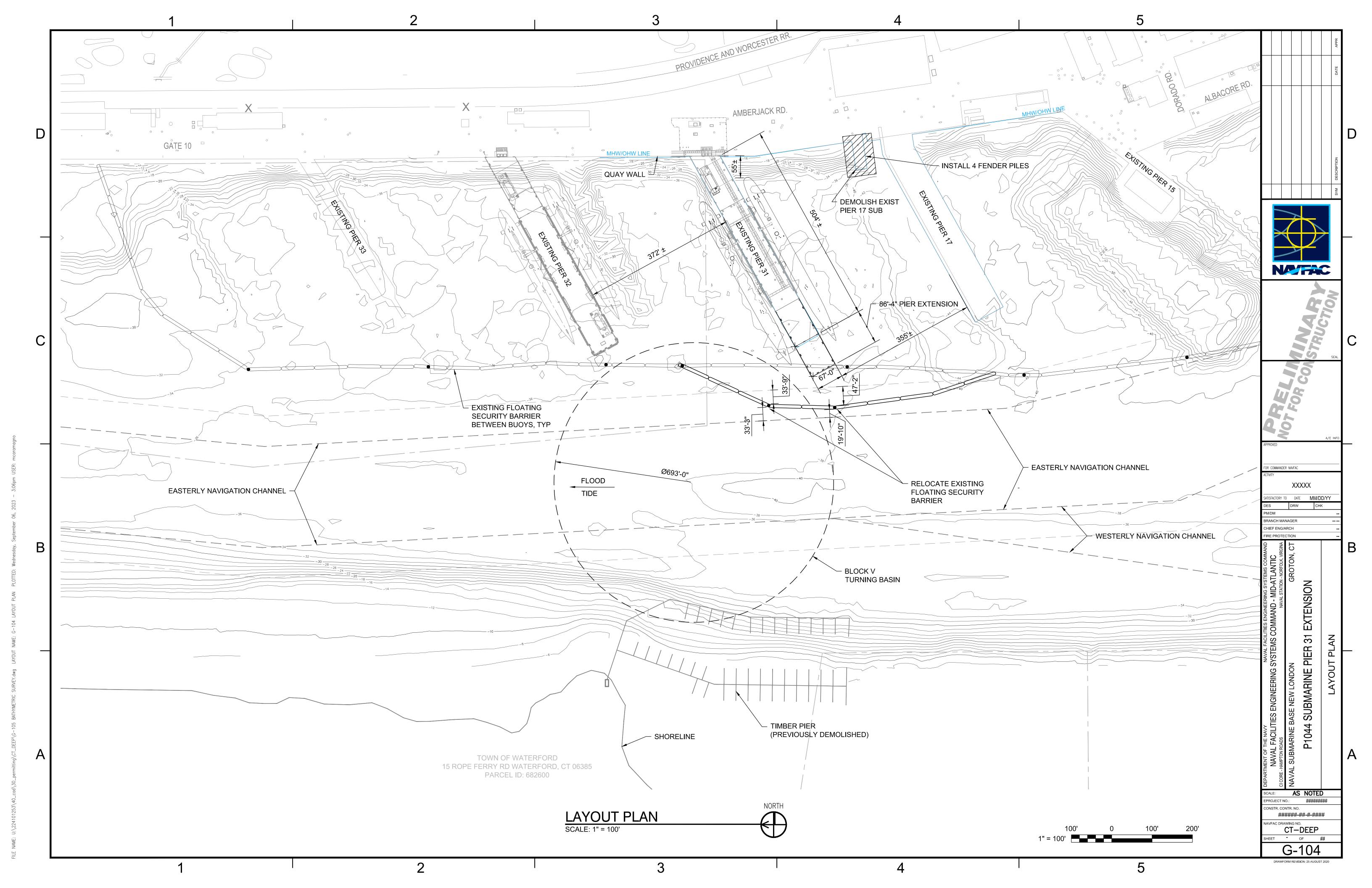
Please contact Ms. Tina Chaisson at bettina.m.chaisson@usace.army.mil or (978) 318-8058 if you would like to be removed from our public notice mailing list.

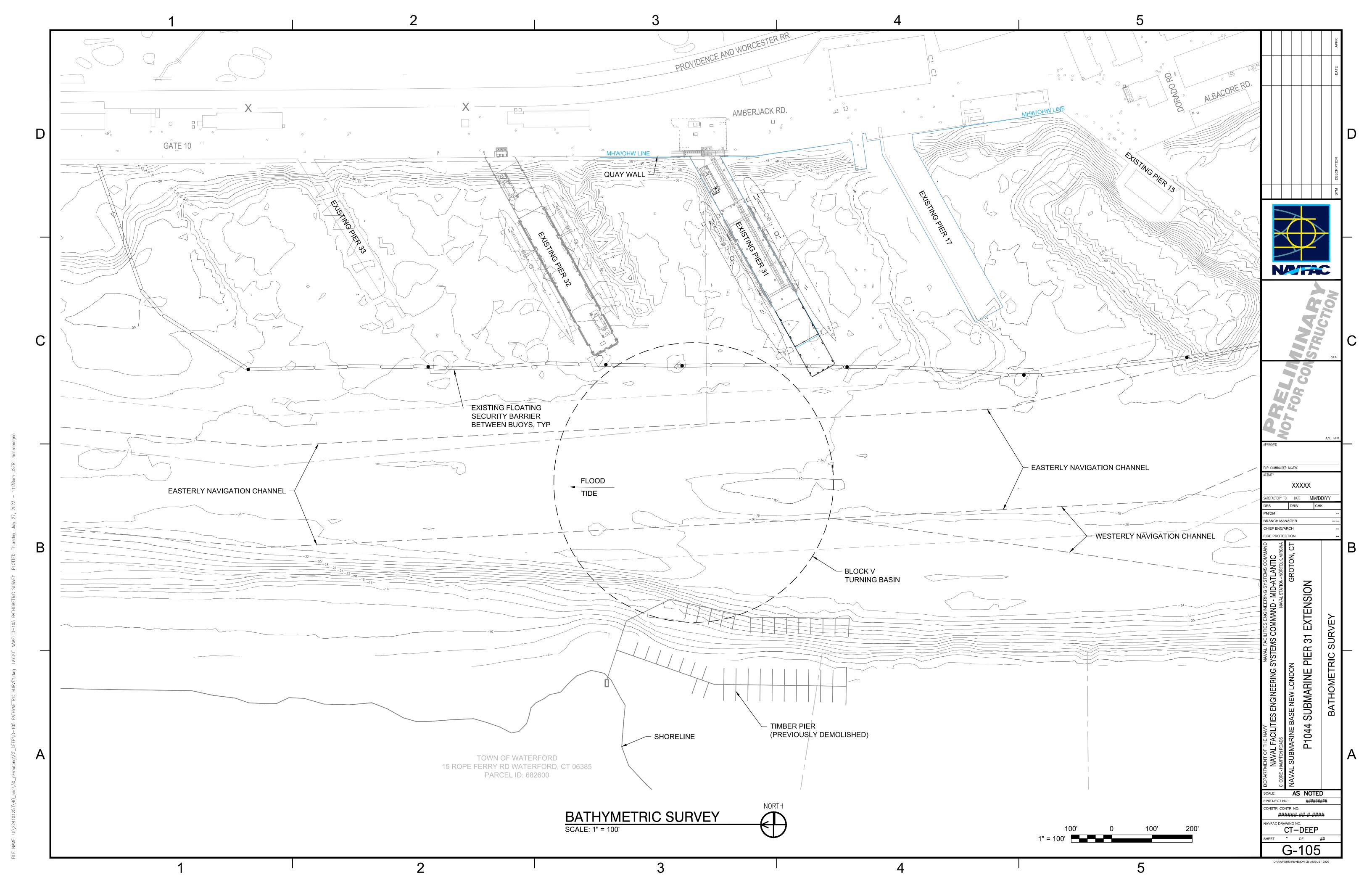


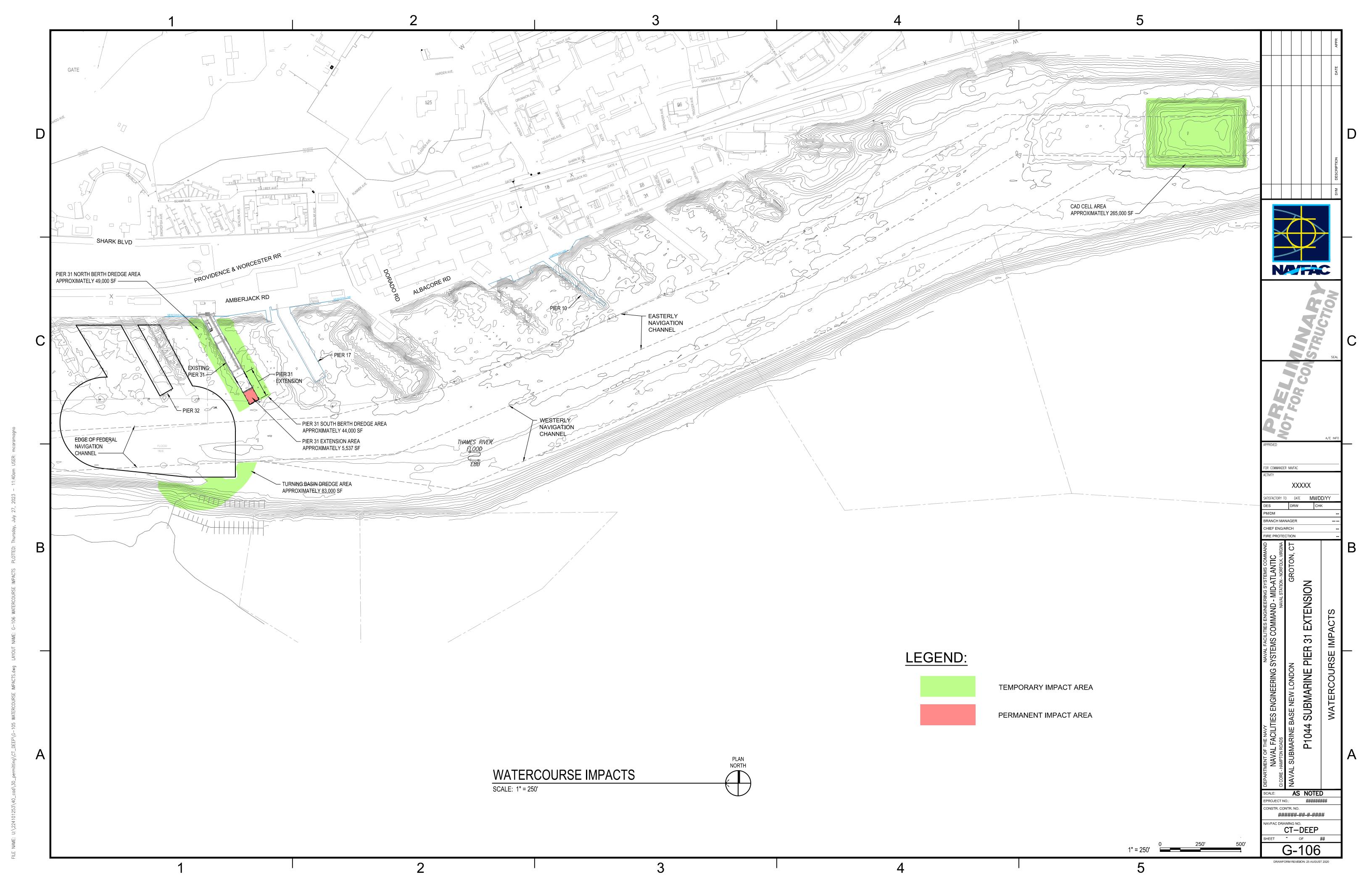


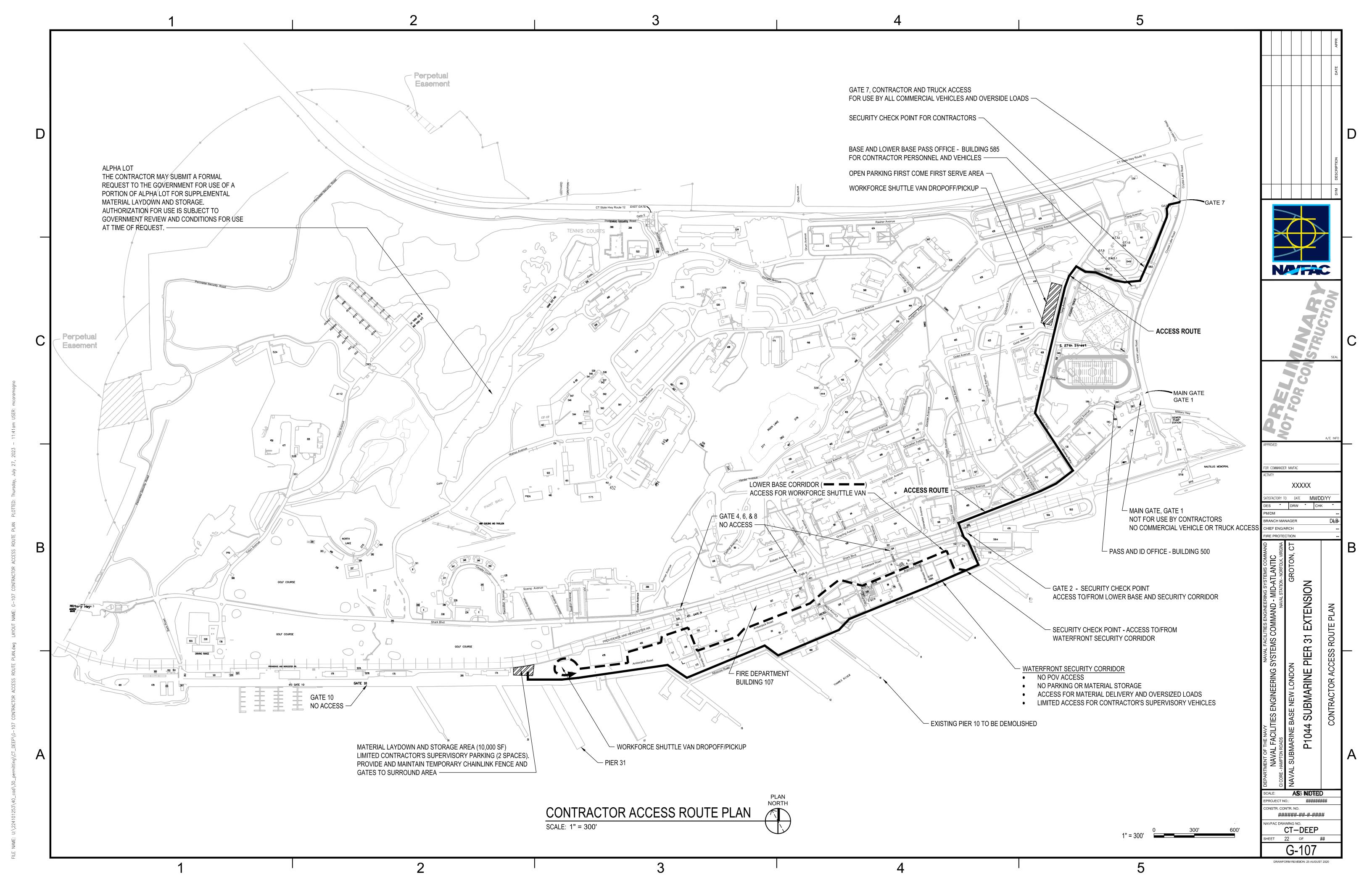


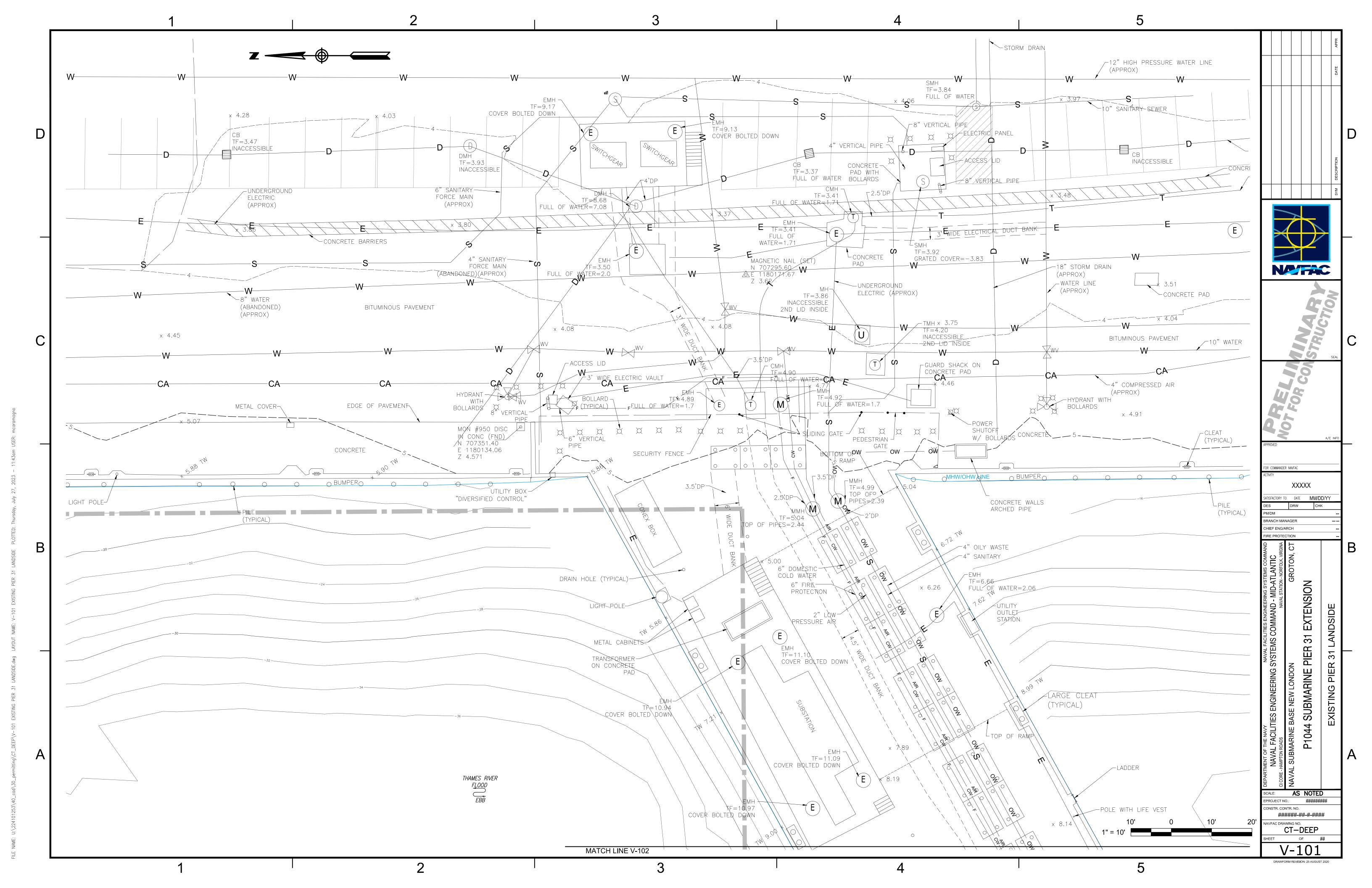


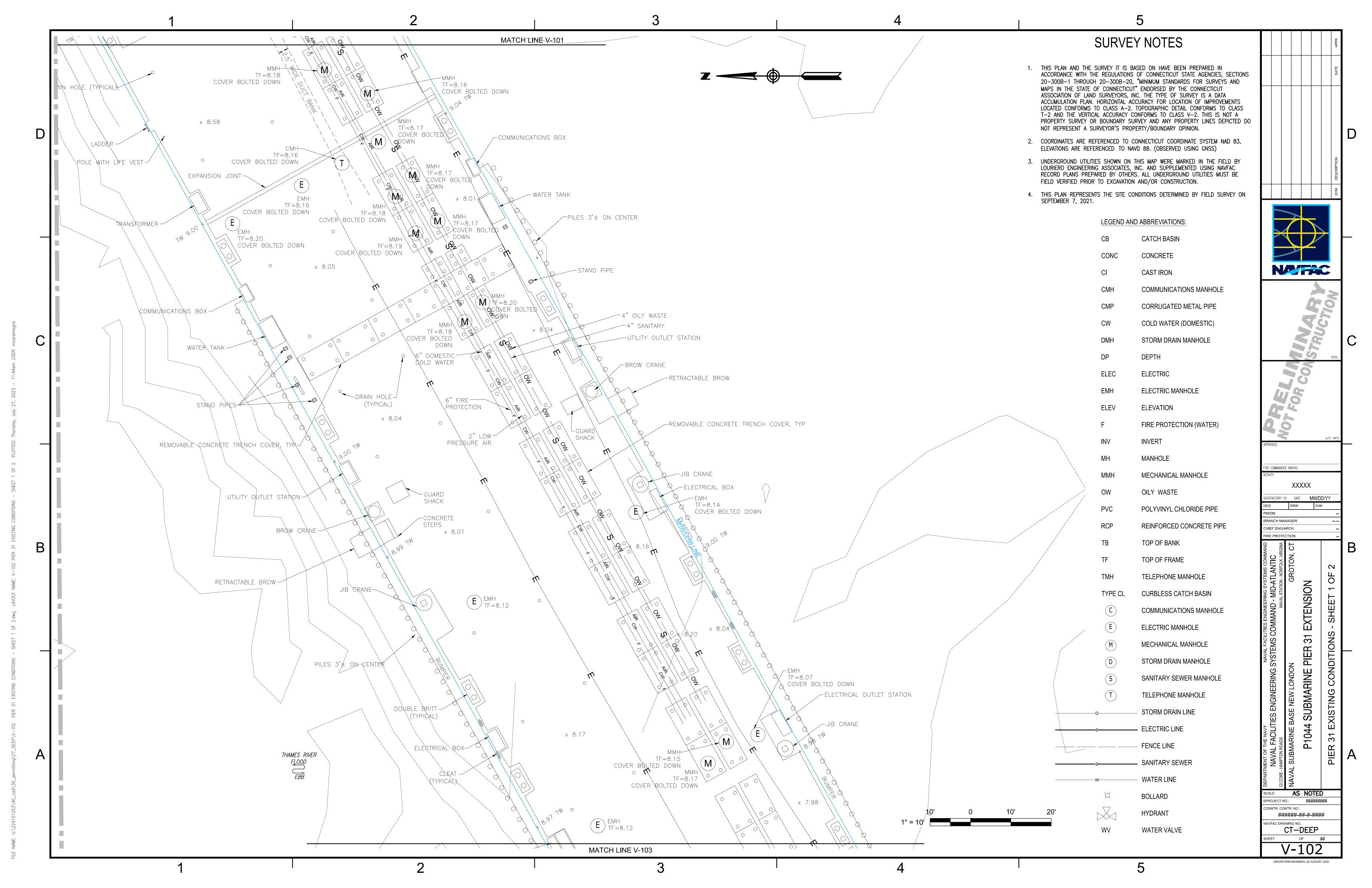














- PROGRAM CONSISTS OF DYNAMIC PILE ANALYSIS (PDA) TESTS AT LOCATIONS AS INDICATED ON THE PILE PLANS. ALL PDA TEST LOCATIONS INDICATED ON THE PILE PLANS AND SCHEDULES SHALL BE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PILE CAPACITIES AND DRIVABILITY AS THE PROJECT PROGRESSES. PDA TEST PILES SHALL BE DRIVEN WITHIN THE FIRST 10% OF PRODUCTION PILES INSTALLED. LOCATION OF TEST PILES MAY BE ADJUSTED SLIGHTLY WITH CONTRACTING OFFICER APPROVAL. PDA TEST PILES SHALL INCLUDE AN ADDITIONAL 10 FT OF PILE LENGTH, DRIVE TEST PILES TO INDICATED TIP ELEVATION AND CAPACITY.
- FOUNDATION TYPE AND LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN ON THE PILE PLANS (DRAWINGS S-103 THROUGH S-105), REFER TO PILE SCHEDULES (DRAWING S-601) FOR PILE CUTOFF AND ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATIONS.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, BENTS 25-28 AT PIER 31 EXTENSION SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY 36"Ø X 5/8" WALL THICKNESS DRIVEN STEEL PIPE PILES. STEEL PIPE PILES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM A252, GRADE 3 (MODIFIED TO 50 KSI MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH). ALL DRIVEN STEEL PIPE PILES SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH AN OUTSIDE-FIT CAST STEEL DRIVING SHOE OR PILE POINT CONFORMING TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM A27. GRADE 65/35. FOR TYPICAL STEEL PIPE PILE DETAILS. SEE DRAWING S-501.
- STEEL PIPE PILES SHALL BE DRIVEN TO THE MINIMUM TIP ELEVATIONS AND ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITIES INDICATED ON THE PLANS, USING AN APPROVED HAMMER, WITH A CAPACITY AT LEAST EQUAL TO THE HAMMER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE TOTAL WEIGHT OF PILE AND THE CHARACTER OF THE SUBSURFACE MATERIAL TO BE ENCOUNTERED.
- 5. PILE SERVICE (ALLOWABLE) CAPACITIES:
- 5.1. 36" STEEL PIPE PILES CAPACITY 343 TONS (COMPRESSION), 0 TONS (TENSION)
- PILE FACTORED (ULTIMATE) CAPACITIES:
- 6.1. 36" STEEL PIPE PILES CAPACITY 772 TONS (COMPRESSION), 0 TONS (TENSION)
- PILE TIP ELEVATION REQUIRED FOR LATERAL STABILITY:
- 7.1. 36" STEEL PIPE PILES CAPACITY EL. -123 (NAVD88)
- SPUDDING AND/OR JETTING OF STEEL PIPE PILES WILL NOT BE ALLOWED.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE STEEL PIPE PILE DRIVING SCHEDULE SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH OR BE DETRIMENTAL TO ADJACENT CONCRETE PLACEMENT AND CURING OPERATIONS.
- 10. EPOXY COAT ENTIRE STEEL PIPE PILES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATION SECTION 09 97 13.26 "COATING OF STEEL WATERFRONT STRUCTURES."
- 11. FOR THE PURPOSE OF BIDDING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ANTICIPATE ENCOUNTERING OBSTRUCTIONS (2 TOTAL PILES) DURING DRIVING OF THE STEEL PIPE PILES FOR PIER 31 EXTENSION, IF OBSTRUCTIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING PILE DRIVING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL
- 11.1. NOTIFY THE CONTRACTING OFFICER IMMEDIATELY OF THE DEPTH AND APPARENT SIZE OF THE OBSTRUCTION.
- 11.2. OBTAIN APPROVAL OF THE CONTRACTING OFFICER THAT THE CONTRACTOR HAS ENCOUNTERED AN OBSTRUCTION.

GENERAL NOTES (CONTINUED):

- 12. FOLLOWING ARE SUGGESTED ALTERNATIVES FOR MITIGATING OBSTRUCTIONS ENCOUNTERED DURING DRIVING OF THE PIER 31 EXTESNSION STEEL PIPE PILES. NOTE THAT THE CONTRACTOR MAY ALSO SUBMIT ALTERNATE METHODS FOR MITIGATING OBSTRUCTIONS FOR APPROVAL BY THE CONTRACTING OFFICER, PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED TO PERFORM ANY AND ALL OBSTRUCTION MITIGATION MEASURES MUST BE AVAILABLE TO BE ON-SITE WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION. THE FOLLOWING ITEMS ARE CONSIDERED AS PART OF CONTRACT LINE ITEM (CLIN) 0001A AS DESCRIBED IN SPECIFICATION SECTION 00 22 13.00 20 "SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.
- 12.1. IF THE DRIVEN STEEL PIPE PILE REACHES THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION SHOWN ON THE PROJECT DRAWINGS WHILE ALSO ACHIEVING THE REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY, THE PILE WOULD BE CONSIDERED ACCEPTABLE.
- 12.2. IF THE DRIVEN STEEL PIPE PILE ENCOUNTERS AN OBSTRUCTION BELOW EL -123.0 (NAVD88) AND THE CONTRACTING OFFICER DETERMINES THAT THE OBSTRUCTION IS LOCATED WITHIN THE DENSE GLACIAL DEPOSITS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM ADDITIONAL PDA TESTING TO DETERMINE THE ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY OF THE PILE (USING A CAPWAP ANALYSIS) AND IF THE PILE WAS DAMAGED DURING INSTALLATION. THE PDA REPORT AND CAPWAP ANALYSIS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTING OFFICER WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION. RESULTS OF THE CAPWAP ANALYSIS WILL BE COMPARED VERSUS THE REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY OF THE SPECIFIC PILE ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION. IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT THE PILE WAS DAMAGED DURING INSTALLATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND REPLACE THE PILE AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE GOVERNMENT. IF THE PILE HAS NOT BEEN DAMAGED, IS OF SUITABLE DEPTH, AND HAS ACHIEVED THE REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY, THE PILE WOULD BE CONSIDERED ACCEPTABLE
- 12.3. IF THE DRIVEN STEEL PIPE PILE ENCOUNTERS AN OBSTRUCTION BELOW EL -123.0 (NAVD88), BUT THE REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY IS NOT ACHIEVED (AS DETERMINED THROUGH INITIAL ADDITIONAL PDA TESTING), POSSIBLE CONTRACTOR OPTIONS TO MITIGATE THE OBSTRUCTION INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
- 12.3.1. RE-STRIKE THE PILE AND PERFORM FURTHER ADDITIONAL PDA TESTING (WITH CAPWAP ANALYSIS) TO DETERMINE IF THE PILE IS ABLE TO ACHIEVE THE REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY THROUGH SETUP OF THE UNDERLYING SOILS.
- 12.3.2. PERFORM FURTHER ADDITIONAL PDA TESTING (WITH CAPWAP ANALYSIS) TO DETERMINE THE ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY OF BOTH THE PILE ENCOUNTERING AN OBSTRUCTION AND THE TWO (2) ADJACENT PILES IN THE BENT CAP. THE CONTRACTING OFFICER WILL UTILIZE THIS INFORMATION TO DETERMINE IF THE BENT CAP CAN STRUCTURALLY ACCOMMODATE A LOWER CAPACITY PILE AT THE OBSTRUCTION LOCATION.
- 12.3.3. PROBE THE LIMITS OF THE OBSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE IF THE STEEL PIPE PILE CAN BE PULLED, OFFSET ALONG THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE BENT CAP, AND RE-DRIVEN TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY, THE CONTRACTING OFFICER WILL UTILIZE THE REQUIRED OFFSET INFORMATION TO DETERMINE IF THE BENT CAP AND PILES CAN ACCOMMODATE RELOCATION TO AVOID THE OBSTRUCTION. AT THE CONTRACTOR'S OPTION, THE PILE ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION MAY BE ABANDONED IN PLACE AND A NEW STEEL PIPE PILE INSTALLED AT THE REQUIRED OFFSET LOCATION AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE GOVERNMENT.
- 12.3.4. PROBE THE LIMITS OF THE OBSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE IF THE STEEL PIPE PILE CAN BE PULLED, OFFSET ALONG THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE BEAM, AND RE-DRIVEN TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY. THE CONTRACTING OFFICER WILL UTILIZE THE REQUIRED OFFSET INFORMATION TO DETERMINE IF THE BENT CAP, BEAM, AND PILES CAN ACCOMMODATE RELOCATION TO AVOID THE OBSTRUCTION, NOTE OPTION WILL REQUIRE MODIFICATIONS TO THE BEAM WIDTH IN ORDER TO FULLY ENCAPSULATE THE 36"Ø STEEL PIPE THE BEAM WHILE MAINTAINING 6" CLEAR FROM THE EDGE OF PILE TO EDGE OF BEAM, AT THE CONTRACTOR'S OPTION, THE PILE ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION MAY BE ABANDONED IN PLACE AND A NEW STEEL PIPE PILE INSTALLED AT THE REQUIRED OFFSET LOCATION AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE GOVERNMENT
- 12.3.5 PROBE THE LIMITS OF THE OBSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE IF THE STEEL PIPE PILE CAN BE PULLED AND RE-DRIVEN AT A SLIGHT BATTER (NOT MORE THAN 1" PER FOOT) TO AVOID THE OBSTRUCTION. PILES SHALL BE BATTERED PERPENDICULAR TO THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE BENT CAP AND RE-DRIVEN TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY.
- 12.3.6. USE A DTH HAMMER TO DRILL THROUGH THE OBSTRUCTION AND ATTEMPT TO RE-DRIVE THE PILE THROUGH THE OBSTRUCTION TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY.
- 12.4. IF THE DRIVEN STEEL PIPE PILE ENCOUNTERS AN OBSTRUCTION ABOVE EL -123.0 (NAVD88), POSSIBLE CONTRACTOR OPTIONS TO MITIGATE THE OBSTRUCTION INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:
- 12.4.1. IF THE OBSTRUCTION IS DETERMINED TO BE RELATIVELY CLOSE TO THE APPROXIMATE MUDLINE ELEVATION, PULL THE PILE, ATTEMPT TO EXTRACT THE OBSTRUCTION BY MEANS AND METHODS DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR. AND RE-DRIVE THE PILE TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY.
- 12.4.2. PROBE THE LIMITS OF THE OBSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE IF THE STEEL PIPE PILE CAN BE PULLED, OFFSET ALONG THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE BENT CAP, AND RE-DRIVEN TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY. THE CONTRACTING OFFICER WILL UTILIZE THE REQUIRED OFFSET INFORMATION TO DETERMINE IF THE BENT CAP AND PILES CAN ACCOMMODATE RELOCATION TO AVOID THE OBSTRUCTION. AT THE CONTRACTOR'S OPTION, THE PILE ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION MAY BE ABANDONED IN PLACE AND A NEW STEEL PIPE PILE INSTALLED AT THE REQUIRED OFFSET LOCATION AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE GOVERNMENT.
- 12.4.3. PROBE THE LIMITS OF THE OBSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE IF THE STEEL PIPE PILE CAN BE PULLED, OFFSET ALONG THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE BEAM, AND RE-DRIVEN TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY. THE CONTRACTING OFFICER WILL UTILIZE THE REQUIRED OFFSET INFORMATION TO DETERMINE IF THE BENT CAP, BEAM, AND PILES CAN ACCOMMODATE RELOCATION TO AVOID THE OBSTRUCTION. NOTE THAT THIS OPTION WILL REQUIRE MODIFICATIONS TO THE BEAM WIDTH IN ORDER TO FULLY ENCAPSULATE THE 36"Ø STEEL PIPE PILE WITHIN THE BEAM WHILE MAINTAINING 6" CLEAR FROM THE EDGE OF PILE TO EDGE OF BEAM, AT THE CONTRACTOR'S OPTION, THE PILE ENCOUNTERING THE OBSTRUCTION MAY BE ABANDONED IN PLACE AND A NEW STEEL PIPE PILE INSTALLED AT THE REQUIRED OFFSET LOCATION AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE GOVERNMENT.
- 12.4.4. PROBE THE LIMITS OF THE OBSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE IF THE STEEL PIPE PILE CAN BE PULLED AND RE-DRIVEN AT A SLIGHT BATTER (NOT MORE THAN 1" PER FOOT) TO AVOID THE OBSTRUCTION. PILES SHALL BE BATTERED PERPENDICULAR TO THE LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE BENT CAP AND RE-DRIVEN TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY.
- 12.4.5. USE A DTH HAMMER TO DRILL THROUGH THE OBSTRUCTION AND ATTEMPT TO RE-DRIVE THE PILE THROUGH THE OBSTRUCTION TO THE ESTIMATED PILE TIP ELEVATION AND REQUIRED ULTIMATE VERTICAL CAPACITY.



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XXXXX TISFACTORY TO DATE MM/DD/YY

DRW RANCH MANAGER

HIEF ENG/ARCH IRE PROTECTION

044 AS NOTED ########### ONSTR. CONTR. NO.

######-##-#-#### VEAC DRAWING NO. CT-DEEP _____OF ## B-101

