



US Army Corps
of Engineers®
New England District

PUBLIC NOTICE

Subject:
New England District Regulatory
ESA Local Operating Procedures

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New England District Regulatory Division Local Operating Procedures for Applicants Regarding Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers New England District Regulatory Division (NAE) is issuing this public notice to provide local operating procedures related to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) for applicants seeking authorization for work in Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, and Maine.

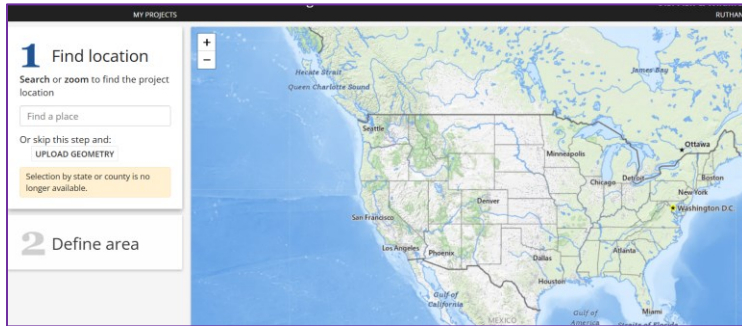
Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA requires every federal agency to ensure that any action it authorizes, funds, or carries out is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any listed species or results in the destruction or adverse modification of critical habitat designated by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and/or the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). Section 7(a)(4) of the ESA requires federal agencies to confer with USFWS or NMFS on any action that is likely to jeopardize the continued existence of proposed species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of proposed critical habitat.

This ESA local operating procedures document is a living document that will be updated or amended as needed. Applicants should continue to view NAE's website periodically for updates to these procedures.

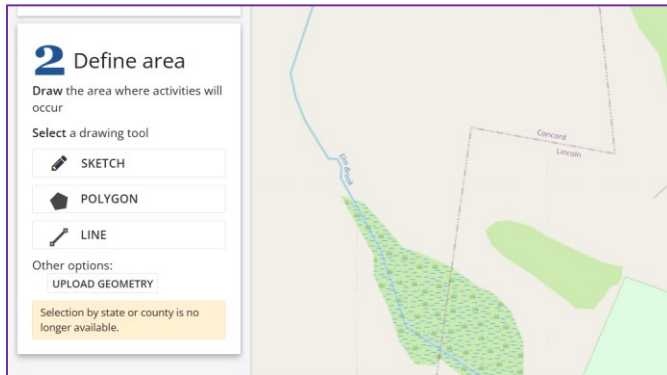
I. Lists of Species in Your Project's Action Area

A. USFWS species- To determine if any federally listed or proposed species, or proposed or designated critical habitat under the jurisdiction of the USFWS may be present in the project's action area, applicants should obtain an official species list (OSL) from the USFWS' Information Planning and Consultation (IPaC) website: <https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/>. Applicants will need to create an account in IPaC to obtain an official species list (OSL).

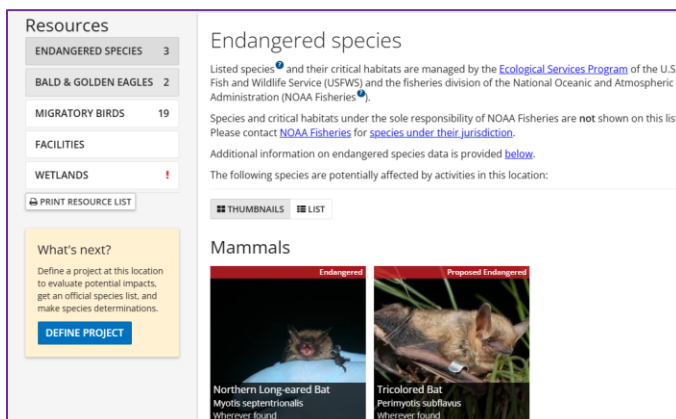
1. Log into IPaC. Click “create new project” or “get started”. “Find location”- Type in the address, zoom in on a map, or upload a file for multiple sites.



2. “Define area”- Use the sketch, polygon, or line drawing tool.



3. “Confirm”- Click “continue.” Then click “define project” in the bottom left corner of the screen.



4. “Define project”: Type in the project name and project description and click “save.”

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Define project" with a sub-header "LOCAL OFFICE: NEW ENGLAND ESFO" and a "CHANGE LOCATION" link. Below the title is a brief instruction: "Define a project at this location to evaluate potential impacts, get an official species list, and make species determinations." There are two input fields: "Project name" and "Project description" (with a note "Describe the location, size, scope, and timing of this project." and an "OPTIONAL" label). At the bottom are "SAVE" and "CANCEL" buttons.

5. Click “start review.”

The screenshot shows a page titled "Test Project for ESA Guidance" with a "What's next?" sidebar. The main content area shows a map of Middlesex County, Massachusetts, with a blue highlighted area. Below the map is the text "LOCATION Middlesex County, Massachusetts". The sidebar contains two sections: "ESA REVIEW" with a "START REVIEW" button and "SPECIES LIST" with a "Start Review" button.

6. Click “continue” at the bottom left of the page.

The screenshot shows a page titled "Endangered Species Act Review" with a sub-header "Step-by-step consultation process". Below the title is a paragraph: "The Endangered Species Act (ESA) Review in IPaC is a streamlined, step-by-step consultation process. The steps below prepare you for consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service or provide official documentation if consultation is not necessary." There are four numbered steps: 1. Request an official species list, 2. Evaluate determination keys, 3. Evaluate effects to remaining species through the Consultation Package Builder, and 4. Finalize your consultation package. At the bottom left is a "CONTINUE" button.

7. Click “yes, request a species list.”

Endangered Species Act Review

◀ BACK EXIT REVIEW

1 Request an official species list — 2 Evaluate Determination Keys — 3 Analyze project (optional) — 4 Download documentation

Step 1: Request an official species list

An official species list is a letter from the local U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service field office that assists in the evaluation of potential impacts of your project. It includes a list of species that should be considered under [Section 7](#) of the Endangered Species Act, a project tracking number, and other pertinent information from the field office.

Does this project require an official species list?

Federal agencies are required to “request of the Secretary of Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action” ([Section 7](#) of the Endangered Species Act).

This requirement applies to projects that are conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency.

NOTE: Generating an official species list does not start the consultation clock for a project.

YES, REQUEST A SPECIES LIST SKIP / DOES NOT APPLY

8. “Does this project require an official species list?”- Click yes. “Is this project being conducted, permitted, funded or licensed by a federal agency?”- Click yes.

Does this project require an official species list?

Yes, request a species list

CHANGE ANSWER

Upon submitting this form, IPaC will provide a letter from the local U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service office containing a species list that fulfills the requirement listed above, a project tracking number, as well as other pertinent information from the local office.

The following information will be submitted to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and will be part of the public record. All fields are required unless otherwise noted.

Tell us about the project and your organization or agency

Is this project being conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by a Federal agency?

Yes

No

SUBMIT OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST REQUEST

I understand that I am providing this information so an official species list can be generated, based on data provided by my local U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service office for the project area that I entered.

The following authorizes the collection of the above information (5 U.S.C. 301; the Federal Records Act, 44 U.S.C. 3101; Homeland Security Act of 2002; Public Law 107-296, 6 U.S.C. 121; and Executive Order 9373) and will be maintained in accordance with the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a).


9. “Does your project fall under (or receive funding through) any of the following special project authorities?”- You will choose “none” for most projects.

Does your project fall under (or receive funding through) any of the following special project authorities? (select all that apply)

- FAST-41
- BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW (BIL) (OTHER)
- INFLATION REDUCTION ACT (IRA) (OTHER)
- BLM OIL AND GAS PROGRAM (SECTION 365)
- BLM RENEWABLE ENERGY PROGRAM (SECTION 3102)
- U.S. DOI ORPHANED WELL (BIL40601)
- FOREST SERVICE WILDFIRE (BIL 40803/40804)
- DOI WILDFIRE (BIL 40803)
- FEDERAL PERMITTING IMPROVEMENT STEERING COUNCIL (FPISC) TRANSPARENCY PROJECT
- IRA (SECTION 50303)
- EMERGENCY CONSULTATION
- NONE


10. “What kind of organization are you working for directly?”- Use the drop-down menu.

What kind of organization are you working for directly?

Please select... 

11. “What is your role in this project?”- Use the drop-down menu. For most people the answer will be “applicant” or “consultant.”

What is your role in this project?

Please select... 

12. “What kind of organization is the lead agency for this project?”- Choose “federal agency.”

“Who is the lead agency?”- You should typically choose “Army Corps of Engineers.”

However, if another federal agency is authorizing or funding the proposed activity (i.e. FEMA, FERC, etc.), contact NAE as soon as possible as the lead federal agency designation needs to be determined early in the project review to eliminate duplication of effort.

Tell us about the lead agency for the project

What kind of organization is the lead agency for this project?

Federal Agency

Who is the lead agency?

Army Corps of Engineers

13. “Enter your work contact information”- This is optional. “Enter the contact information for the lead agency”- This is optional. If a USACE project manager has already been assigned to this project, you can enter their contact information.

14. “Enter your project information”- The “project name” and “project description” should already be filled in. “Select your project type”- You must use the drop-down menu. The choices are in alphabetical order but not all are shown. If you need to go further down in the alphabet, choose “display additional results...” If the project type is not listed, select the closest match.

Select your project type

Select the broad category or “purpose” for doing the work (e.g., housing, transportation, etc.) that is most applicable to your project. Details about on-the-ground activities should be provided in the project description box.

Type a project name or category to match against REQUIRED

Industry Category: National Security / Military

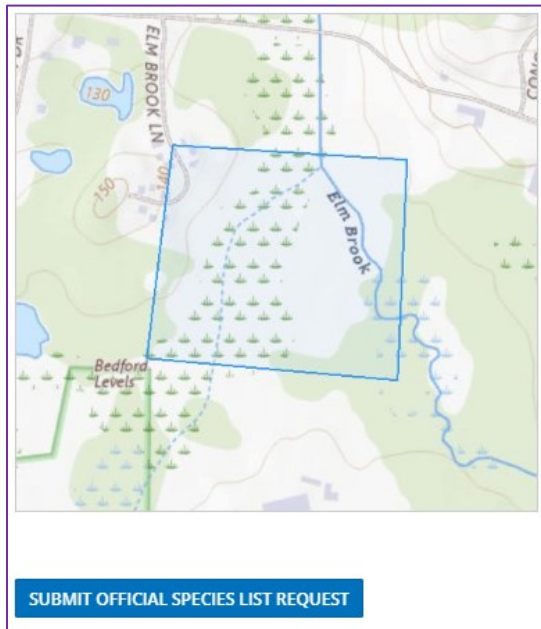
Military Operations
Category: Military
Industry Category: National Security / Military

Mine Closure
Category: Mining (except Oil and Gas)
Industry Category: Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction

Mitigation Development/Review - In-Lieu Fee Program
Category: Species Recovery
Industry Category: Species Management / Recovery

Display additional results...

15. Click “submit official species list request.”



16. It may take a few minutes for the official species list to appear. Wait to see “species list request complete” on the screen. Click on “Species List: New England Ecological Services Field Office” or “Species List: Maine Ecological Services Field Office” to access the official species list.

Step 1: Request an official species list

An official species list is a letter from the local U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service field office that assists in the evaluation of potential impacts of your project. It includes a list of species that should be considered under [Section 7](#) of the Endangered Species Act, a project tracking number, and other pertinent information from the field office.

✔ Species list request complete
This species list was generated [about a minute ago](#). Species lists are considered valid for 90 days.

An official species list has been generated for the following office.

[Species List: New England Ecological Services Field Office](#)

This document is also available on the [Documents](#) page.

B. NMFS species- In order to find out which federally listed or proposed species and designated or proposed critical habitat managed by NMFS might occur in the project’s action area, access NMFS’ Greater Atlantic Regional Field Office (GARFO) website here: <https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/resource/map/greater-atlantic-region-esa-section-7-mapper>

1. Click “Launch the ESA Section 7 Mapper.”

The Greater Atlantic Region ESA Section 7 Mapper

We created an online application, the Section 7 Mapper, to assist federal action agencies in identifying the ESA-listed species and critical habitat in their project action area.

Map | New England/Mid-Atlantic

Within the Section 7 Mapper, we have included data layers that represent our best estimate of the spatial and temporal range of listed species' life stages, behaviors, and critical habitat in our region.

Use of this app does NOT replace the section 7 consultation process.

We are providing the Section 7 Mapper as a technical assistance tool and as a first step in determining if a proposed federal action overlaps with listed species or critical habitat.

We have published several documents to support the mapper. These include:

- A [User Guide](#) for the Section 7 Mapper (PDF, 24 pages).
- [Metadata](#) describing the Section 7 Consultation Area geodatabase, which informs the mapper (PDF, 84 pages) (last updated August 2022).

More Information

- > [Launch the ESA Section 7 Mapper](#) (last updated February 2026)
- > [Section 7: Species/Critical Habitat Information & Maps for the Greater Atlantic...](#)
- > [Section 7 Consultations in the Greater Atlantic Region](#)

2. Click “OK” in the bottom right corner of the splash screen.

Welcome to the ESA Section 7 Mapper

version 3

The NOAA Fisheries Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office (GARFO) Protected Resources Division is providing this mapping application to aid Federal action agencies in their section 7 consultation responsibilities under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). Using these data layers, action agencies can better determine whether the activities they plan to authorize, fund, or carry out may affect ESA-listed species or designated critical habitat within the Greater Atlantic Region.

To get started, click the **More Information** icon in the upper right to learn how to use this application.

Due to data limitations, if your project is outside of a major waterway (e.g., in a very small tributary, or shallow areas near a marsh), the polygons representing our Consultation Areas may lack the spatial resolution to capture your action area.

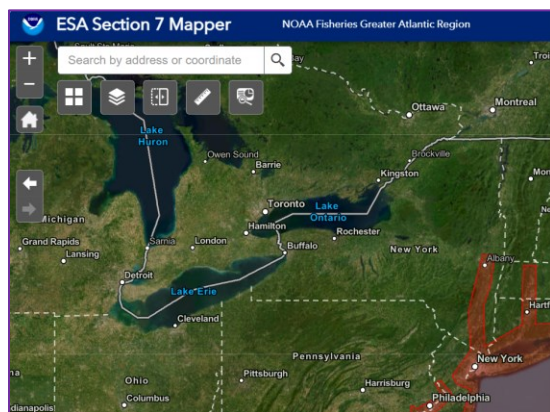
This application is not a substitute for consultation; it is a tool to aid action agencies in determining the need for consultation and to streamline the incorporation of species and critical habitat information into action agencies' Biological Assessments. At any point during your analysis, you may contact the GARFO Section 7 team for technical assistance.

Regular updates to the Consultation Areas will be made as new spatial and temporal data from peer-reviewed literature, research reports, and field observations become available. If you have questions or new information to share, please [Contact Us](#).

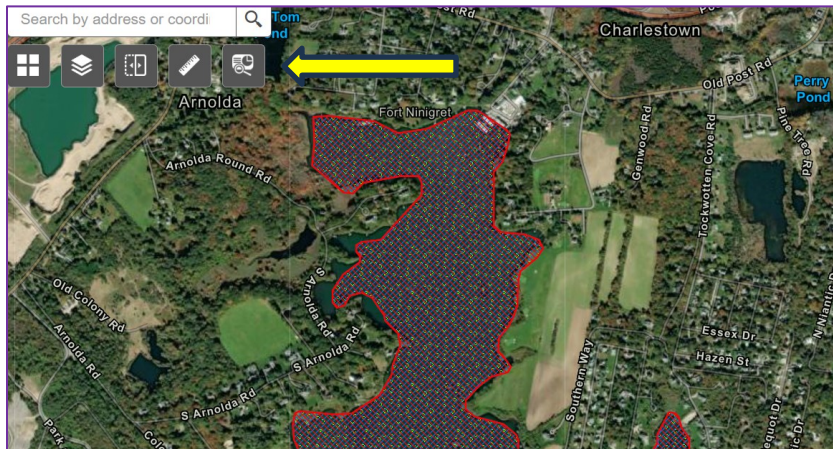
Do not show this splash screen again.

OK

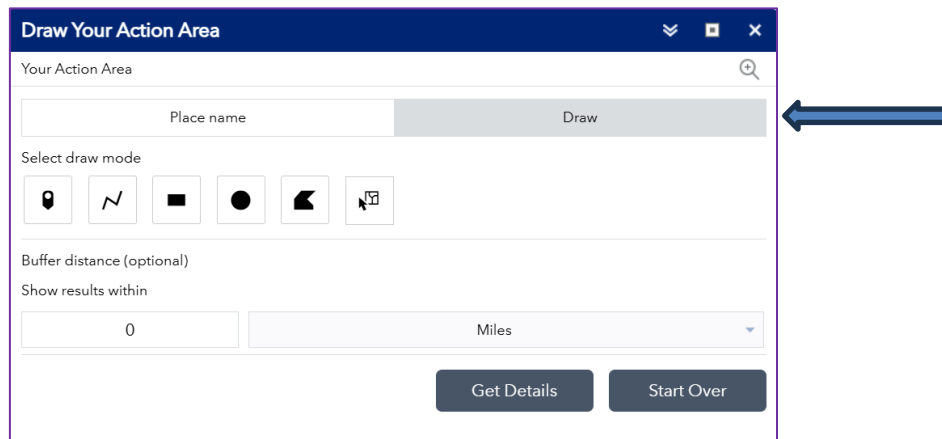
3. Type the site address or coordinates into the white box.



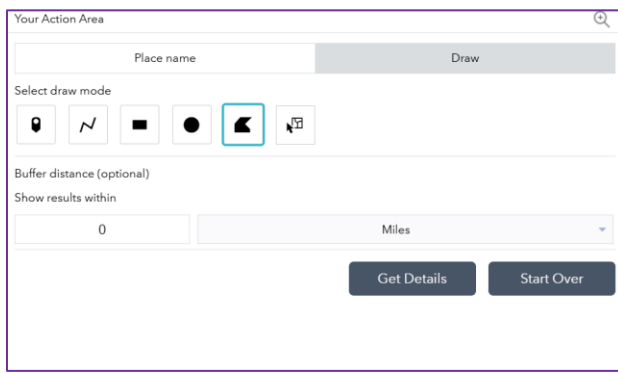
4. Once the project location is visible, click the far right button for “draw your action area.”



5. Click “draw.”



6. Select the draw mode you want to use.



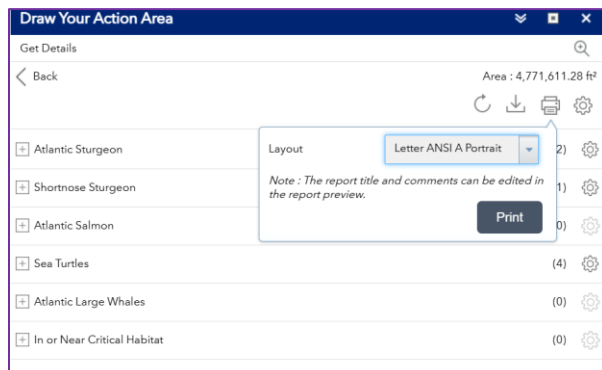
7. Outline the project and then click “get details.”



8. Choose the print icon.



9. Choose the page layout and click “print.”



10. On the next screen choose “print” again. The document can be saved as a PDF.

II. Section 7 ESA Procedures Based on Permit Type

A. Nationwide permits

On January 8, 2026, USACE published a final rule issuing 57 nationwide permits (NWP) which took effect on March 15, 2026. NAE adopted 50 of these NWP to authorize activities in Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, and Maine. There are 32 general conditions (GCs) that apply to the NWP. GC 18 addresses Section 7 of the ESA and states the following:

Endangered Species. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify designated critical habitat or critical habitat proposed for such designation. No activity is authorized under any NWP which “may affect” a listed species or critical habitat, unless ESA section 7 consultation addressing the consequences of the proposed activity on listed species or critical habitat has been completed. See 50 CFR 402.02 for the definition of “effects of the action” for the purposes of ESA section 7 consultation.

(b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)(1)). If pre-construction notification (PCN) is required for the proposed activity, the federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation has not been submitted, additional ESA section 7 consultation may be necessary for the activity and the respective federal agency would be responsible for fulfilling its obligation under section 7 of the ESA.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species (or species proposed for listing) or designated critical habitat (or critical habitat proposed for such designation) might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat or critical habitat proposed for such designation, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect federally-listed endangered or threatened species (or species proposed for listing) or designated critical habitat (or critical habitat proposed for such designation), the pre-construction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species (or species proposed for listing) that might be affected by the proposed activity or that utilize the designated critical habitat (or critical habitat proposed for such designation) that might be affected by the proposed activity. The district engineer will determine

whether the proposed activity “may affect” or will have “no effect” to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-federal applicant of the Corps’ determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification. For activities where the non-federal applicant has identified listed species (or species proposed for listing) or designated critical habitat (or critical habitat proposed for such designation) that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification that the proposed activity will have “no effect” on listed species (or species proposed for listing or designated critical habitat (or critical habitat proposed for such designation), or until ESA section 7 consultation or conference has been completed. If the non-federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation or conference with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific permit conditions to the NWP.

(e) Authorization of an activity by an NWP does not authorize the “take” of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with “incidental take” provisions, etc.) from the FWS or the NMFS, the Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where “take” means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word “harm” in the definition of “take” means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) If the non-federal permittee has a valid ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit with an approved Habitat Conservation Plan for a project or a group of projects that includes the proposed NWP activity, the non-federal permittee should provide a copy of that ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit with the PCN required by paragraph (c) of this general condition. The district engineer will coordinate with the agency that issued the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit to determine whether the proposed NWP activity and the associated incidental take were considered in the internal ESA section 7 consultation conducted for the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit. If that coordination results in concurrence from the agency that the proposed NWP activity and the associated incidental take were considered in the internal ESA section 7 consultation for the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit, the district engineer does not need to conduct a separate ESA section 7 consultation for the proposed NWP activity. The district engineer will notify the non-federal applicant within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit covers the

proposed NWP activity or whether additional ESA section 7 consultation is required.

(g) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the FWS and NMFS or their web pages at <http://www.fws.gov/> or <http://www.fws.gov/ipac> and <http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/species/esa/> respectively.

1. Proposed and Listed Endangered Species

GC 18(c) of the NWPs says the following about proposed and listed species: “Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species (or species proposed for listing)...might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity... and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized.”

a) USFWS species- The OSL from the IPaC website will indicate the name and federal status of each terrestrial or freshwater animal or plant that may occupy the project’s action area:

MAMMALS	
NAME	STATUS
Northern Long-eared Bat <i>Myotis septentrionalis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045	Endangered
Tricolored Bat <i>Perimyotis subflavus</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10515	Proposed Endangered
BIRDS	
NAME	STATUS
Piping Plover <i>Charadrius melodus</i> Population: [Atlantic Coast and Northern Great Plains populations] - Wherever found, except those areas where listed as endangered. There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6039	Threatened
Roseate Tern <i>Sterna dougallii dougallii</i> Population: Northeast U.S. nesting population No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2083	Endangered
Rufa Red Knot <i>Calidris canutus rufa</i> There is proposed critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1864	Threatened
INSECTS	
NAME	STATUS
Monarch Butterfly <i>Danaus plexippus</i> There is proposed critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743	Proposed Threatened

For species on the OSL whose status is “threatened”, “endangered”, “proposed threatened”, or “proposed endangered”, applicants must submit a PCN to NAE if any of those species “might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity.” This PCN requirement does not apply to any species on the OSL whose status is “candidate.” If a PCN is required, applicants must include the OSL with their submittal. See Section III below regarding the northern long-eared bat and/or tricolored bat.

b) NMFS species- Threatened and/or endangered marine species are shown on the NMFS ESA Section 7 mapper (ESA mapper) list. Here is an example:

Atlantic Sturgeon										
#	Feature ID	Species	Lifestage	Behavior	Zone	From	Until	From (2)	Until (2)	Area(acres)
1	ANS_PEN SUB_MA F	Atlantic sturgeon	Subadult	Migrating & Foraging	Penobscot River	01/01	12/31	N/A	N/A	27.11
2	ANS_PEN ADU_MA F	Atlantic sturgeon	Adult	Migrating & Foraging	Penobscot River	01/01	12/31	N/A	N/A	27.11

Shortnose Sturgeon										
#	Feature ID	Species	Life Stage	Behavior	Zone	From	Until	From (2)	Until (2)	Area(acres)
1	SNS_PEN ADU_MA F	Shortnose sturgeon	Adult	Migrating & Foraging	Penobscot River	01/01	12/31	N/A	N/A	27.11

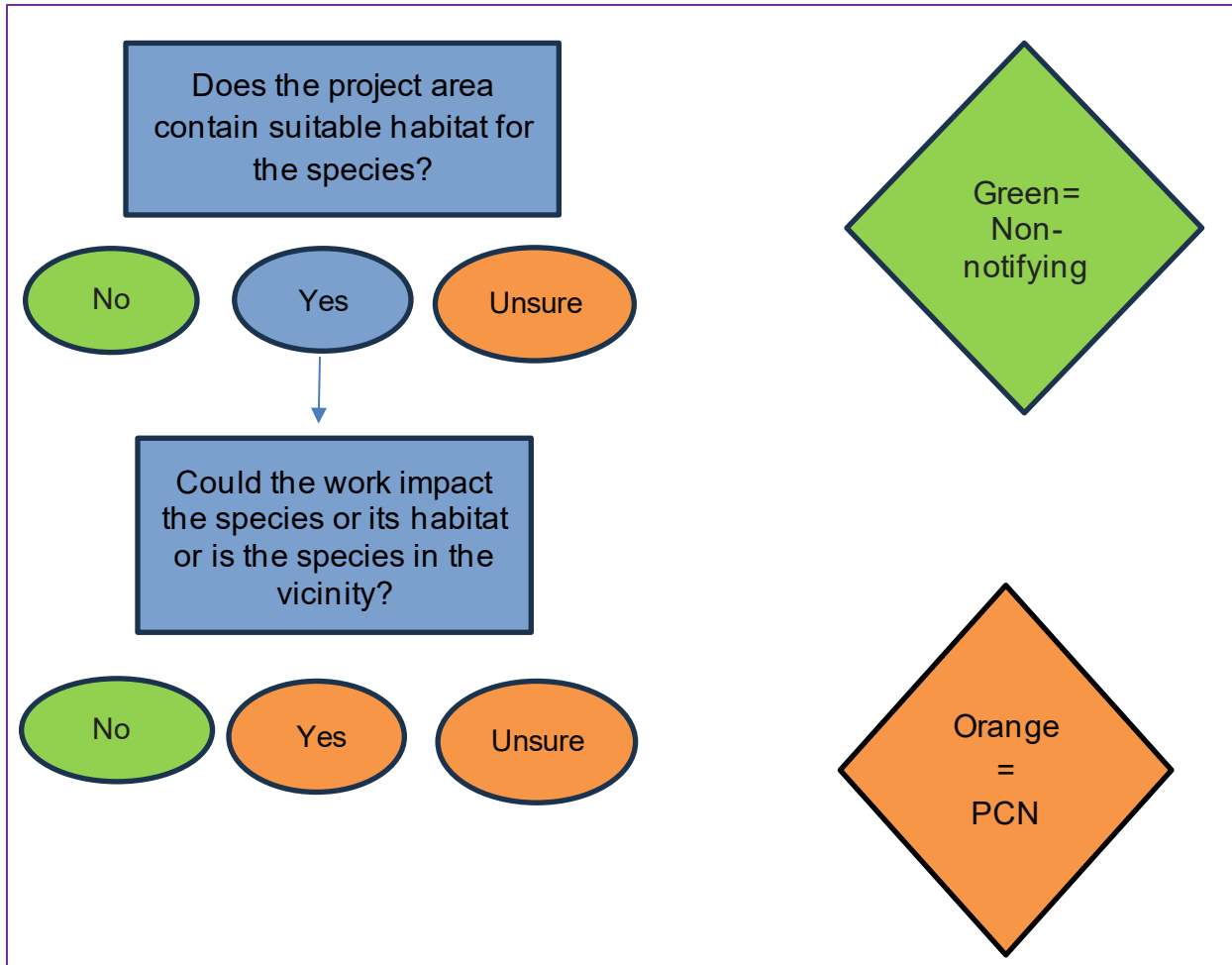
Atlantic Salmon										
#	Feature ID	Species	Life Stage	Behavior	Zone	From	Until	From (2)	Until (2)	Area(acres)
1	SAL_SME SMO_MAF	Atlantic salmon	Smolts (Juveniles)	Migrating & Foraging	Marine/Estuarine	04/15	06/15	N/A	N/A	43.09
2	SAL_SME ADU_MAF	Atlantic salmon	Adults	Migrating & Foraging	Marine/Estuarine	01/01	12/31	N/A	N/A	43.09

The ESA mapper list does not indicate a status for each species. However, all marine species currently found on the ESA mapper in New England are listed as threatened or endangered. There are currently no proposed threatened, proposed endangered, or candidate species.

The following common species found on the ESA mapper list all have the status of threatened or endangered in New England: Atlantic salmon (endangered), Atlantic sturgeon (threatened- Gulf of Maine Distinct Population Segment, endangered- rest of New England), shortnose sturgeon (endangered), green turtle (threatened), Kemp’s ridley turtle (endangered), leatherback turtle (endangered), loggerhead turtle (threatened), fin whale (endangered), and the North Atlantic right whale (endangered).

In accordance with GC 18 of the NWP’s, applicants must submit a PCN to NAE with the ESA mapper list if any of these marine species “might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity.” If a PCN is required, applicants must include the ESA mapper list with their submittal.

GC 18(c) of the NWP's Regarding Proposed or Listed Species



2. Critical Habitat- There is proposed or designated critical habitat for several threatened and endangered species that occur in New England. If either proposed or designated critical habitat is on the OSL from IPaC or on the ESA Section 7 mapper list, non-federal applicants must submit a PCN to NAE for the proposed activity along with the OSL and ESA mapper list as noted in GC 18(c) of the NWP's:

"Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any...designated critical habitat (or critical habitat proposed for such designation) might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat or critical habitat proposed for such designation, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized."

This is an example of proposed critical habitat on the OSL from IPaC.

CRITICAL HABITATS	
There is 1 critical habitat wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction.	
NAME	STATUS
Rufa Red Knot <i>Calidris canutus rufa</i> https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1864#crithab	Proposed

This is an example of designated critical habitat on the ESA mapper list.

In or Near Critical Habitat			
#	Species	In or Near Critical Habitat	Area(acres)
1	Atlantic Sturgeon	Gulf of Maine Unit 1: Penobscot River	27.11
2	Atlantic Salmon	Penobscot Basin Salmon Habitat Recovery Unit	43.09

When submitting a PCN, applicants must include the OSL from IPaC and the species list from the ESA mapper with the submittal.

3. Non-federal applicants with an ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit

Applicants who have a valid incidental take permit from USFWS with an approved Habitat Conservation Plan for a project that includes the proposed NWP activity must submit a PCN for the proposed activity along with a copy of the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit in accordance with GC 18(f). NAE will coordinate with USFWS or NMFS to confirm that the proposed activity was considered in the consultation conducted for the ESA permit.

4. Federal applicants

In accordance with GC 18(b), federal applicants should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 7 of the ESA. If a PCN is required for the proposed activity, the applicant must provide NAE with documentation to demonstrate ESA Section 7 compliance.

B. Regional General Permits

For projects proposed to be authorized under a USACE NAE Regional General Permit (RGP), applicants should read the general condition regarding ESA to determine which projects might qualify for the self-verification (SV) process versus which projects would require the submittal of a PCN. For projects that require a PCN, the applicant should include both the OSL from IPaC and the species list from the NMFS ESA mapper as part of the submittal.

C. Standard Permits

For projects to be reviewed for authorization under a Letter of Permission (LOP) or an Individual Permit (IP), the applicant should include both the OSL from IPaC and the species list from the NMFS ESA mapper as part of the application materials.

III. Section 7 ESA Procedures Regarding the Northern Long-eared Bat and the Tricolored Bat

In accordance with 50 CFR 402.08 of the ESA regulations, NAE has designated applicants seeking authorization for work in New England as non-federal representatives to perform Section 7 ESA consultation utilizing the Northern Long-Eared Bat and Tricolored Bat Range-Wide Determination Key on the IPaC website under certain circumstances when the northern long-eared bat and/or the tricolored bat are on the OSL for the project's action area. NAE issued a separate public notice on our website outlining these procedures.