

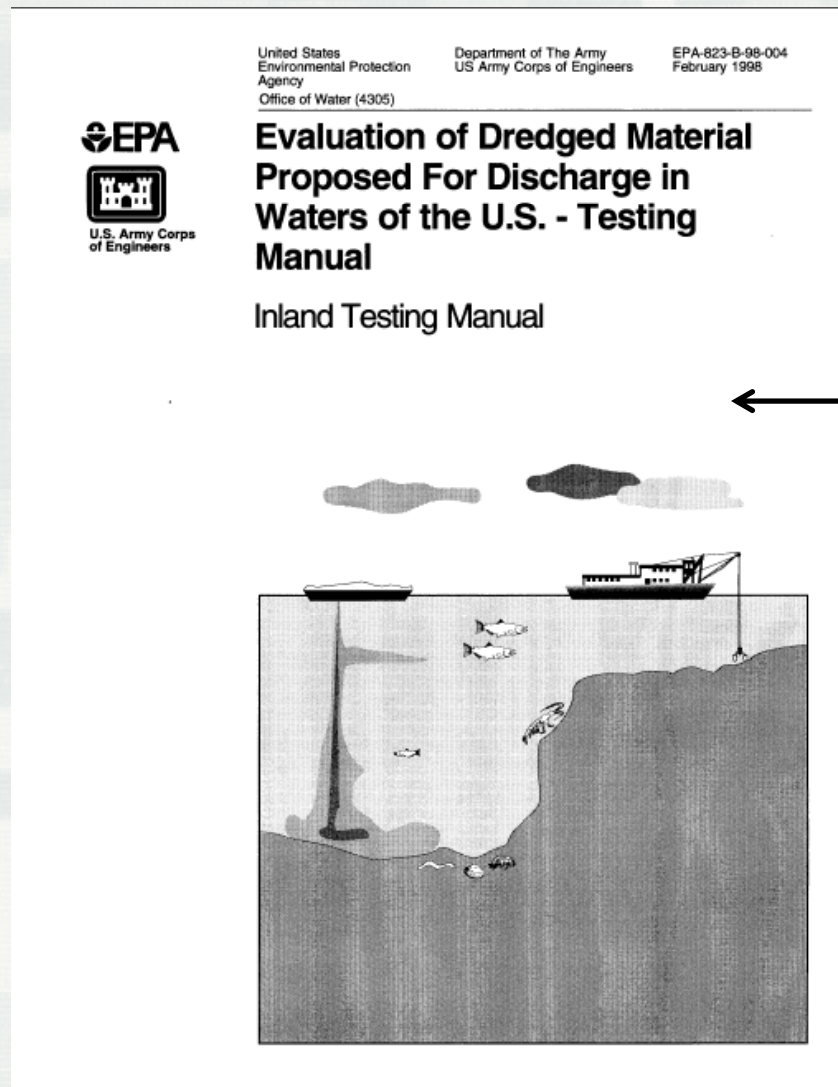
# Testing Dredged Material and Disposal Options



1. Background on sediment testing requirements and details on Searsport sediment testing and comparisons with other sites
2. Overlap of this project with the mercury contamination in the bay
3. Background on the selection of a disposal site for the proposed project



# What type of sediment testing is required by law for dredged material disposal in Penobscot Bay?



- testing must provide data to allow assessment of compliance with Section 404(b)(1) of the Clean Water Act

- ← • National guidance manual
- Regional guidance manual provides New England specific information



- guidance provides details on a tiered testing approach

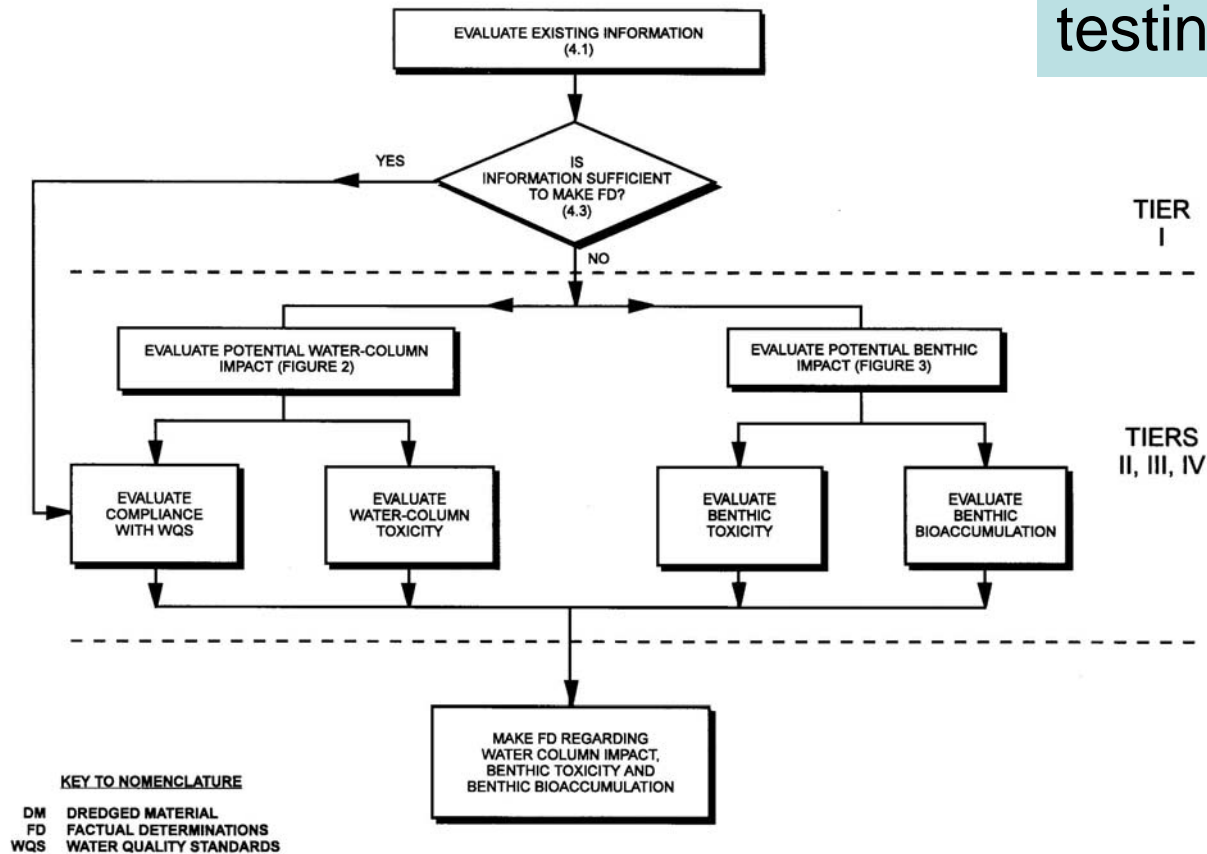


Figure 3-1. Simplified Overview of Tiered Approach to Evaluating Potential Impact of Aquatic Disposal of Dredged Material.





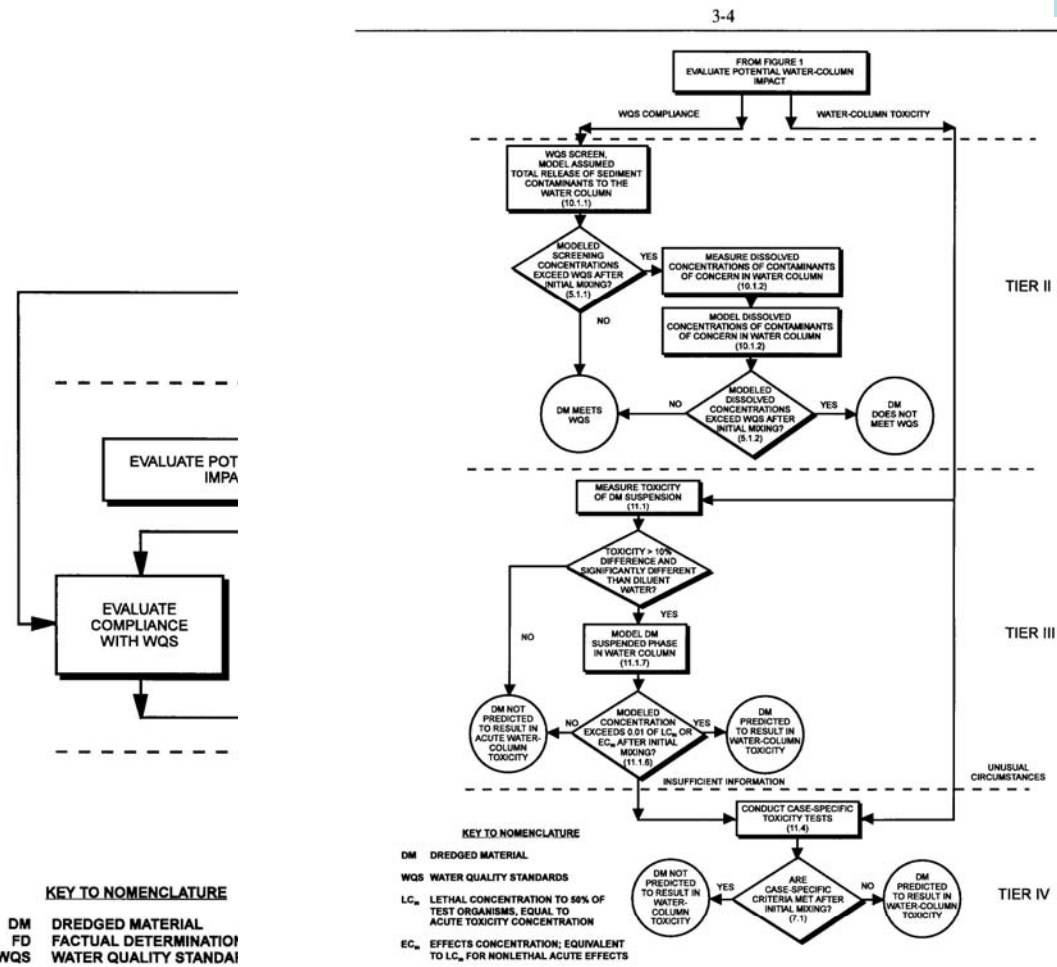


Figure 3-2. Illustration of Tiered Approach to Evaluating Potential Water Column Impacts of Dredged Material.

Figure 3-1. Simplified Overview



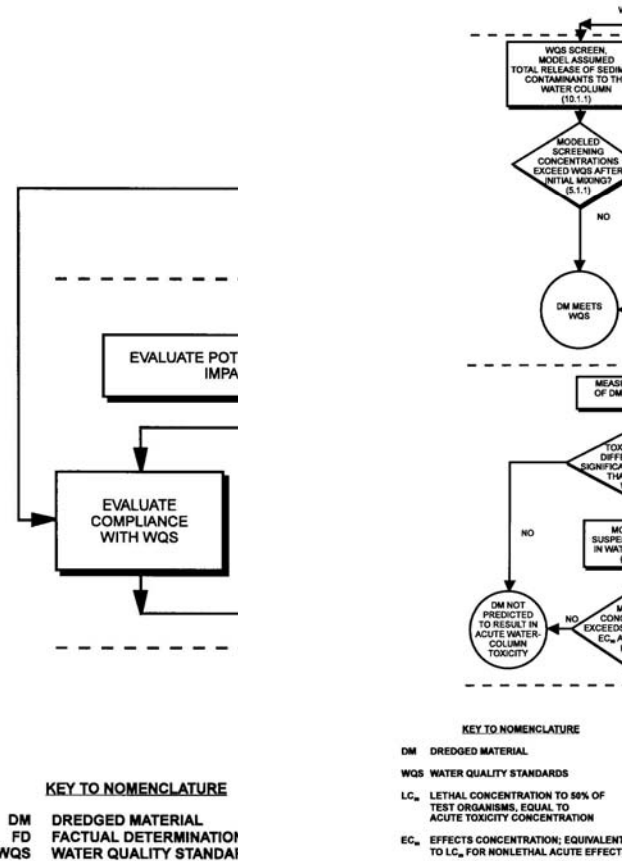


Figure 3-1. Simplified Overview

Figure 3-2. Illustration of Tiered Approach to Evaluating Potential Benthic Impacts of Deposited Dredged Material.

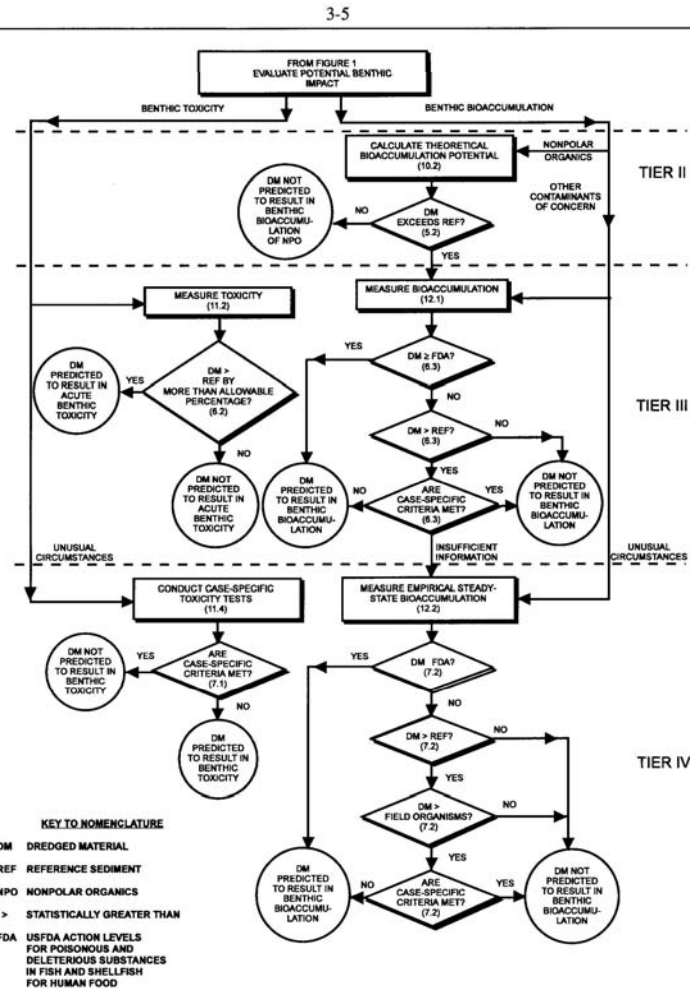
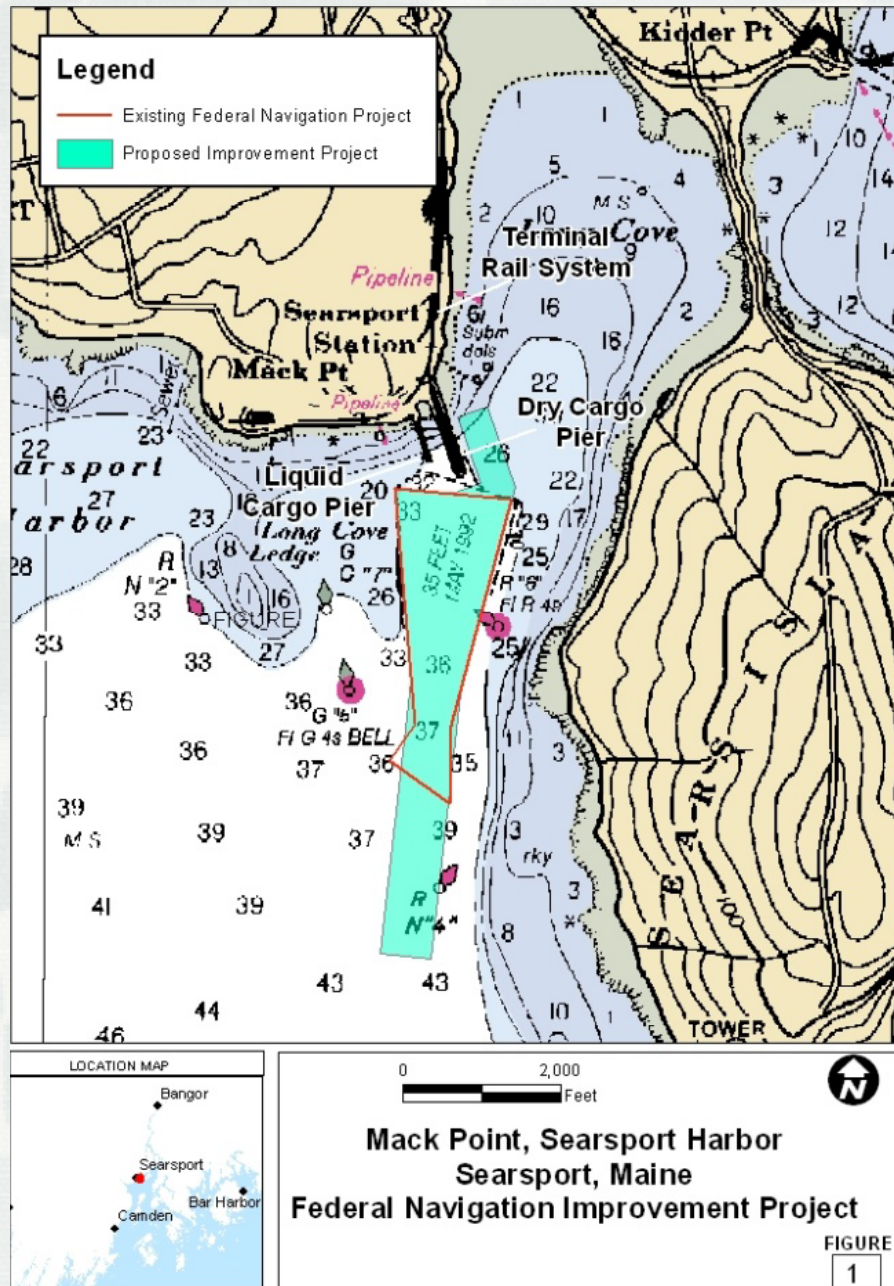


Figure 3-3. Illustration of Tiered Approach to Evaluating Potential Benthic Impacts of Deposited Dredged Material.

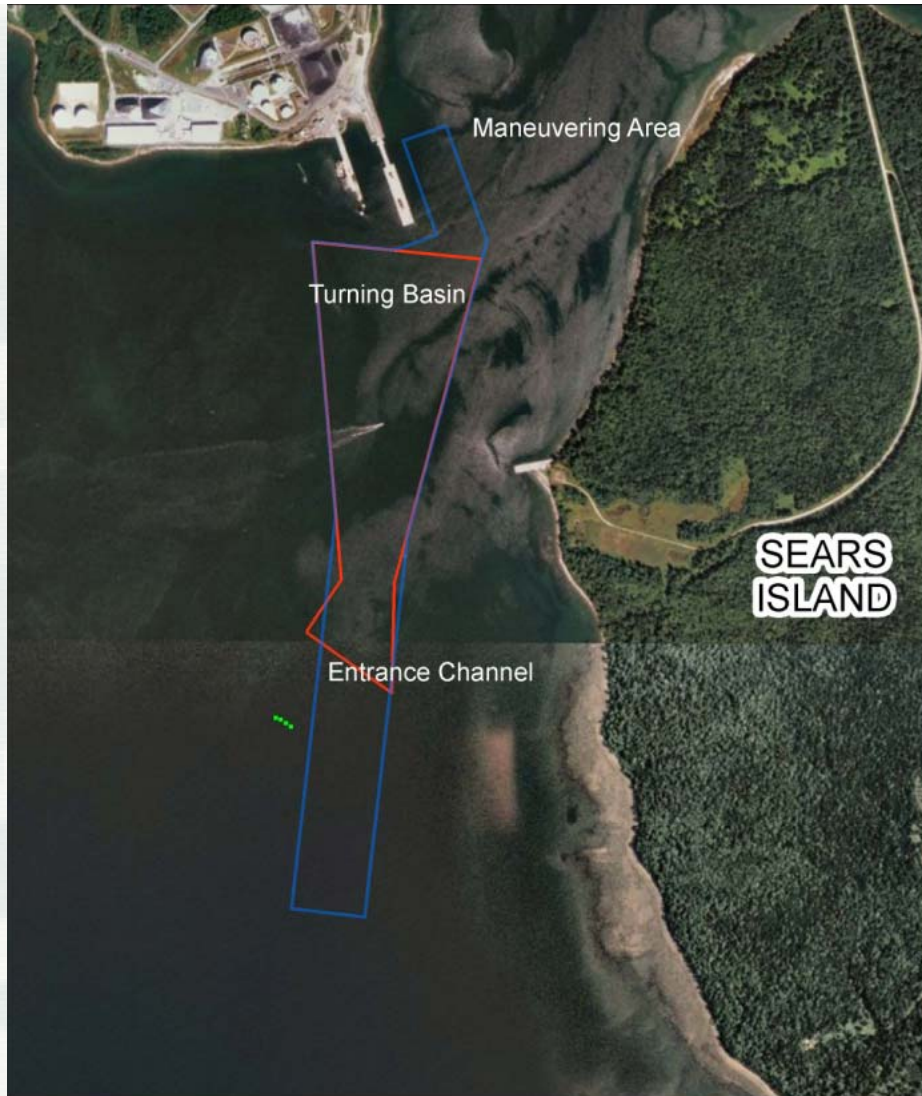


## Step 1 – gather existing information

- map horizontal and vertical boundaries of proposed project
- map surrounding depths and currents
- record of previous dredging







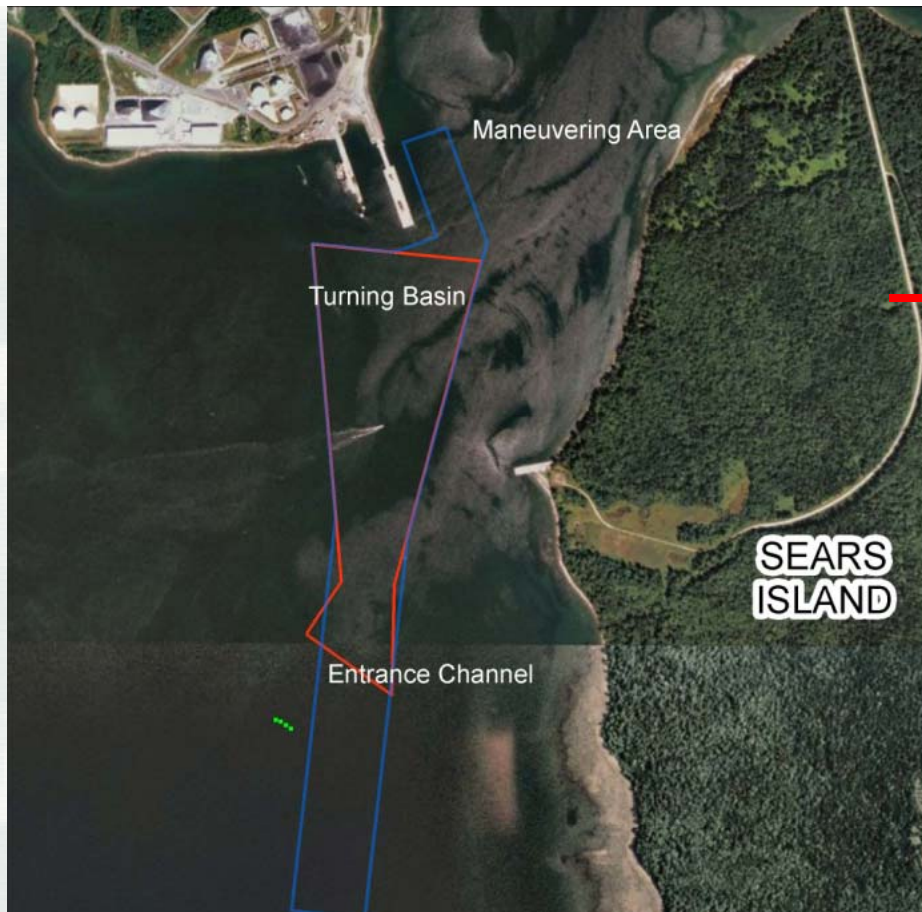


## Step 1 – gather existing information (continued)

- shoreline development and urban/agricultural runoff potential
- industrial/municipal discharges
- spills and hazardous waste sites
- biological resources

<p><b>Legend</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Shipwreck Location</li> <li>— Proposed Project</li> <li>— Existing Federal Channel and Turning Basin</li> </ul>	<p align="center"><b>SEARSPORT HARBOR PROPOSED PROJECT</b></p>  <p align="center">1,000 500 0 1,000 Feet</p>  <p align="center">US Army Corps of Engineers® New England District</p>
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Step 2 – make a plan for sediment sampling

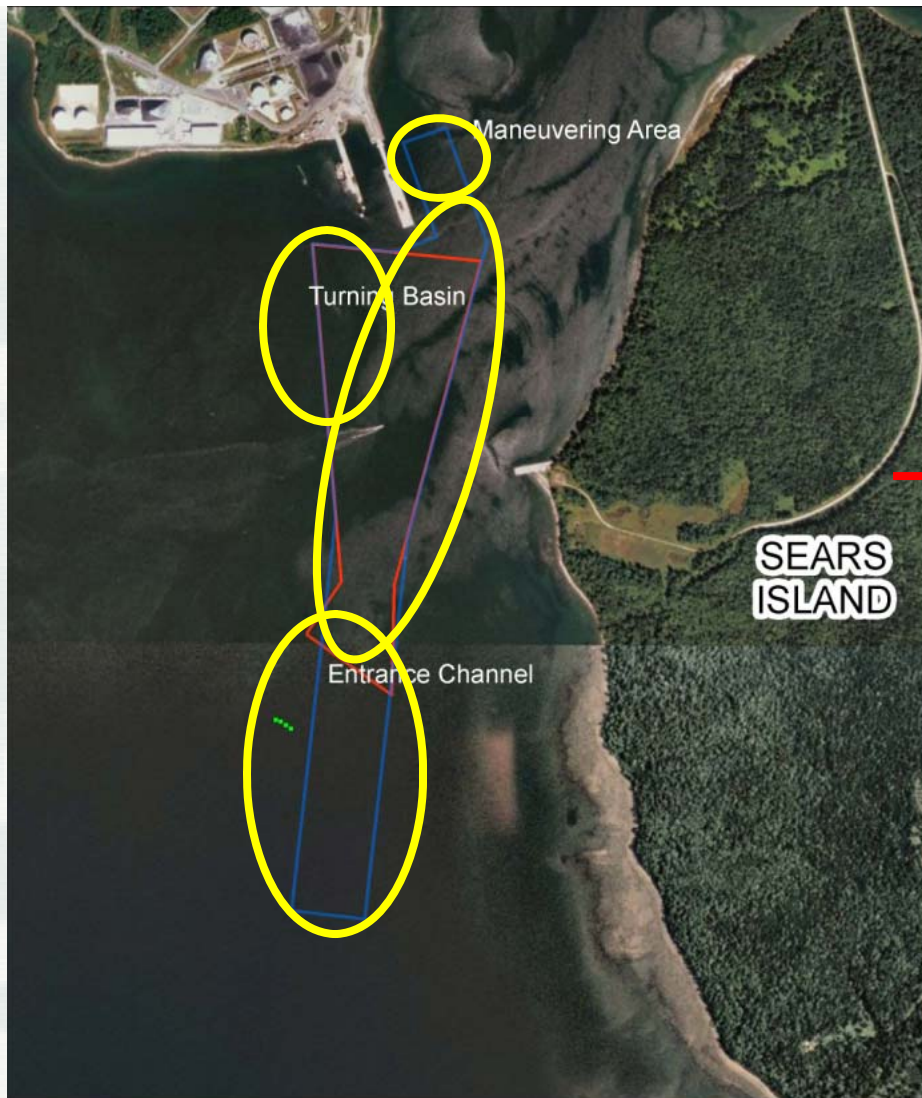
→ define the list of analyses for the sediment samples

- define any distinct areas of the project for separate samples
- select how deep the samples will be collected from

- ***physical properties (grain size, geotechnical)***
- ***metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, zinc)***
- ***organics (PAHs, PCBs, pesticides)***







## Step 2 – make a plan for sediment sampling

- define the list of chemicals samples will be analyzed for
- define any distinct areas of the project for separate samples
- select how deep the samples will be collected from

### Legend

- Shipwreck Location
- Proposed Project
- Existing Federal Channel and Turning Basin

### SEARSPORT HARBOR PROPOSED PROJECT



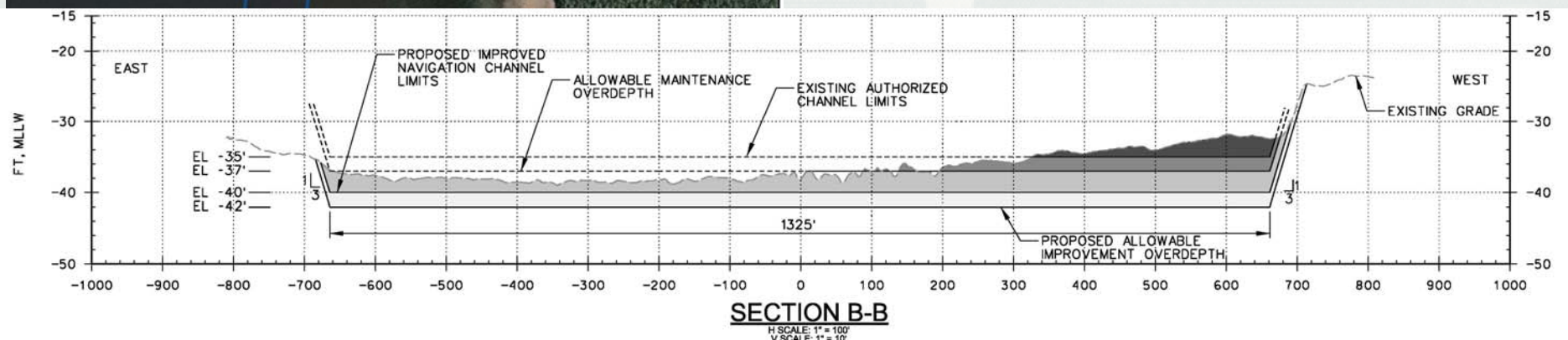
1,000 500 0 1,000  
Feet





Step 2 – make a plan for sediment sampling

- define the list of analyses for the sediment samples
  - define any distinct areas of the project for separate samples
- select how deep the samples will be collected from





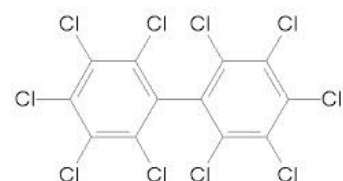
# Chemistry Background Information

“Contaminant” has a clear definition...

**Contaminant** — [from Inland Testing Manual] – A chemical or biological substance in a form that can be incorporated into, onto or be ingested by and that harms aquatic organisms, consumers of aquatic organisms, or users of the aquatic environment, and includes but is not limited to the substances on the 307(a) (1) list of toxic pollutants promulgated on January 31, 1978 (43 FR 4109). Note: a contaminant that causes actual harm is technically referred to as a pollutant, but the regulatory definition of a “pollutant” is in the Guidelines is different, reflecting the intent of the Clean Water Act.



**Contaminant** – anything that you (or an organism) can ingest, inhale, or absorb that causes harm



“Contaminated” and “toxic” do not have a specific definition in environmental science, so we compare the measured concentrations with known levels and qualify the term: e.g.

“contaminated above the required cleanup level”

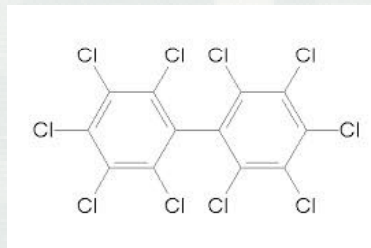
“acutely toxic to marine organisms”





# Example Concentration Comparison

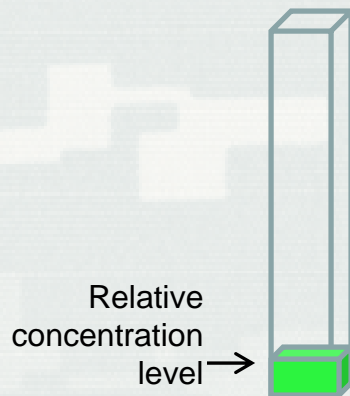
PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls)



pre-industrialization



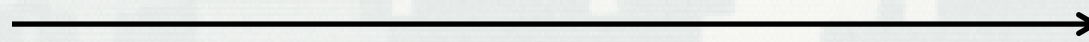
background today



chronic toxicity



acute toxicity



bioaccumulation potential



# Example Concentration Comparison

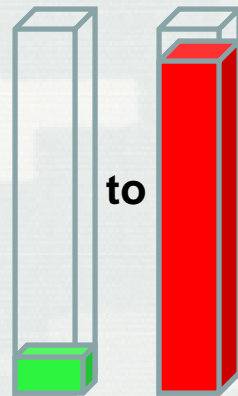
Arsenic



pre-industrialization



background today



chronic toxicity

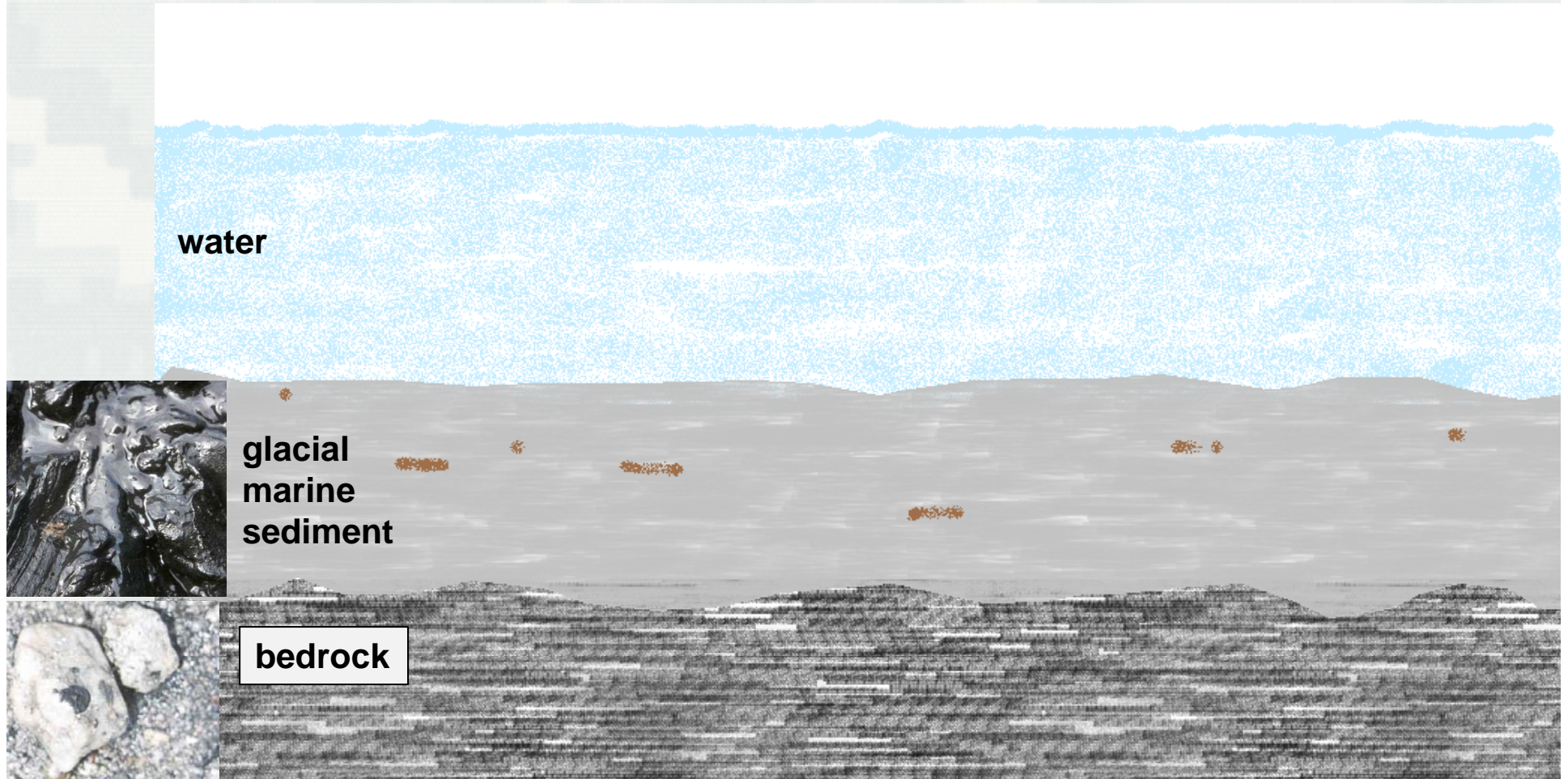


acute toxicity



# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

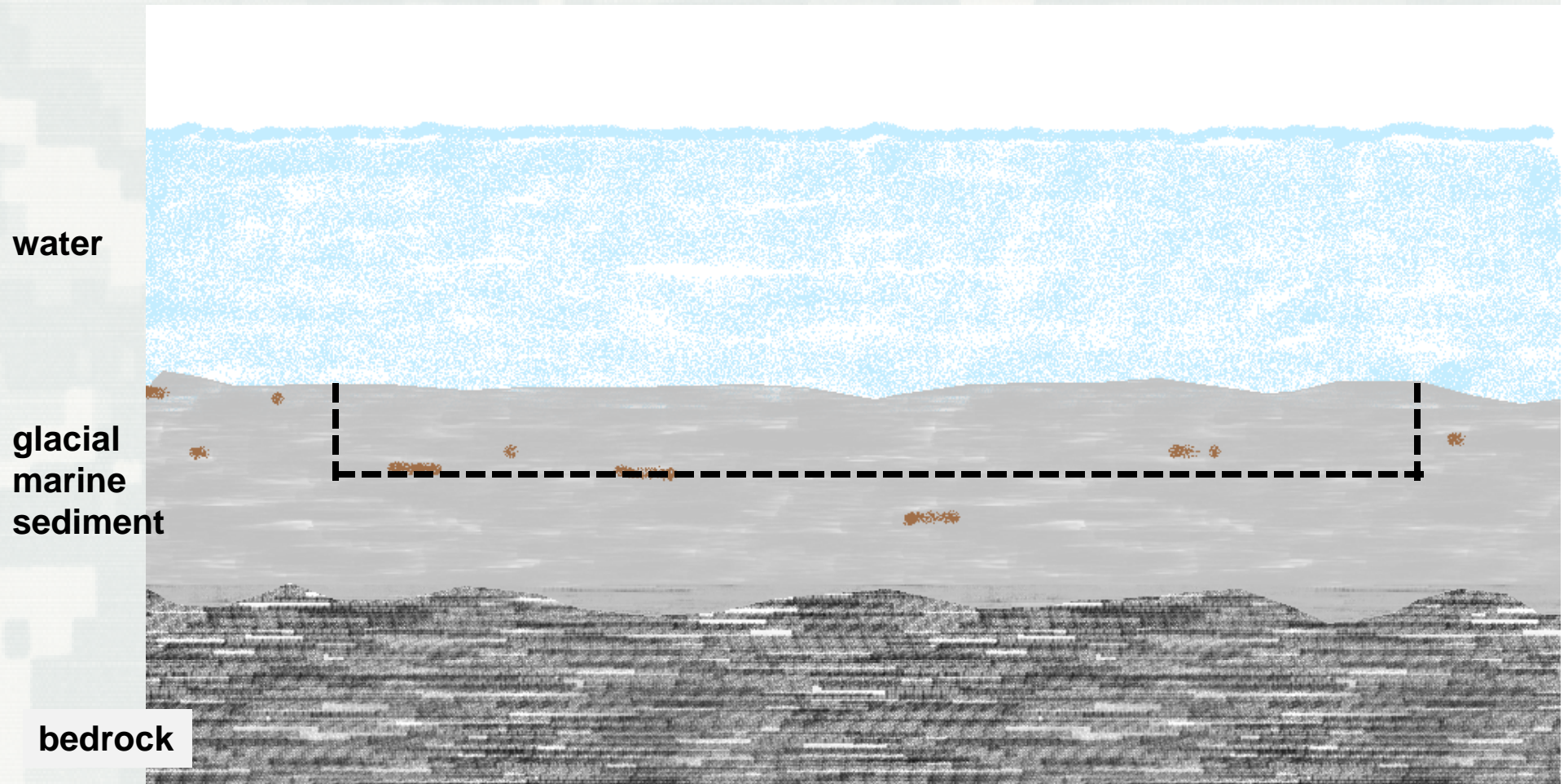
Conceptual cross section prior to port development





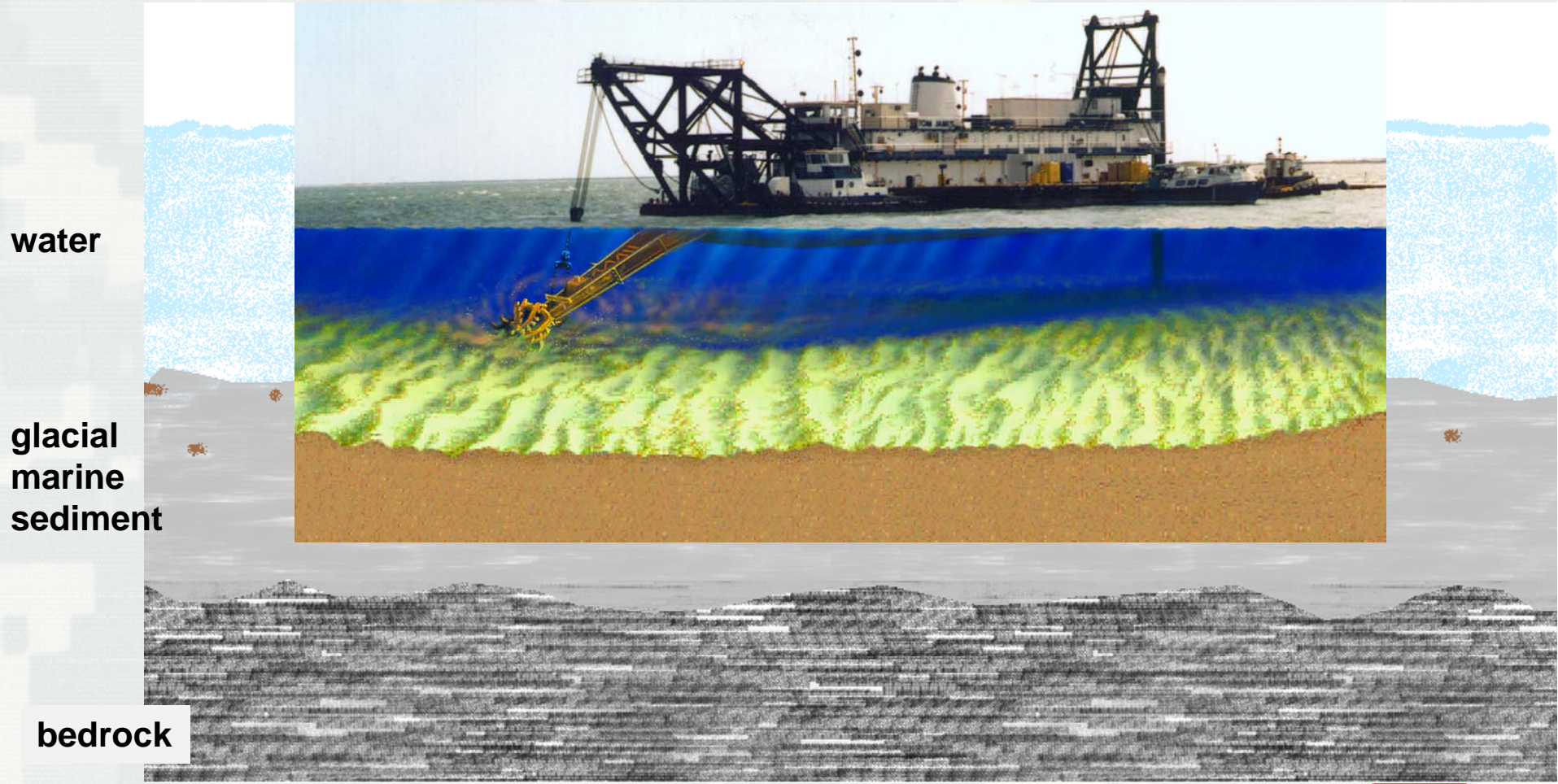
# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

Conceptual cross section – planned initial channel



# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

Dredging to project depth or slightly below





# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

## Completed channel

water

glacial  
marine  
sediment

bedrock

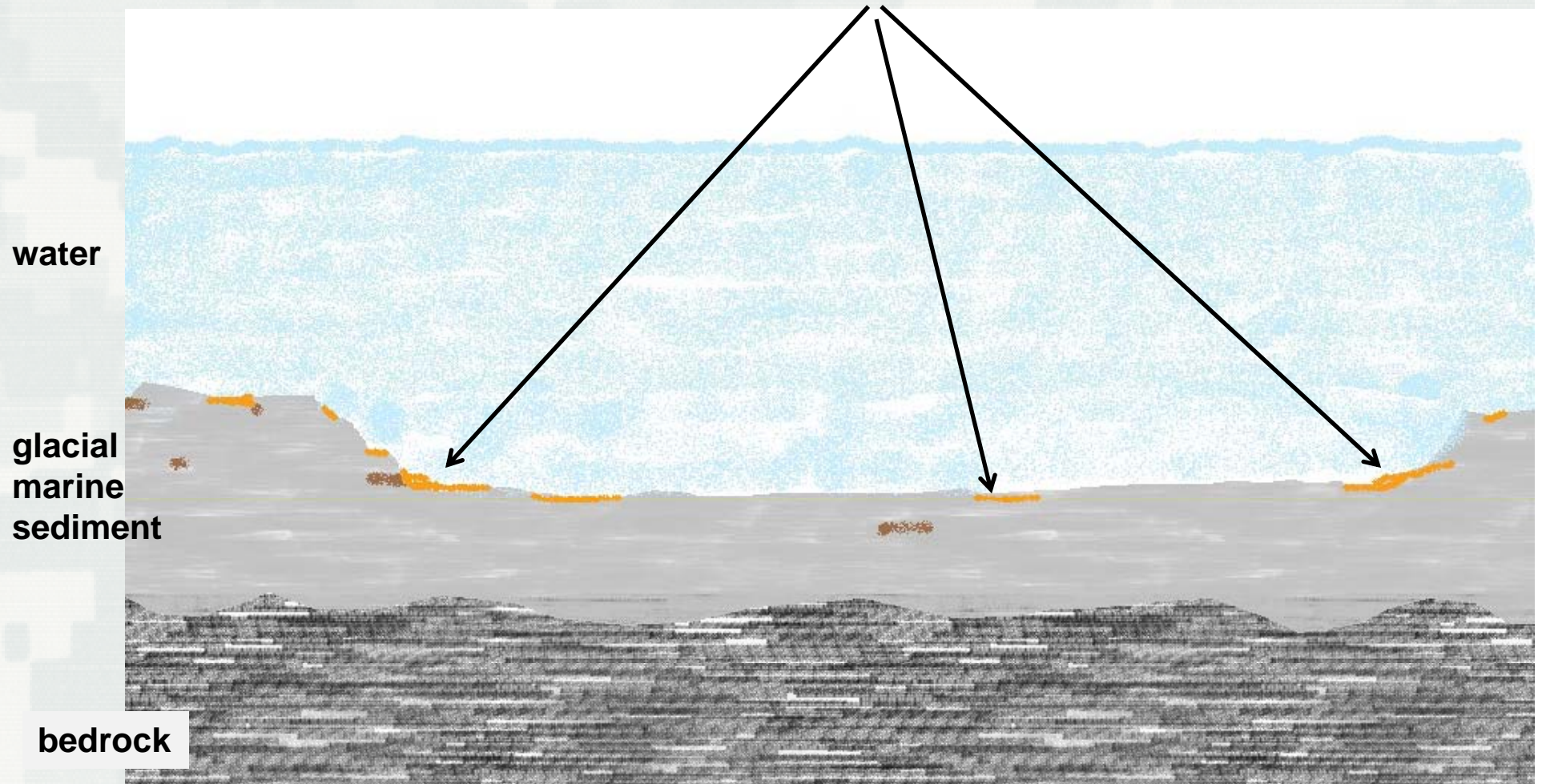
1964 dredging of  
Searsport Harbor  
removed ~500,000  
cubic yards,  
deepening to 35 ft





# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

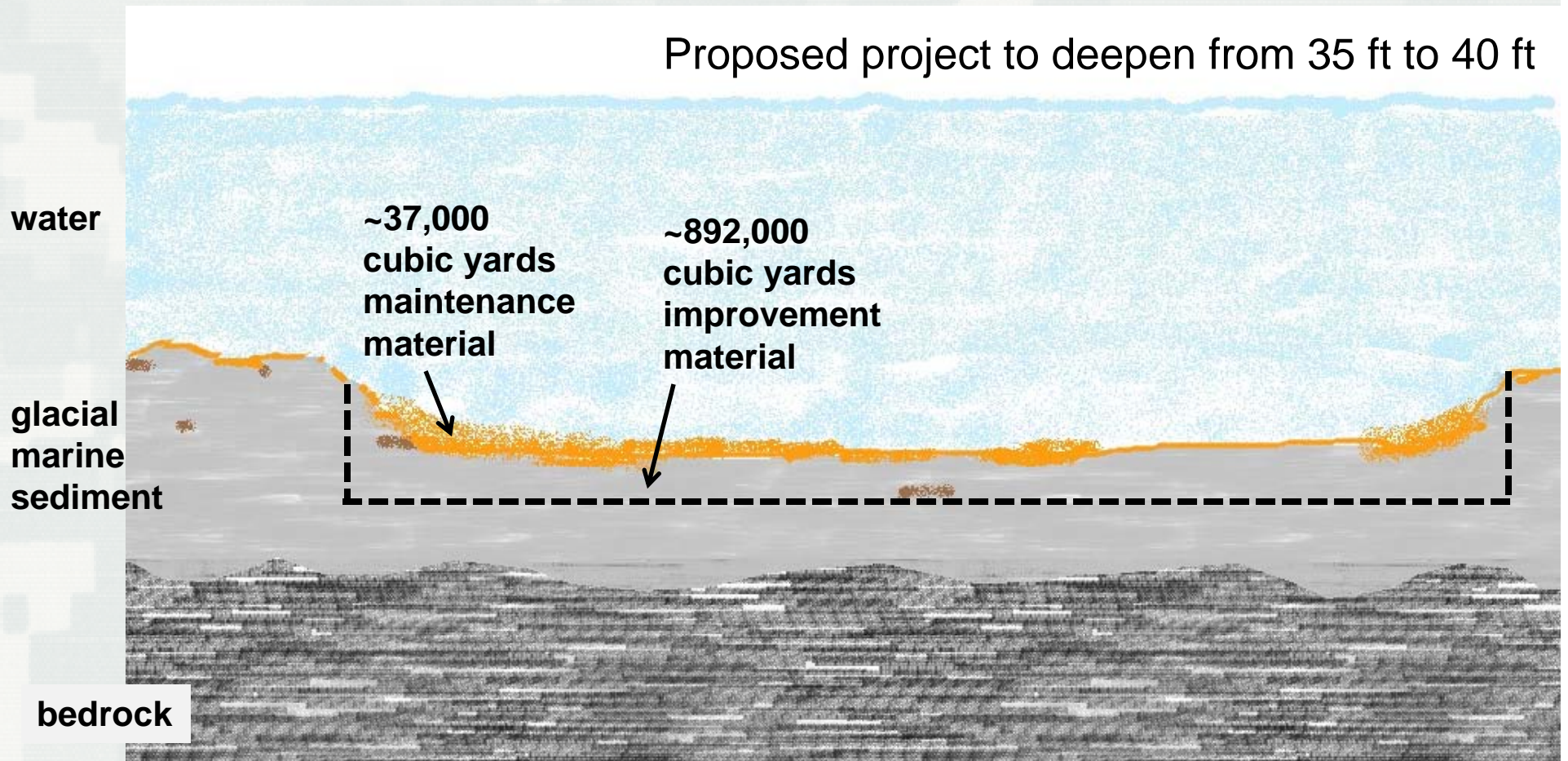
Completed channel within initial deposition of maintenance material



# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

Present day channel condition with proposed deepening

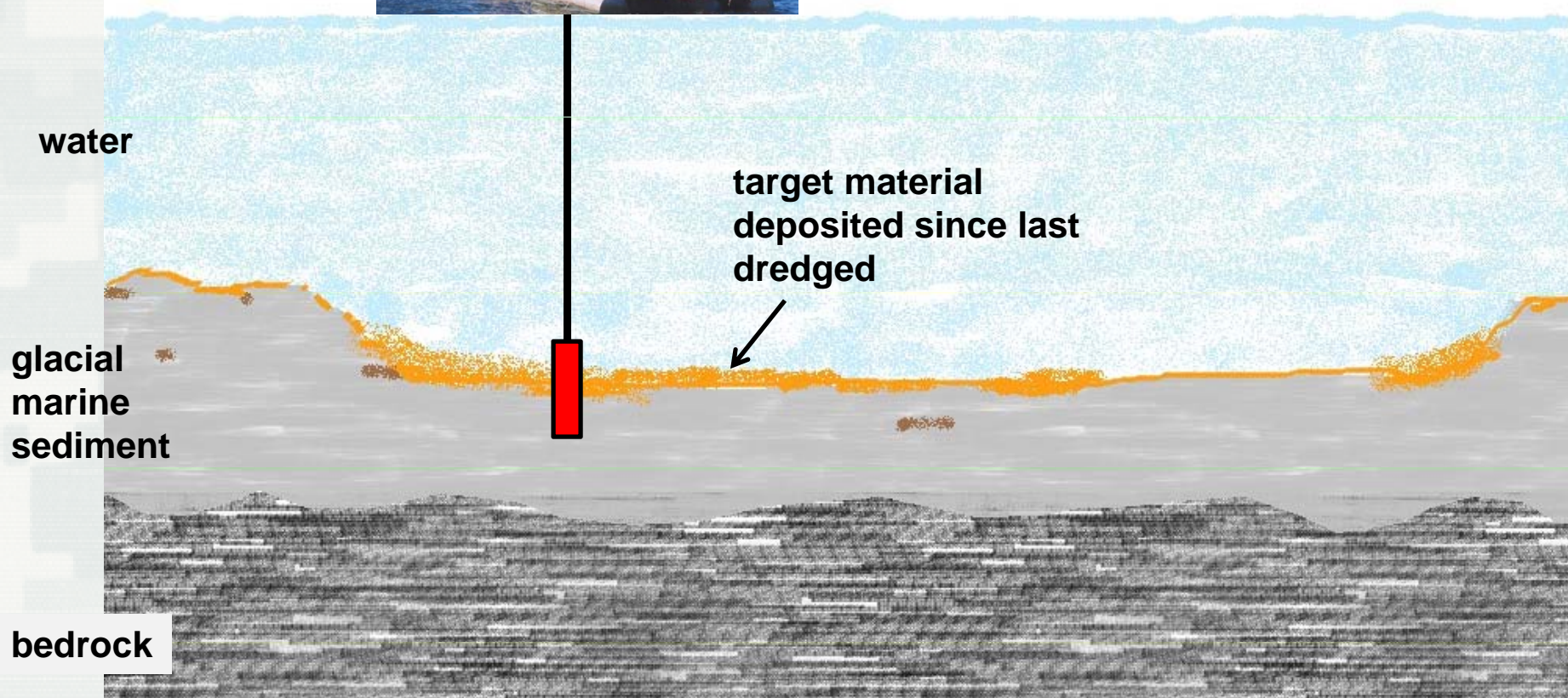
Proposed project to deepen from 35 ft to 40 ft



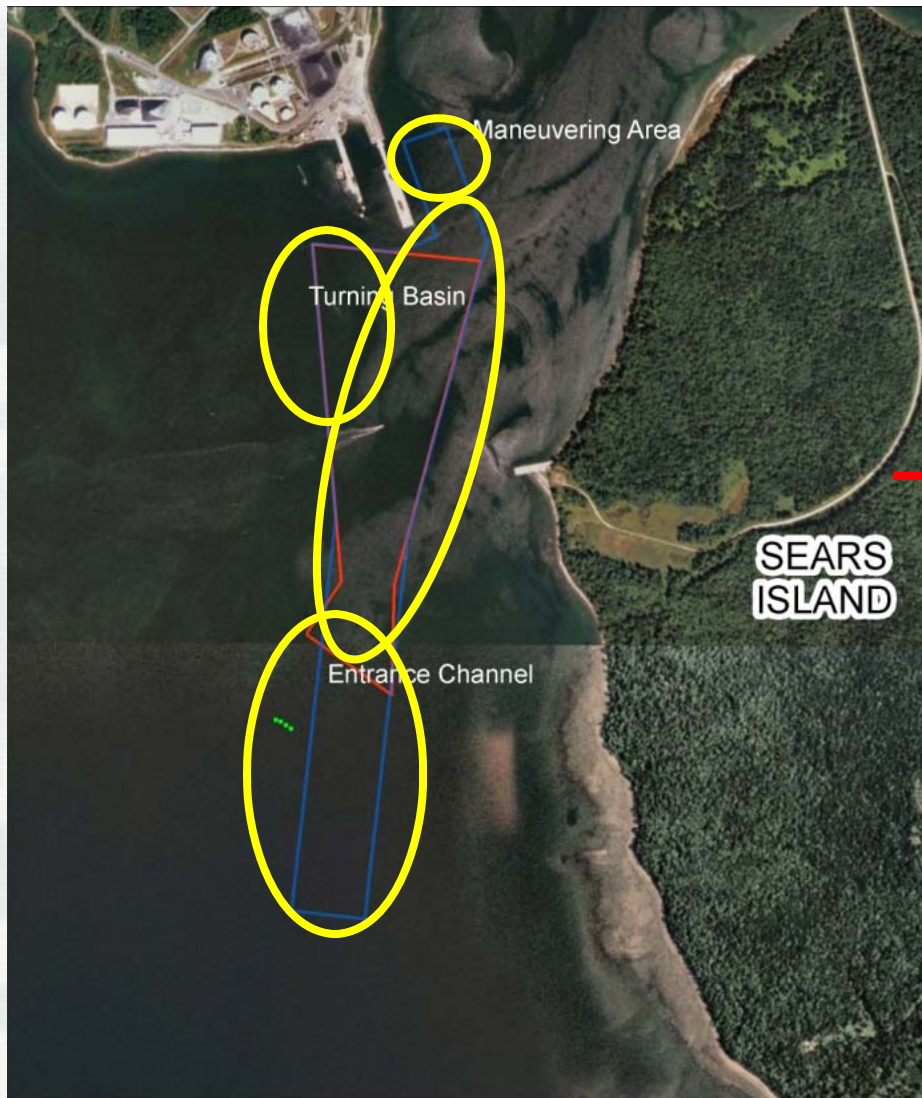


# Geology-Sampling Design Background Information

Collection of cores for  
laboratory chemistry  
analyses







## Step 2 – make a plan for sediment sampling

- define the list of chemicals samples will be analyzed for
- define any distinct areas of the project for separate samples
- select how deep the samples will be collected from
- coring locations selected in each of the general areas

### Legend

- Shipwreck Location
- Proposed Project
- Existing Federal Channel and Turning Basin

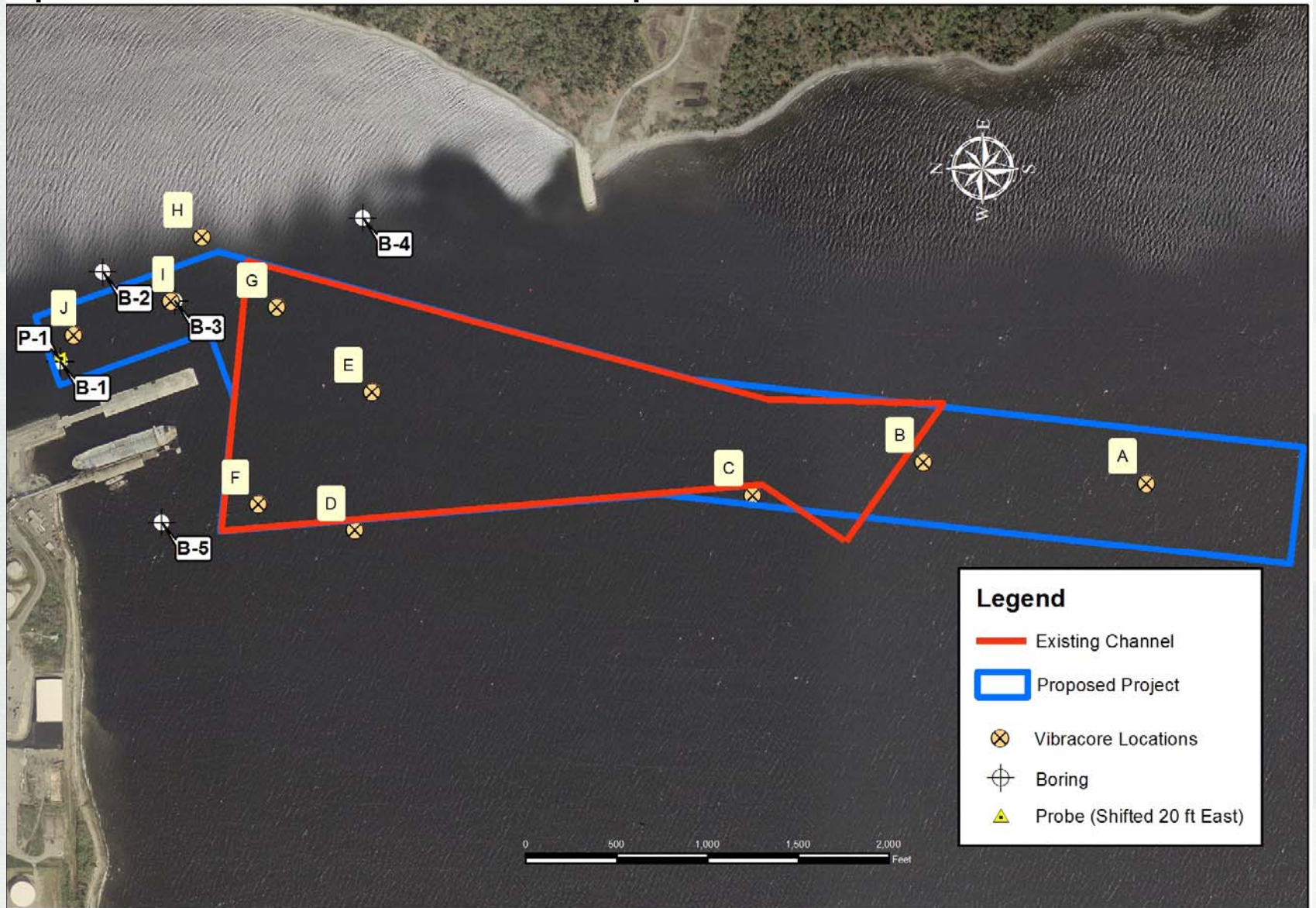
### SEARSPORT HARBOR PROPOSED PROJECT



1,000 500 0 1,000  
Feet

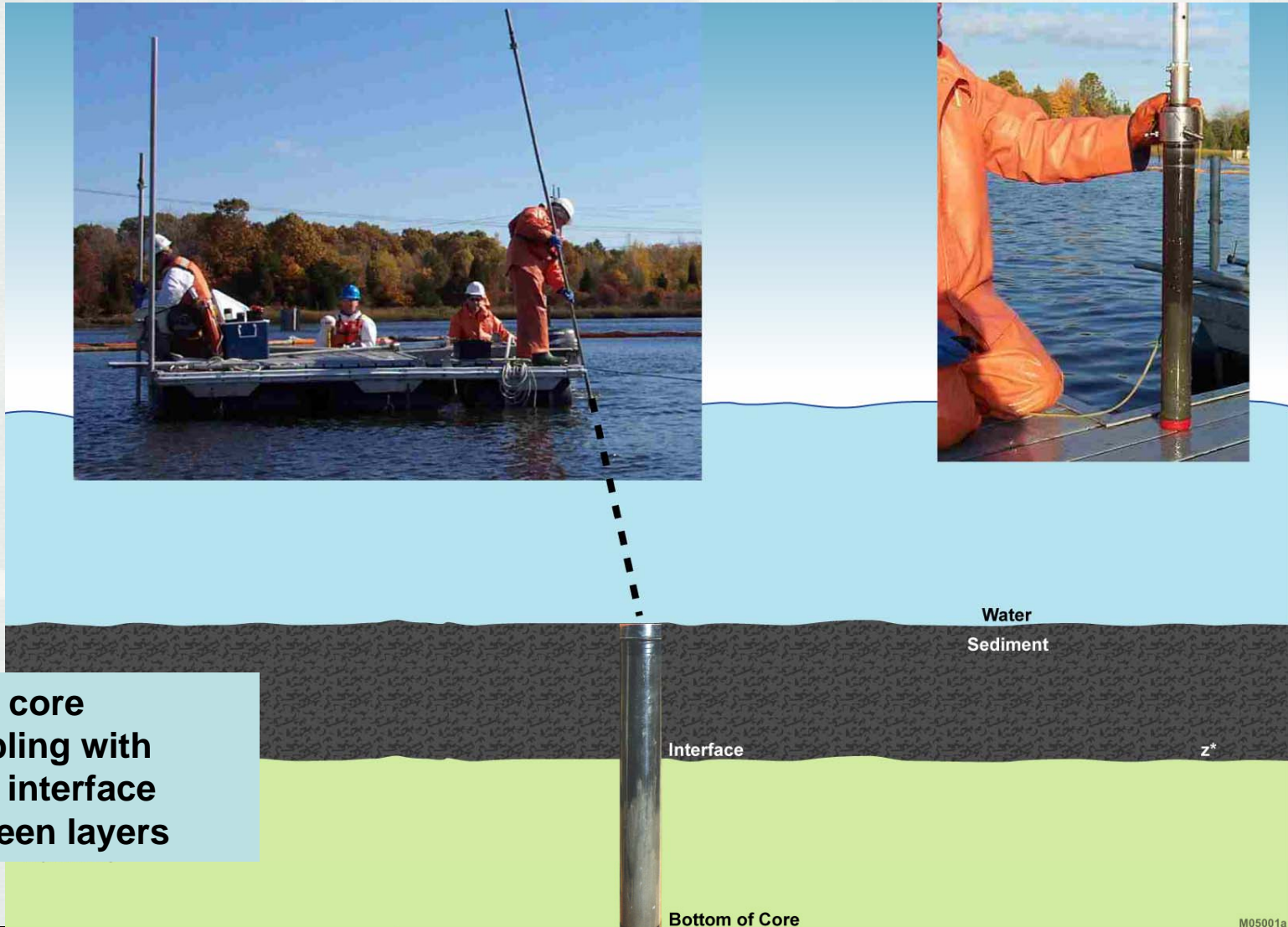


# Step 3 – Collect sediment samples





# Step 3 – Collect sediment samples at the dredge site and the potential disposal sites



push core sampling with clear interface between layers



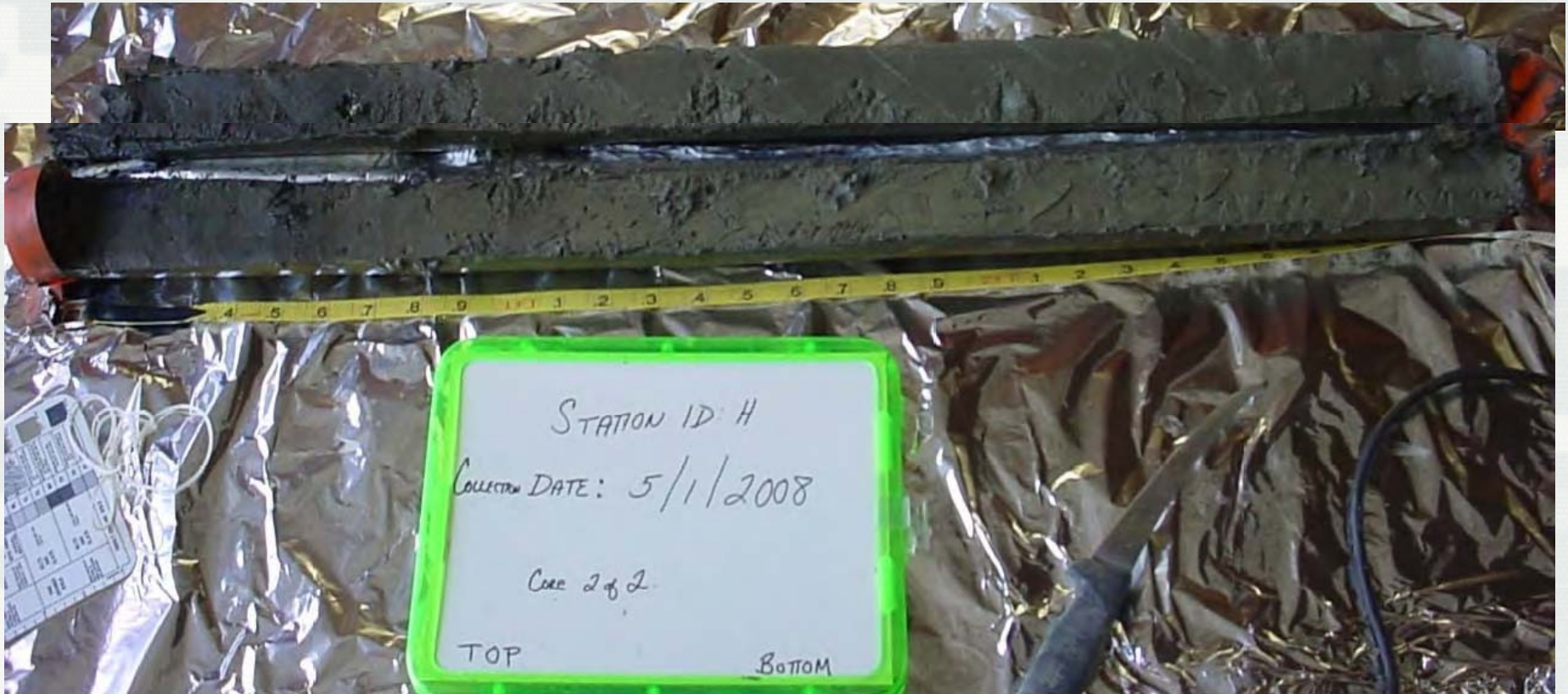
## Step 3 – Collect sediment samples at the dredge site and the potential disposal sites



**vibracore sampling  
in deeper water or  
with deeper core  
requirement**

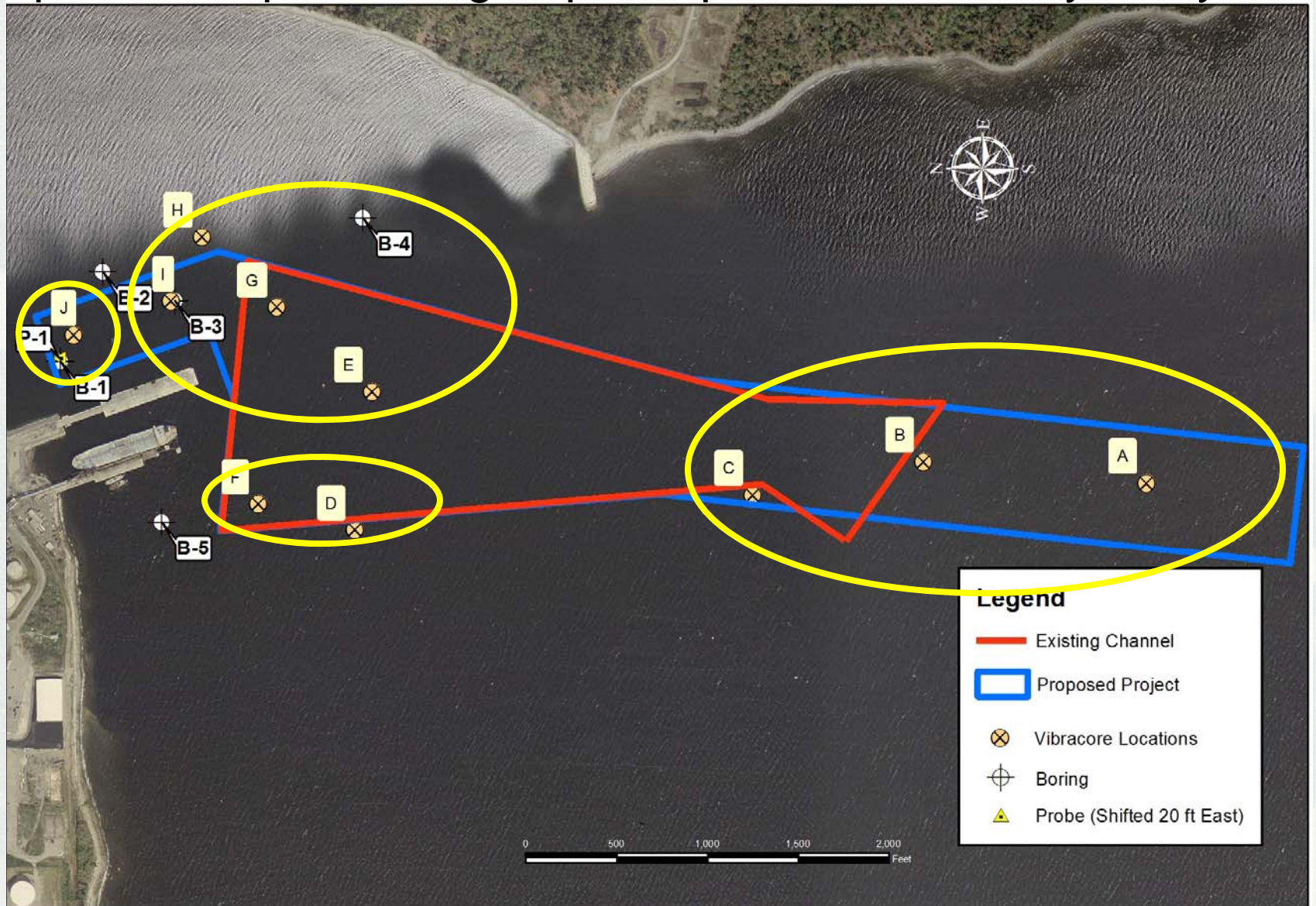
## Step 4 – process the cores

- cut the core liner and split the cores
- inspect/log the cores and subsample for physical analyses





# Step 5 – Composite or group samples for chemistry analysis





# Step 5 – Submit samples to lab for analyses

BATTELLE MARINE SCIENCES LABORATORIES  
 Jill Brandenberger, Project Manager  
 1529 West Sequim Bay Rd.  
 Sequim, Washington 98382  
 (360) 681-4564

USACE NED - Searsport Harbor  
 Metals in Sediment  
 Samples Received on 05/15/08  
 (concentrations in ug/g, dry weight)

Sponsor ID	MSL Code	Site Description	Collection Date	Percent Moisture	Metals				
					As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni
<i>Instrument:</i> ICP-MS ICP-MS ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES <i>CAS Number:</i> 7440-38-2 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 7440-50-8 7440-02-0 <b>Achieved MDL</b> 0.18 0.0044 0.020 0.058 0.023 <i>RLs (3.18 x MDL)</i> 0.5 0.01 0.07 0.2 0.07									
HAC-012	2891-3	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	62.4	13.5	0.0860	87.4	19.6	37.6
HAC-013	2891-4	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	60.6	14.2	0.0933	87.1	18.8	36.8
HAC-014	2891-5	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	62.7	14.3	0.0887	87.0	19.5	37.7
HAC-015	2891-6	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	64.0	12.5	0.0723	82.0	17.5	36.9
HAC-016	2891-7	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.4	12.5	0.0747	85.4	17.9	36.8
HAC-017	2891-8	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.1	12.4	0.0784	84.3	17.7	36.3
HAC-017	2891-8 DUP	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.1	13.0	0.0720	84.9	17.8	36.9
HAC-019	2891-9	Sediment from Station A,B,C	04/30/08	52.7	15.8	0.0913	81.8	17.0	36.9
HAC-020	2891-10	Sediment from Station D,F	04/30/08	57.5	18.0	0.172	75.7	16.2	34.0
HAC-021	2891-11	Sediment from Station E,G,H,I	04/30/08	42.5	14.9	0.118	63.3	15.8	30.5
HAC-022	2891-12	Sediment from Station J	05/01/08	30.2	17.0	0.159	47.4	8.76	19.8
<b>Procedural Blank</b>									
MB	Blank 053008				0.0277 J	0.01 U	0.07 U	0.2 U	0.07 U
MB	Method Blank R1				--	--	--	--	--
MB	Method Blank R2				--	--	--	--	--
MB	Method Blank R3				--	--	--	--	--
<b>Laboratory Control Sample (Blank Spike)</b>									
LCS	LCS 053008/ LCS (Hg)				27.1	26.4	25.6	25.4	24.4
MB	Blank 053008/Method Blank (Hg)				0.0277 J	0.01 U	0.07 U	0.2 U	0.07 U
	Spike Concentration				25	25	25	25	25
	Percent Recovery				108%	106%	102%	101%	98%
<b>MATRIX SPIKE RESULTS</b>									
MS	2891-10 MS				67.4	2.14	124	65.5	78.7
MSD	2891-10 MSD				64.4	1.99	119	62.1	76.4
HAC-020	2891-10 Sediment from Station D,F	04/30/08	57.5	18.0	0.172	75.7	16.2	34.0	
	Spike Concentration, MS				47.2	1.98	47.2	47.2	47.2
	Spike Concentration, MSD				44.9	1.82	44.9	44.9	44.9
	Percent Recovery, MS				105%	99%	102%	105%	95%
	Percent Recovery, MSD				103%	100%	96%	102%	94%
	RPD				1%	1%	6%	2%	0%

Searsport Harbor, Analytical Chemistry, Sediments and Rinsate Blanks

## CERTIFICATION STATEMENT AND DATA RELEASE

Battelle Marine Sciences Laboratory is releasing the following data set:

### SEARSPORT HARBOR SEDIMENT CHEMISTRY

### METALS IN SEDIMENT AND RINSATE BLANK

We certify that the data contained within this data set is authentic:

*Jill M. Brandenberger* for JHB  
 Jill M. Brandenberger  
 MSL Metals Chemistry Project Manager  
 Date 6/20/2008

*Christina Jones* for JHB  
 Janet Cloutier  
 MSL QA Officer  
 Date 6/20/08

# Step 6 – Compare the lab measured chemistry concentrations with existing standards to determine if the material is suitable or if additional testing is required

BATTELLE MARINE SCIENCES LABORATORIES  
 Jill Brandenberger, Project Manager  
 1529 West Sequim Bay Rd.  
 Sequim, Washington 98382  
 (360) 681-4564

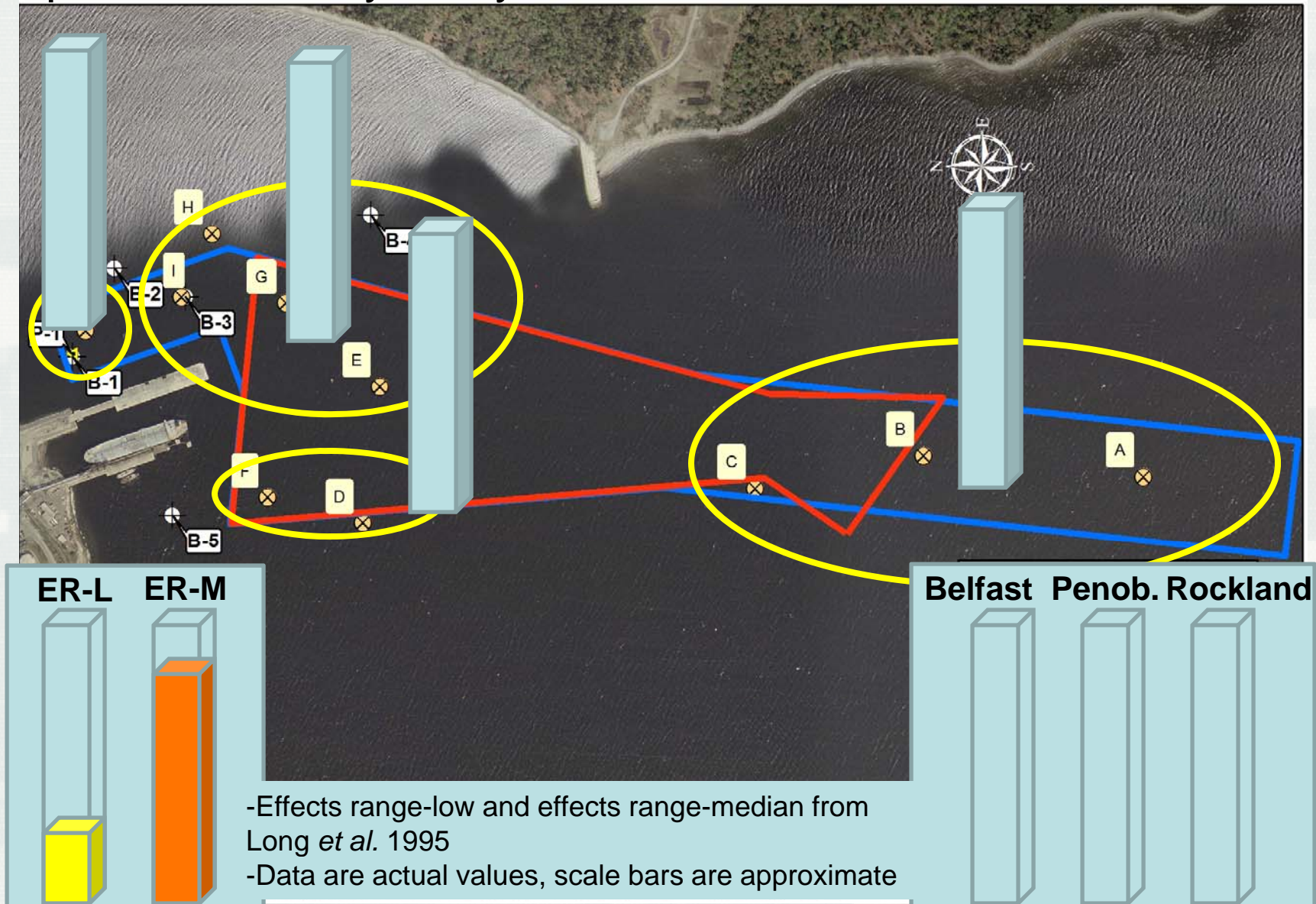
USACE NED - Searsport Harbor  
 Metals in Sediment  
 Samples Received on 05/15/08  
 (concentrations in ug/g, dry weight)

Sponsor ID	MSL Code	Site Description	Collection Date	Percent Moisture	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn	Hg
					<i>Instrument:</i> ICP-MS ICP-MS ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES <i>CAS Number:</i> 7440-38-2 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 7440-50-8 7440-02-0 7439-92-1 7440-66-6 7439-97-6 <b>Achieved MDL</b> 0.18 0.0044 0.020 0.058 0.023 0.25 0.21 0.0020 <i>RLs (3.18 x MDL)</i> 0.5 0.01 0.07 0.2 0.07 0.7 0.7 0.007							
HAC-012	2891-3	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	62.4	13.5	0.0860	87.4	19.6	37.6	26.4	114	0.278
HAC-013	2891-4	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	60.6	14.2	0.0933	87.1	18.8	36.8	26.8	111	0.289
HAC-014	2891-5	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	62.7	14.3	0.0887	87.0	19.5	37.7	26.6	114	0.261
HAC-015	2891-6	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	64.0	12.5	0.0723	82.0	17.5	36.9	22.5	106	0.136
HAC-016	2891-7	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.4	12.5	0.0747	85.4	17.9	36.8	22.5	109	0.150
HAC-017	2891-8	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.1	12.4	0.0784	84.3	17.7	36.3	23.3	107	0.150
HAC-017	2891-8 DUP	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.1	13.0	0.0720	84.9	17.8	36.9	23.7	108	0.156
HAC-019	2891-9	Sediment from Station A,B,C	04/30/08	52.7	15.8	0.0913	81.8	17.0	36.9	18.3	97.7	0.129
HAC-020	2891-10	Sediment from Station D,F	04/30/08	57.5	18.0	0.172	75.7	16.2	34.0	15.7	89.0	0.110
HAC-021	2891-11	Sediment from Station E,G,H,I	04/30/08	42.5	14.9	0.118	63.3	15.8	30.5	11.4	65.0	0.0440
HAC-022	2891-12	Sediment from Station J	05/01/08	30.2	17.0	0.159	47.4	8.76	19.8	10.1	48.4	0.0420
<b>Procedural Blank</b>												
MB	Blank 053008				0.0277 J	0.01 U	0.07 U	0.2 U	0.07 U	0.7 U	0.7 U	--
MB	Method Blank R1				--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.007 U
MB	Method Blank R2				--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.007 U
MB	Method Blank R3				--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.007 U
<b>Laboratory Control Sample (Blank Spike)</b>												
LCS	LCS 053008/ LCS (Hg)				27.1	26.4	25.6	25.4	24.4	25.7	26.5	0.279
MB	Blank 053008/Method Blank (Hg)				0.0277 J	0.01 U	0.07 U	0.2 U	0.07 U	0.7 U	0.7 U	0.007 U
	Spike Concentration				25	25	25	25	25	25	25	0.281
	Percent Recovery				108%	106%	102%	101%	98%	103%	106%	99%
<b>MATRIX SPIKE RESULTS</b>												
MS	2891-10 MS				67.4	2.14	124	65.5	78.7	60.5	185	0.664
MSD	2891-10 MSD				64.4	1.99	119	62.1	76.4	57.4	177	0.594
HAC-020	2891-10 Sediment from Station D,F	04/30/08	57.5		18.0	0.172	75.7	16.2	34.0	15.7	89.0	0.110
	Spike Concentration, MS				47.2	1.98	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	94.3	0.552
	Spike Concentration, MSD				44.9	1.82	44.9	44.9	44.9	44.9	89.8	0.482
	Percent Recovery, MS				105%	99%	102%	105%	95%	95%	102%	100%
	Percent Recovery, MSD				103%	100%	96%	102%	94%	93%	98%	100%
	RPD				1%	1%	6%	2%	0%	2%	4%	0%





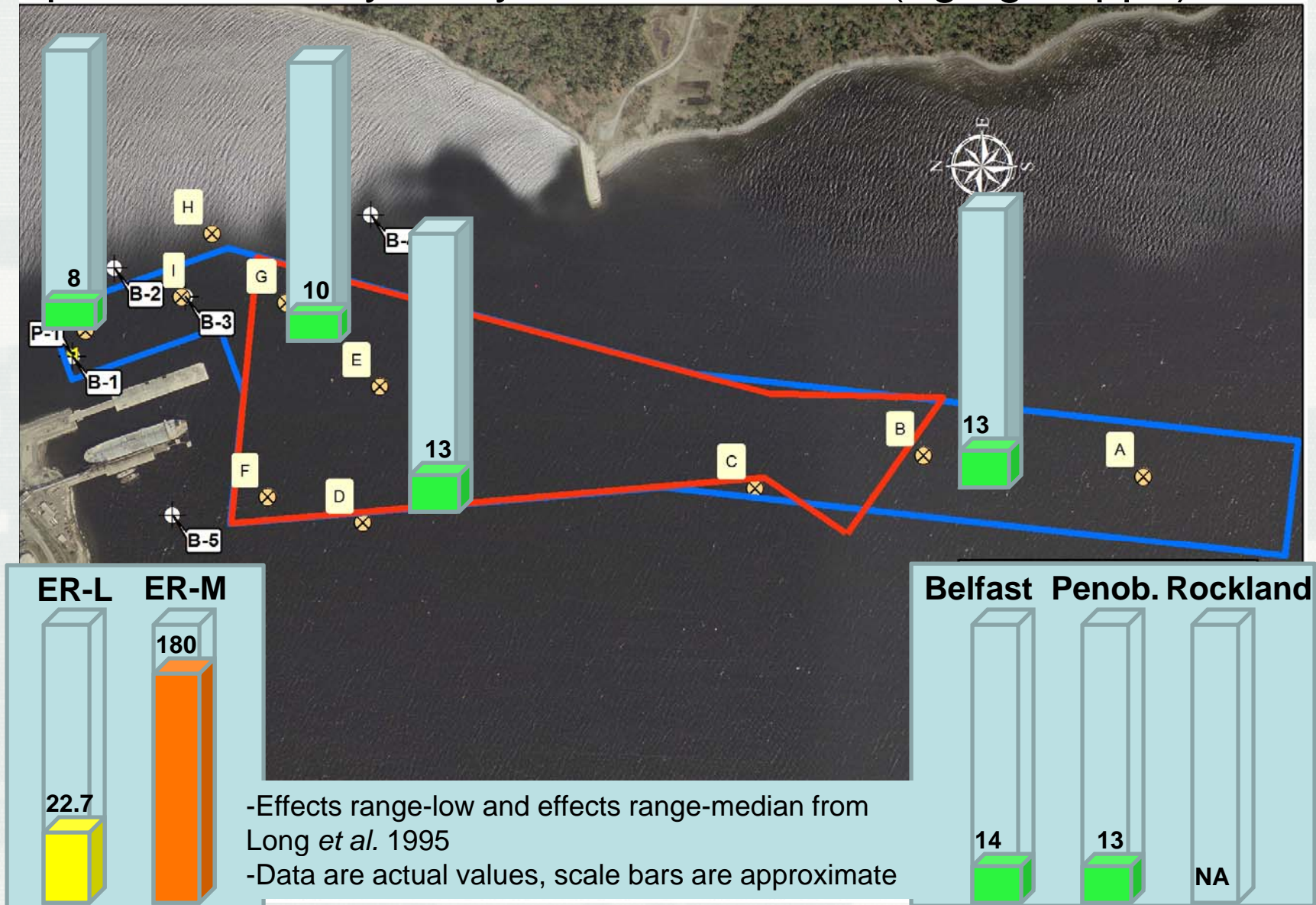
# Step 5 – Chemistry analysis results



-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
 -Data are actual values, scale bars are approximate

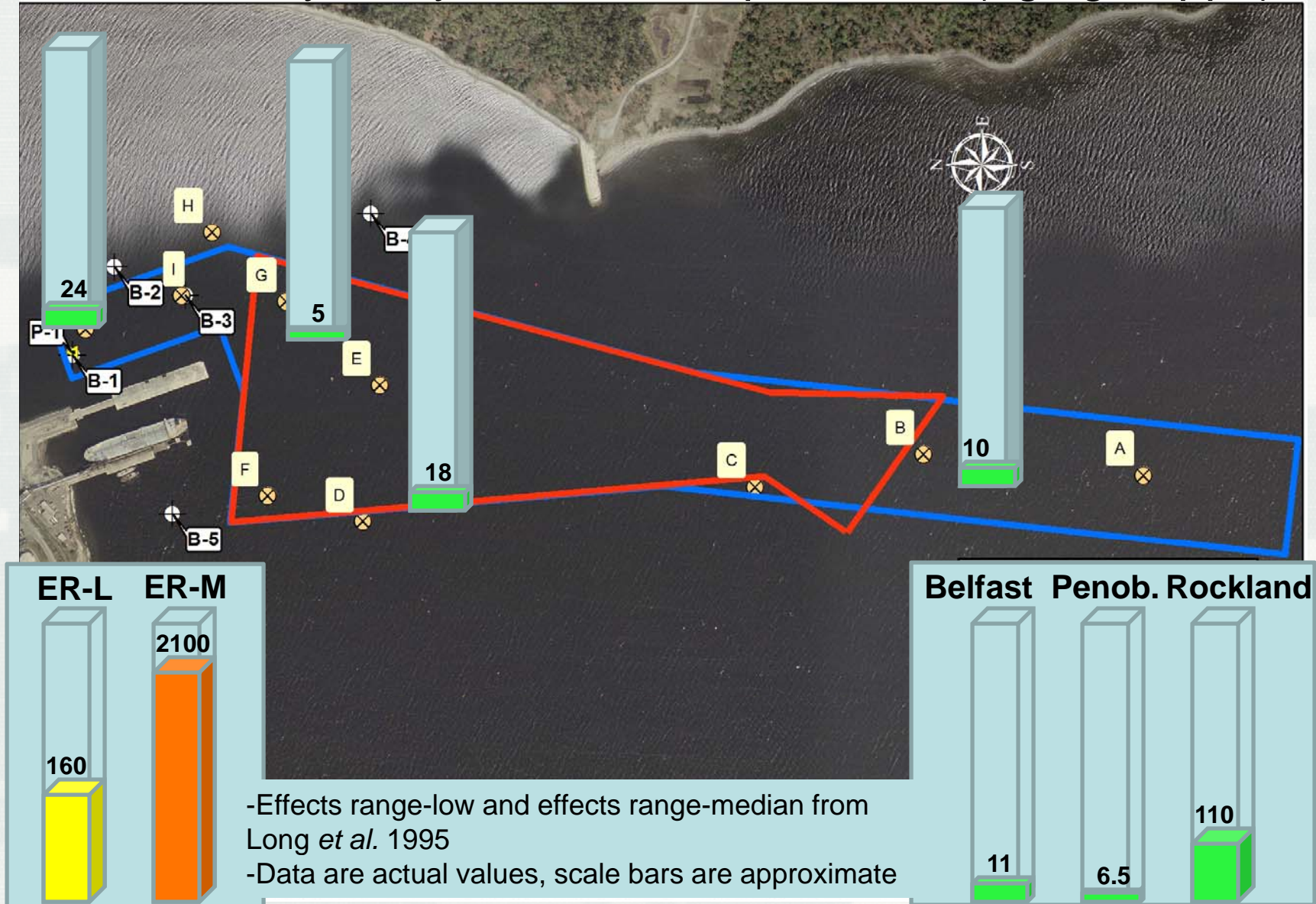
**disposal sites**

# Step 5 – Chemistry analysis results PCBs (ug/kg or ppb)





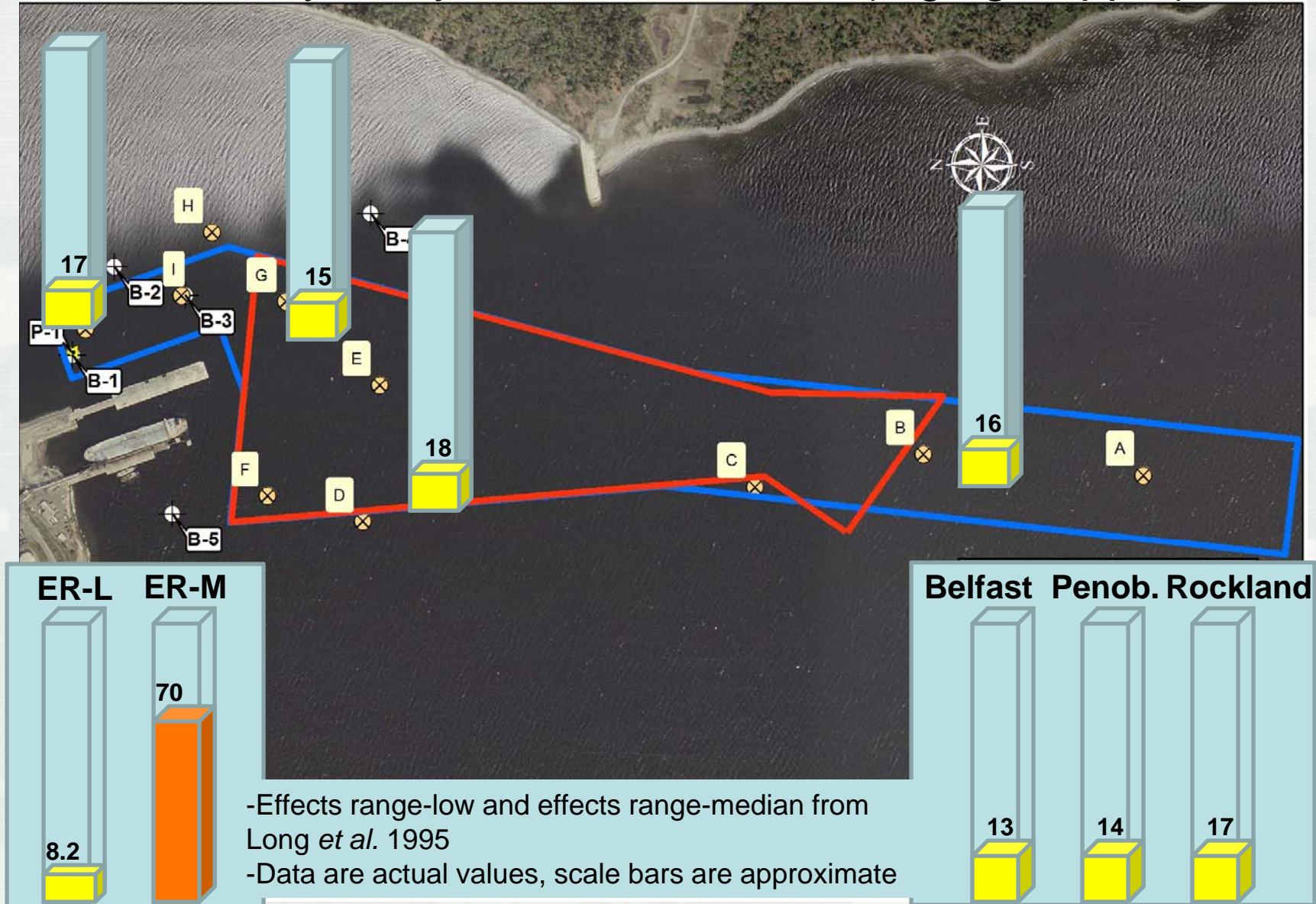
# Step 5 – Chemistry analysis results naphthalene (ug/kg or ppb)



-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
 -Data are actual values, scale bars are approximate

**disposal sites** ®

# Step 5 – Chemistry analysis results arsenic (mg/kg or ppm)

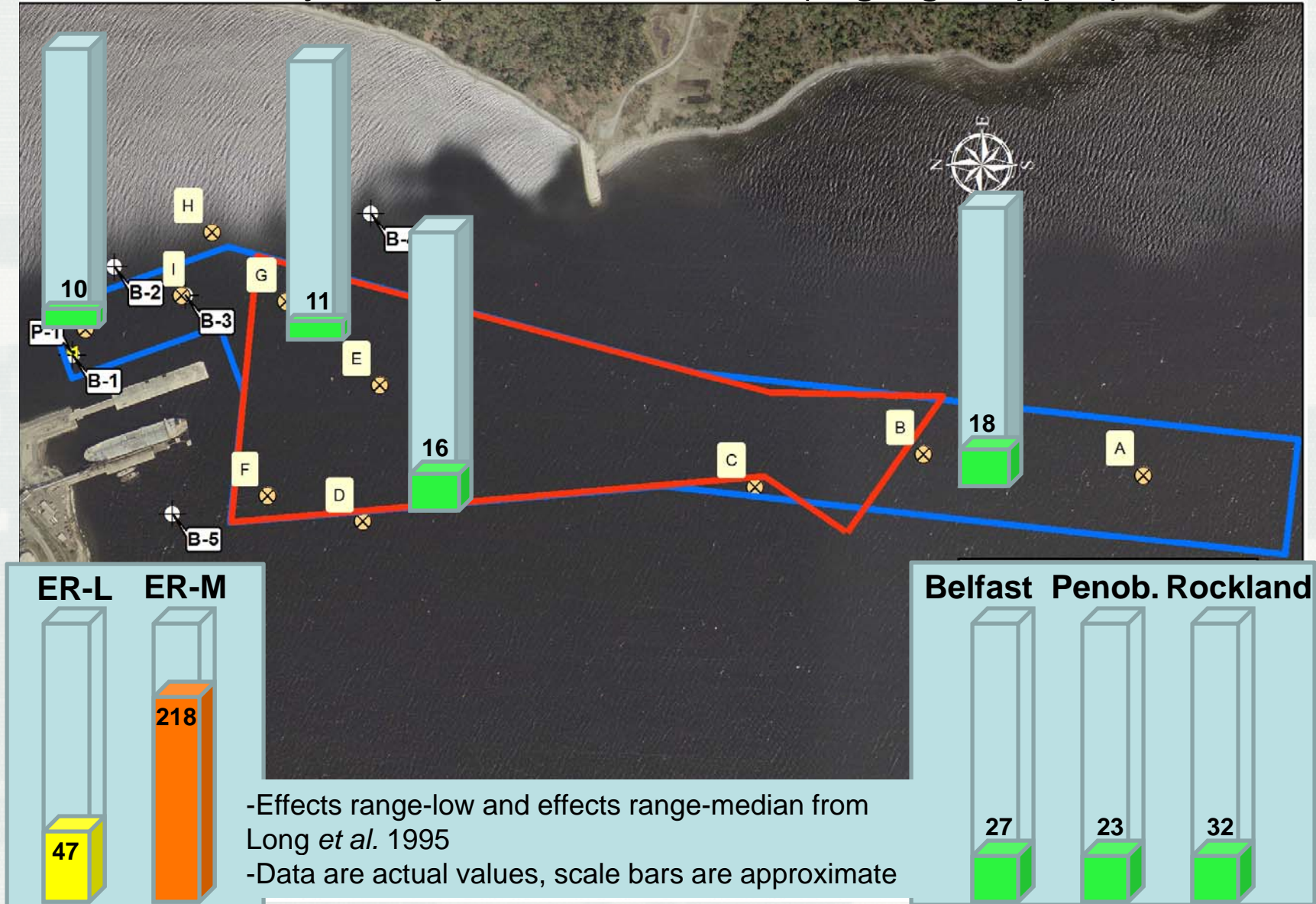


-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
 -Data are actual values, scale bars are approximate

**disposal sites**

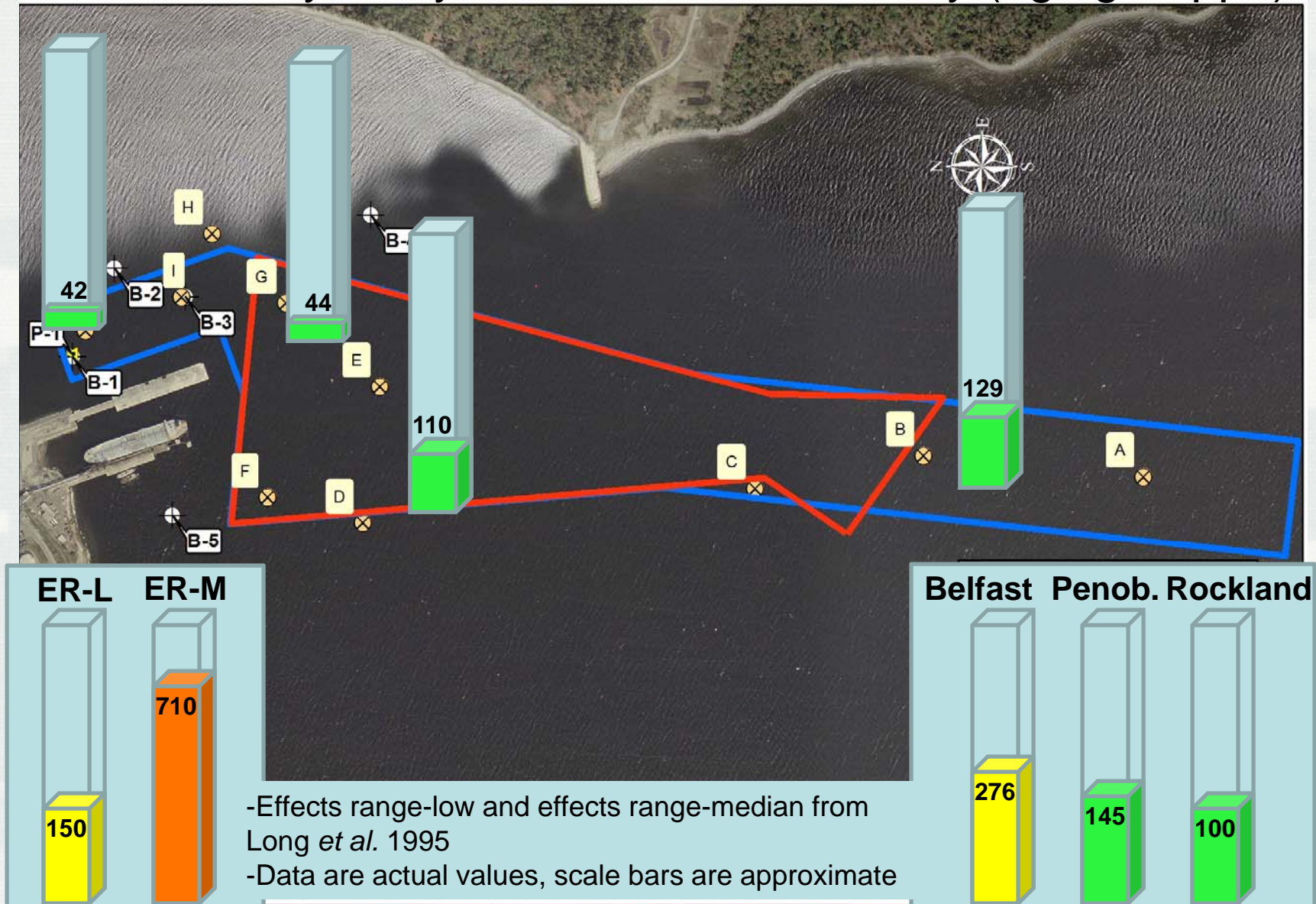


# Step 5 – Chemistry analysis results lead (mg/kg or ppm)



**disposal sites** ®

# Step 5 – Chemistry analysis results total mercury (ug/kg or ppb)

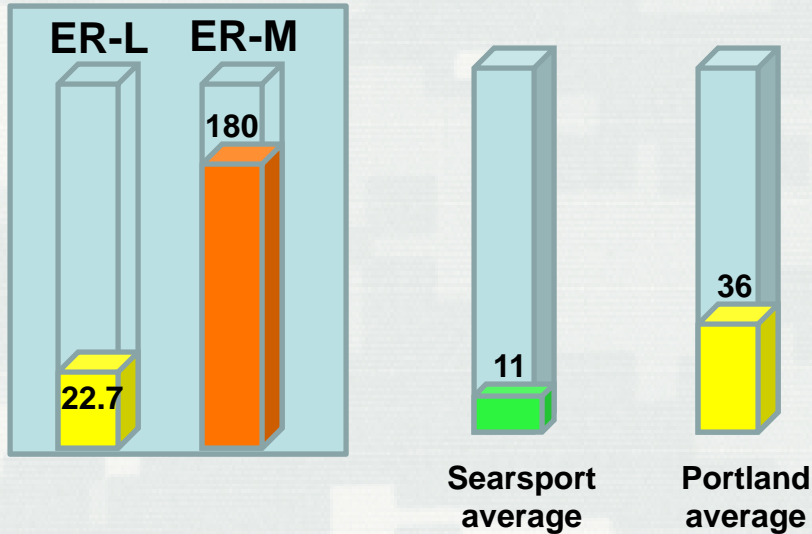


disposal sites



# Comparison of Searsport chemistry results with other Maine harbors dredged within the past ~15 years

## PCBs (ug/kg or ppb)

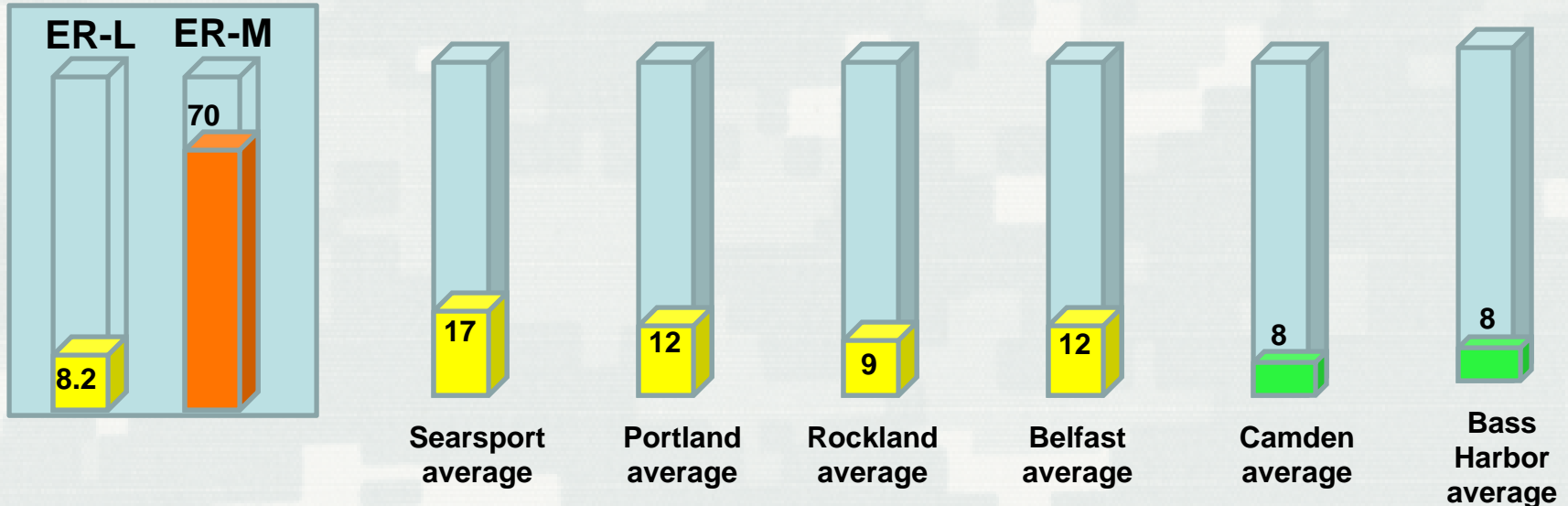


-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
-Data are averages of concentrations presented in project Environmental Assessments, scale bars are approximate



# Comparison of Searsport chemistry results with other Maine harbors dredged within the past ~15 years

## Arsenic (mg/kg or ppm)



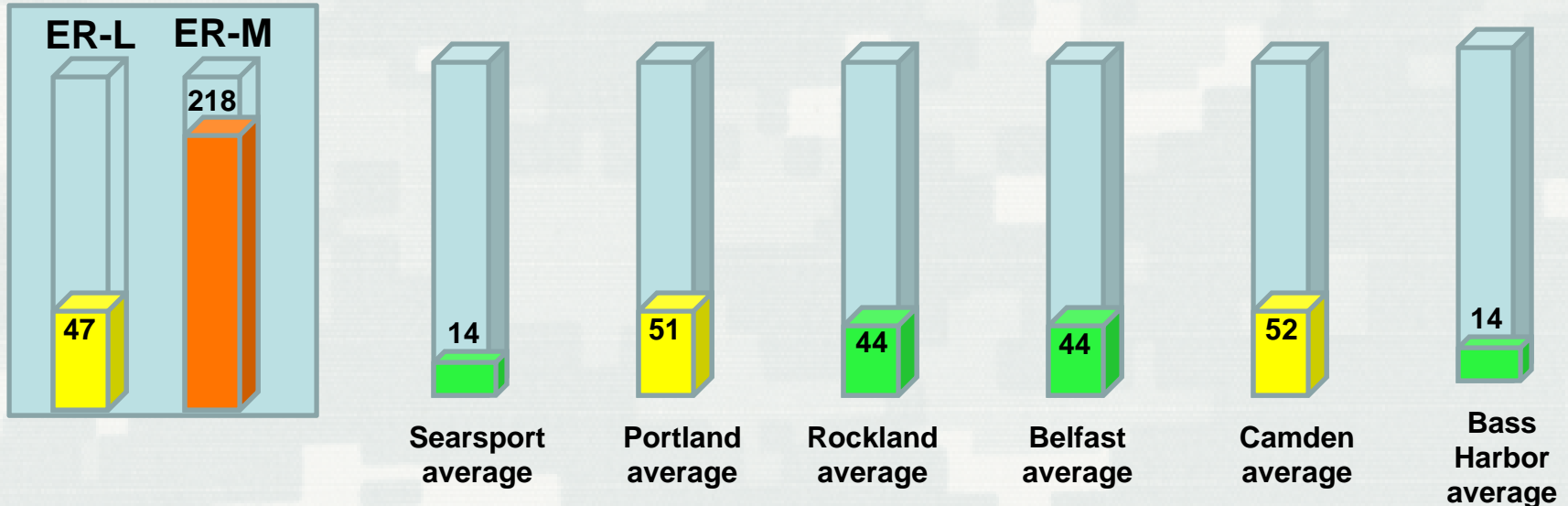
-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
-Data are averages of concentrations presented in project Environmental Assessments, scale bars are approximate





# Comparison of Searsport chemistry results with other Maine harbors dredged within the past ~15 years

## Lead (mg/kg or ppm)

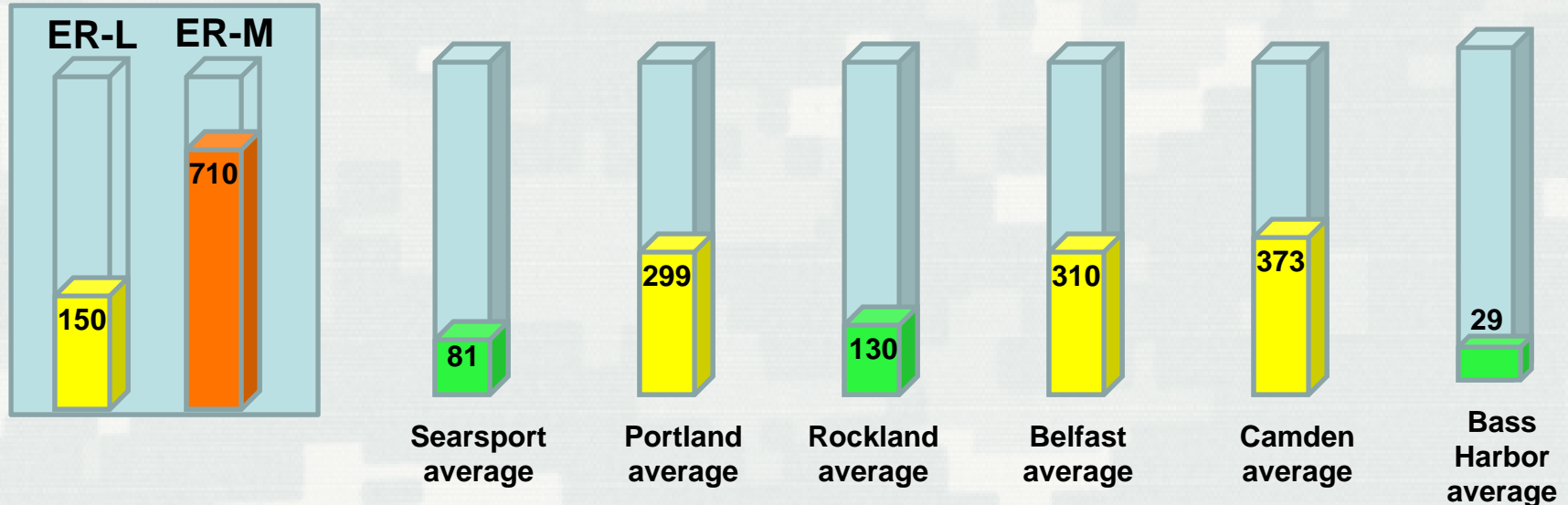


-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
-Data are averages of concentrations presented in project Environmental Assessments, scale bars are approximate



# Comparison of Searsport chemistry results with other Maine harbors dredged within the past ~15 years

Total Mercury (ug/kg or ppb)



-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
-Data are averages of concentrations presented in project Environmental Assessments, scale bars are approximate



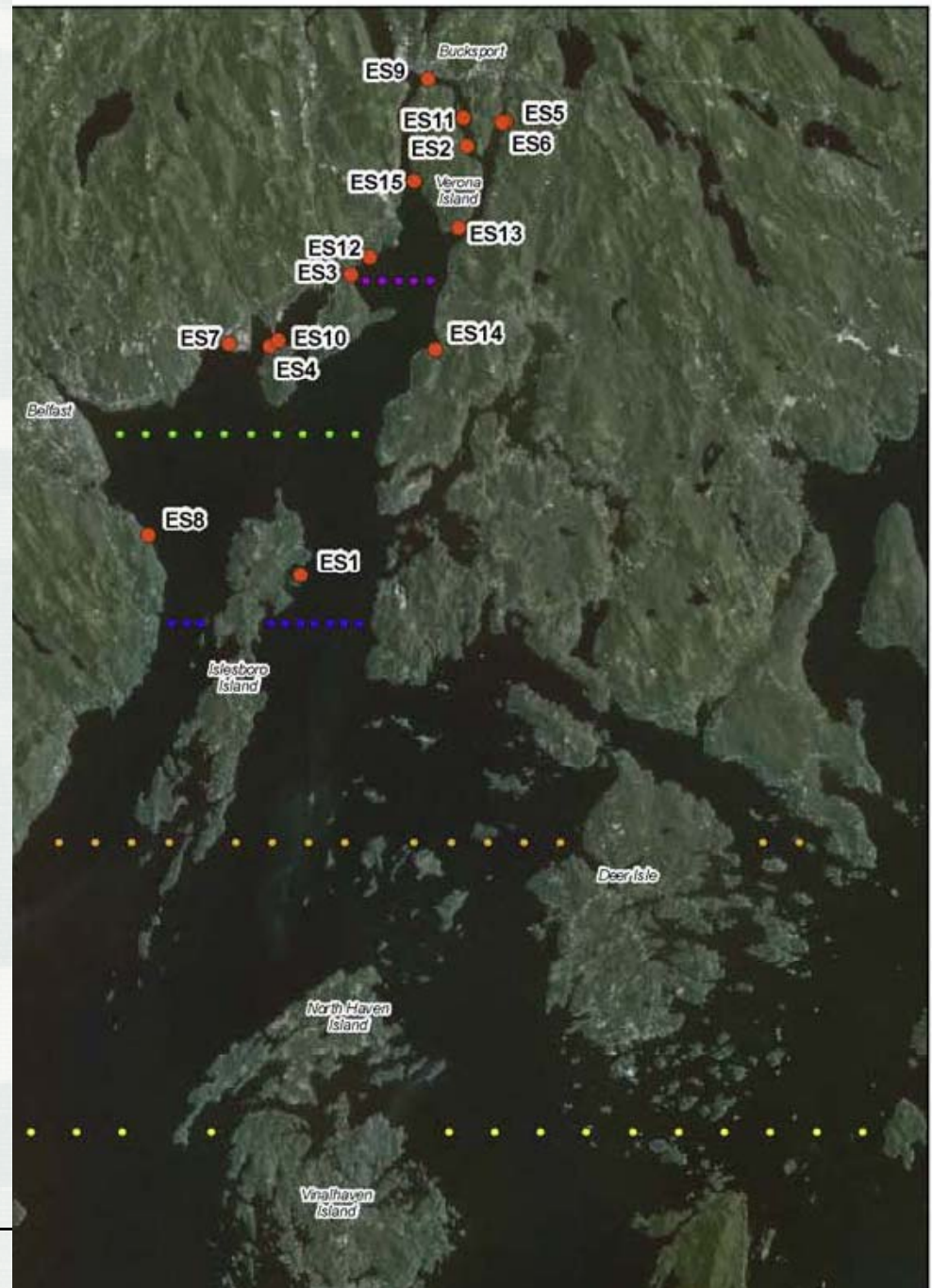


How does the Searsport chemistry results compare with the overall Penobscot Bay mercury study?

Court ordered study:

- covered the Penobscot River and the entire bay
- multiple stations sampled
- multiple media sampled
- multiple forms of mercury analyzed

Source: Figure 6 from Phase I  
Penobscot River Mercury Study, 2008



## Background on Mercury

- naturally occurring element (only metal that is liquid at room temperature)
- the organic form methyl mercury is a neurotoxin that can bioaccumulate



Source: LearnNC.org



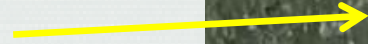
- undergoes complex cycling in natural systems with increased potential for methyl mercury formation in marsh systems



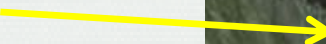


# Estuary Aquatic Sampling Stations from Penobscot River Study

ES7 adjacent to port

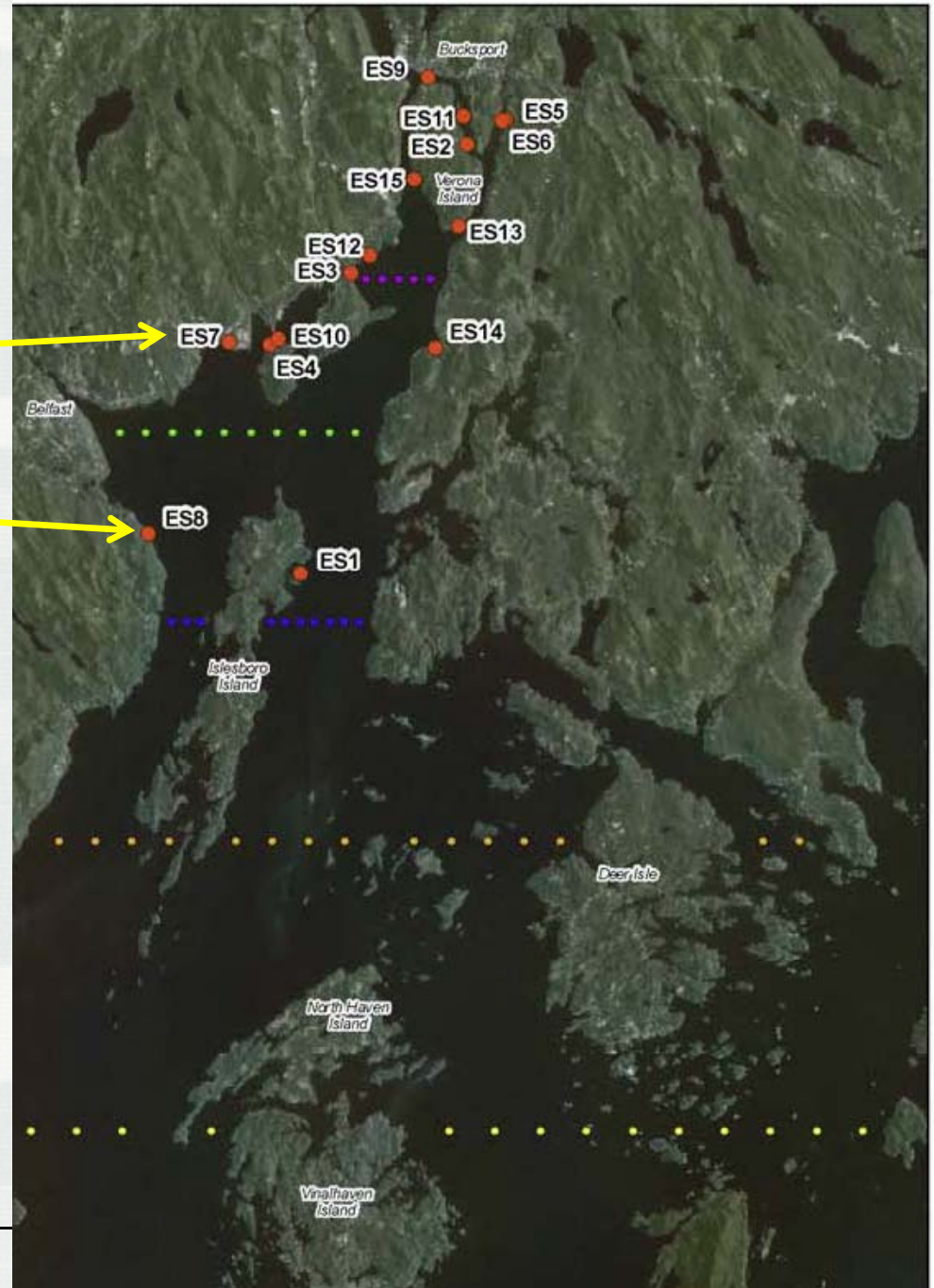


ES8 west of proposed disposal site



Study analyzed for both total mercury and methyl mercury

Source: Figure 6 from Phase I Penobscot River Mercury Study, 2008



# Total Mercury in Sediments Averaged from Four Sampling Rounds

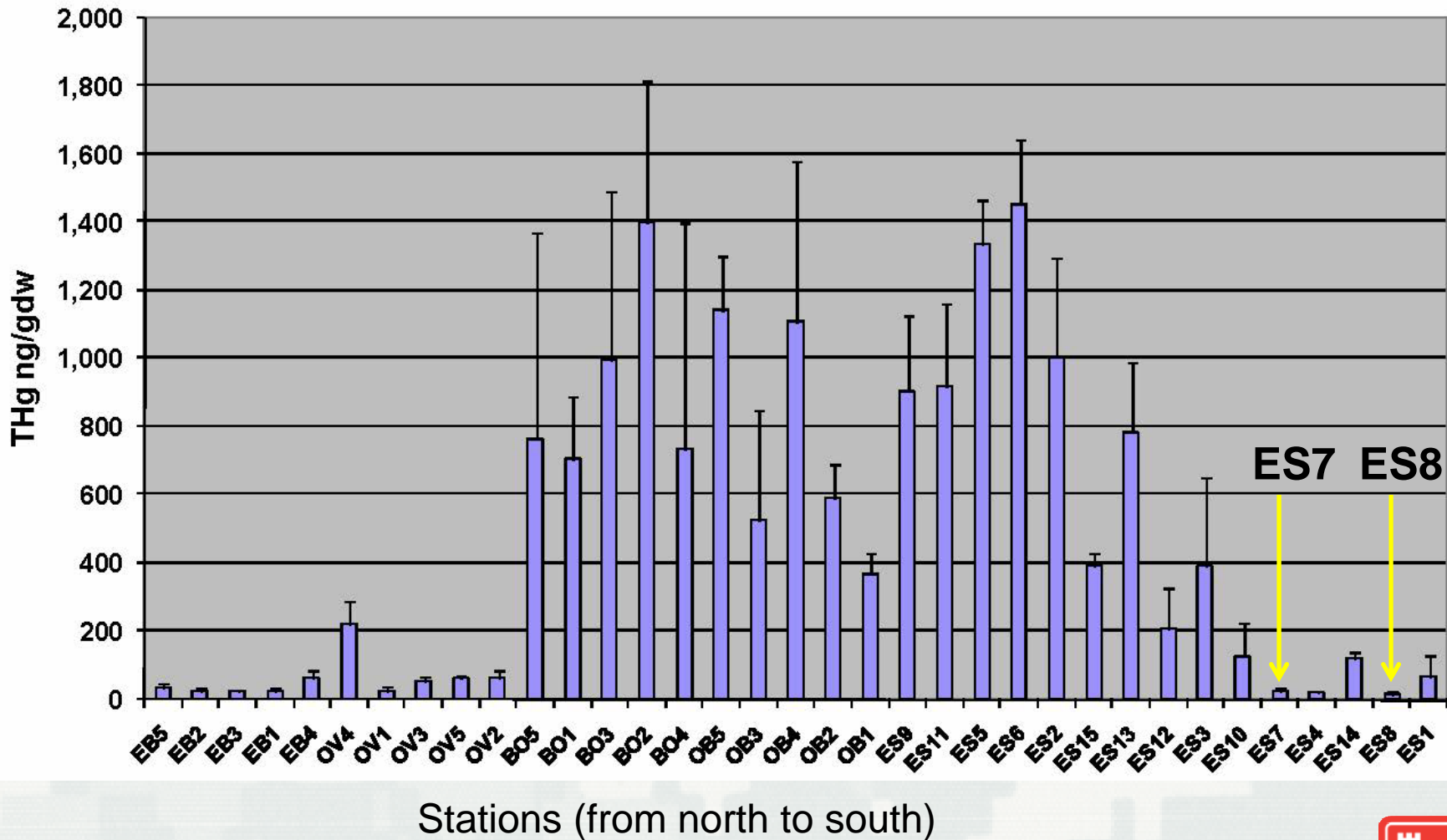


Figure 20 from Phase I Penobscot River Mercury Study, 2008





Study recommended an action limit of 450 ug/kg total mercury in sediment as a trigger for remediation

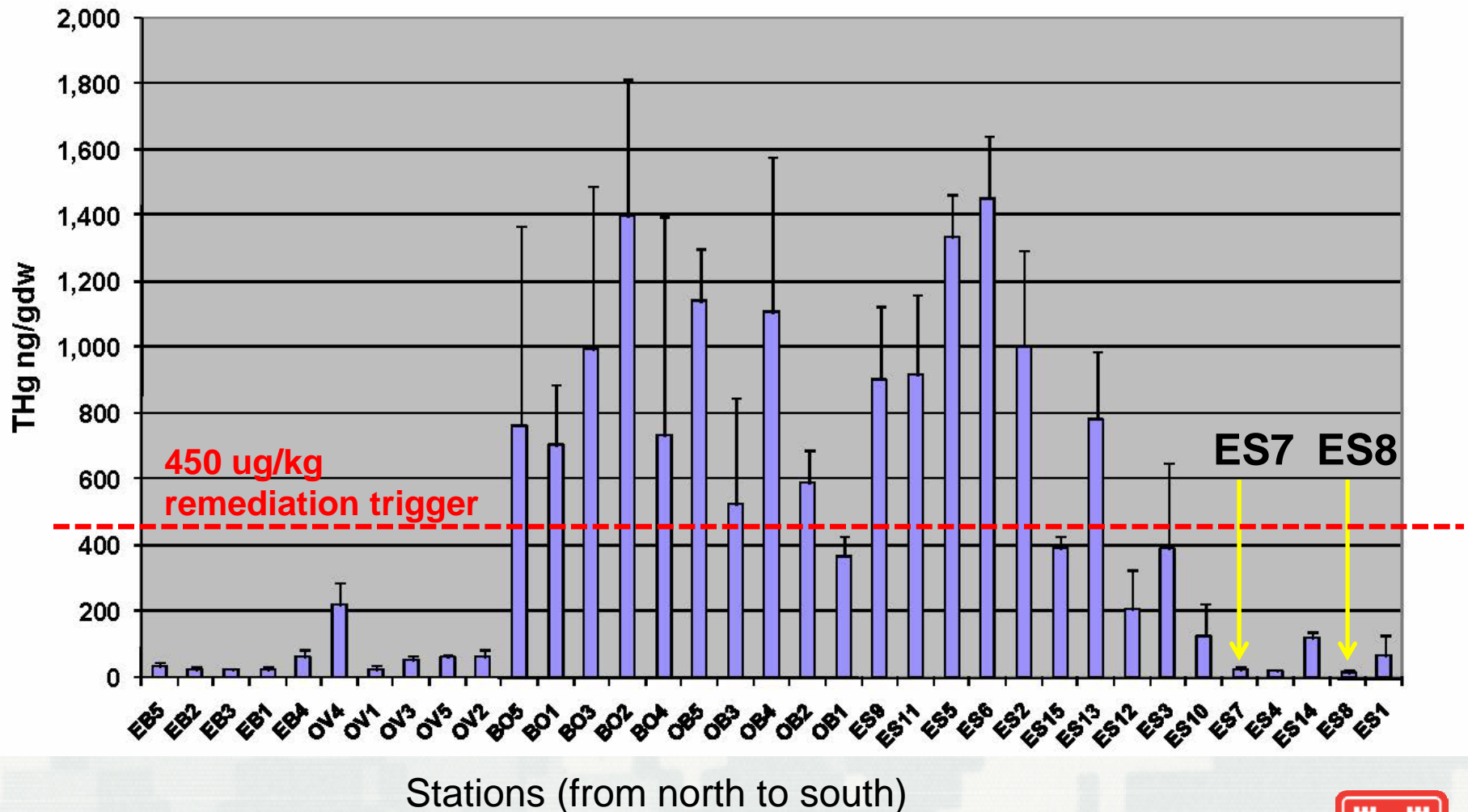
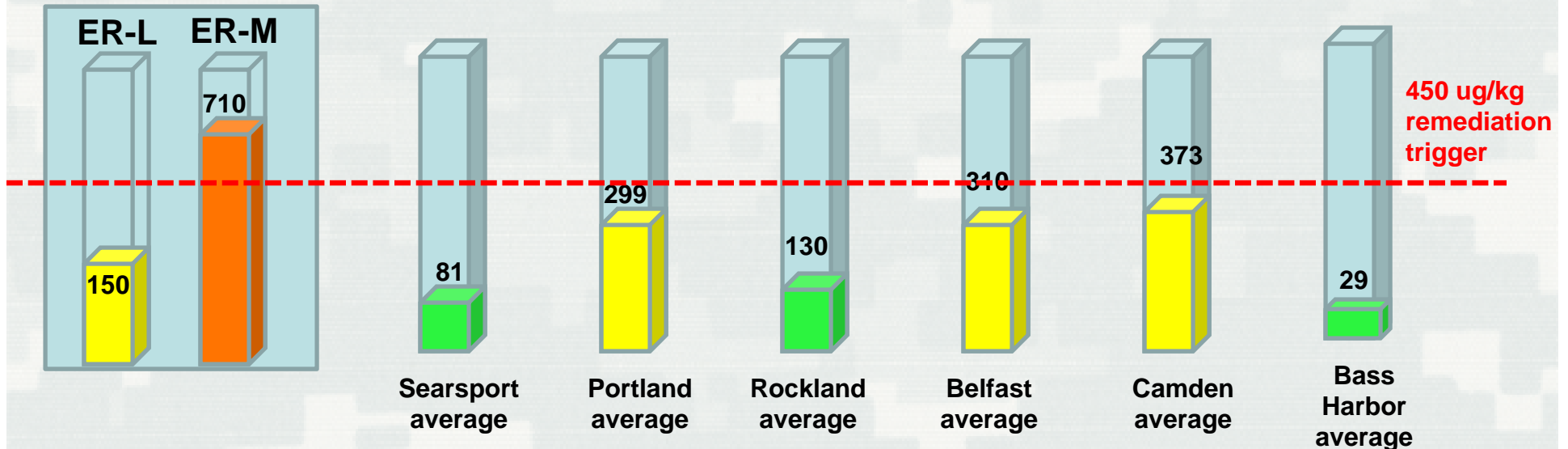


Figure 20 from Phase I Penobscot River Mercury Study, 2008



# Comparison of Searsport chemistry results with other Maine harbors dredged within the past ~15 years

Total Mercury (ug/kg or ppb)



-Effects range-low and effects range-median from Long *et al.* 1995  
-Data are averages of concentrations presented in project Environmental Assessments, scale bars are approximate





# Step 7 – Submit results to EPA → Based on the results, the material was deemed suitable by the EPA for placement at an in-water dredged material disposal site

BATTELLE MARINE SCIENCES LABORATORIES  
 Jill Brandenberger, Project Manager  
 1529 West Sequim Bay Rd.  
 Sequim, Washington 98382  
 (360) 681-4564

USACE NED - Searsport Harbor  
 Metals in Sediment  
 Samples Received on 05/15/08  
 (concentrations in ug/g, dry weight)

Sponsor ID	MSL Code	Site Description	Collection Date	Percent Moisture	Metals							
					As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn	Hg
Instrument: ICP-MS ICP-MS ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES ICP-OES TD-CYAAAS CAS Number: 7440-38-2 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 7440-50-8 7440-02-0 7439-92-1 7440-66-6 7439-97-6 Achieved MDL 0.18 0.0044 0.020 0.058 0.023 0.25 0.21 0.0020 RLs (3.18 x MDL) 0.5 0.01 0.07 0.2 0.07 0.7 0.7 0.007												
HAC-012	2891-3	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	62.4	13.5	0.0860	87.4	19.6	37.6	26.4	114	0.278
HAC-013	2891-4	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	60.6	14.2	0.0933	87.1	18.8	36.8	26.8	111	0.289
HAC-014	2891-5	Reference Sediment BBDS	05/02/08	62.7	14.3	0.0887	87.0	19.5	37.7	26.6	114	0.261
HAC-015	2891-6	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	64.0	12.5	0.0723	82.0	17.5	36.9	22.5	106	0.136
HAC-016	2891-7	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.4	12.5	0.0747	85.4	17.9	36.8	22.5	109	0.150
HAC-017	2891-8	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.1	12.4	0.0784	84.3	17.7	36.3	23.3	107	0.150
HAC-017	2891-8 DUP	Reference Sediment IDS	05/02/08	62.1	13.0	0.0720	84.9	17.8	36.9	23.7	108	0.156
HAC-019	2891-9	Sediment from Station A,B,C	04/30/08	52.7	15.8	0.0913	81.8	17.0	36.9	18.3	97.7	0.129
HAC-020	2891-10	Sediment from Station D,F	04/30/08	57.5	18.0	0.172	75.7	16.2	34.0	15.7	89.0	0.110
HAC-021	2891-11	Sediment from Station E,G,H,I	04/30/08	42.5	14.9	0.118	63.3	15.8	30.5	11.4	65.0	0.0440
HAC-022	2891-12	Sediment from Station J	05/01/08	30.2	17.0	0.159	47.4	8.76	19.8	10.1	48.4	0.0420
<b>Procedural Blank</b>												
MB		Blank 053008			0.0277 J	0.01 U	0.07 U	0.2 U	0.07 U	0.7 U	0.7 U	--
MB		Method Blank R1			--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.007 U
MB		Method Blank R2			--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.007 U
MB		Method Blank R3			--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.007 U
<b>Laboratory Control Sample (Blank Spike)</b>												
LCS		LCS 053008/ LCS (Hg)			27.1	26.4	25.6	25.4	24.4	25.7	26.5	0.279
MB		Blank 053008/Method Blank (Hg)			0.0277 J	0.01 U	0.07 U	0.2 U	0.07 U	0.7 U	0.7 U	0.007 U
		Spike Concentration			25	25	25	25	25	25	25	0.281
		Percent Recovery			108%	106%	102%	101%	98%	103%	106%	99%
<b>MATRIX SPIKE RESULTS</b>												
MS		2891-10 MS			67.4	2.14	124	65.5	78.7	60.5	185	0.664
MSD		2891-10 MSD			64.4	1.99	119	62.1	76.4	57.4	177	0.594
HAC-020		2891-10 Sediment from Station D,F	04/30/08	57.5	18.0	0.172	75.7	16.2	34.0	15.7	89.0	0.110
		Spike Concentration, MS			47.2	1.98	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	94.3	0.552
		Spike Concentration, MSD			44.9	1.82	44.9	44.9	44.9	44.9	89.8	0.482
		Percent Recovery, MS			105%	99%	102%	105%	95%	102%	100%	100%
		Percent Recovery, MSD			103%	100%	96%	102%	94%	93%	98%	100%
		RPD			1%	1%	6%	2%	0%	2%	4%	0%

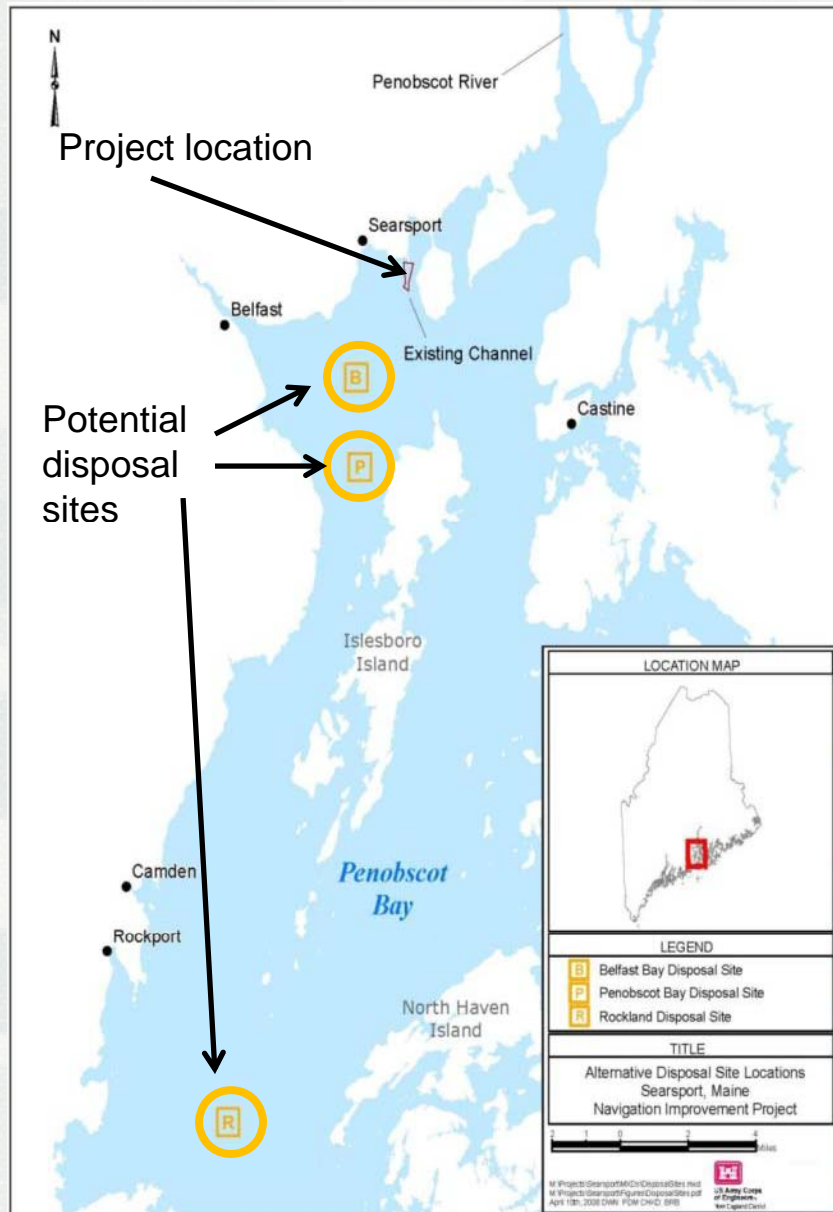
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Searsport Harbor, Analytical Chemistry, Sediments and Rinsate Blanks

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# Selection of a Potential Disposal Site

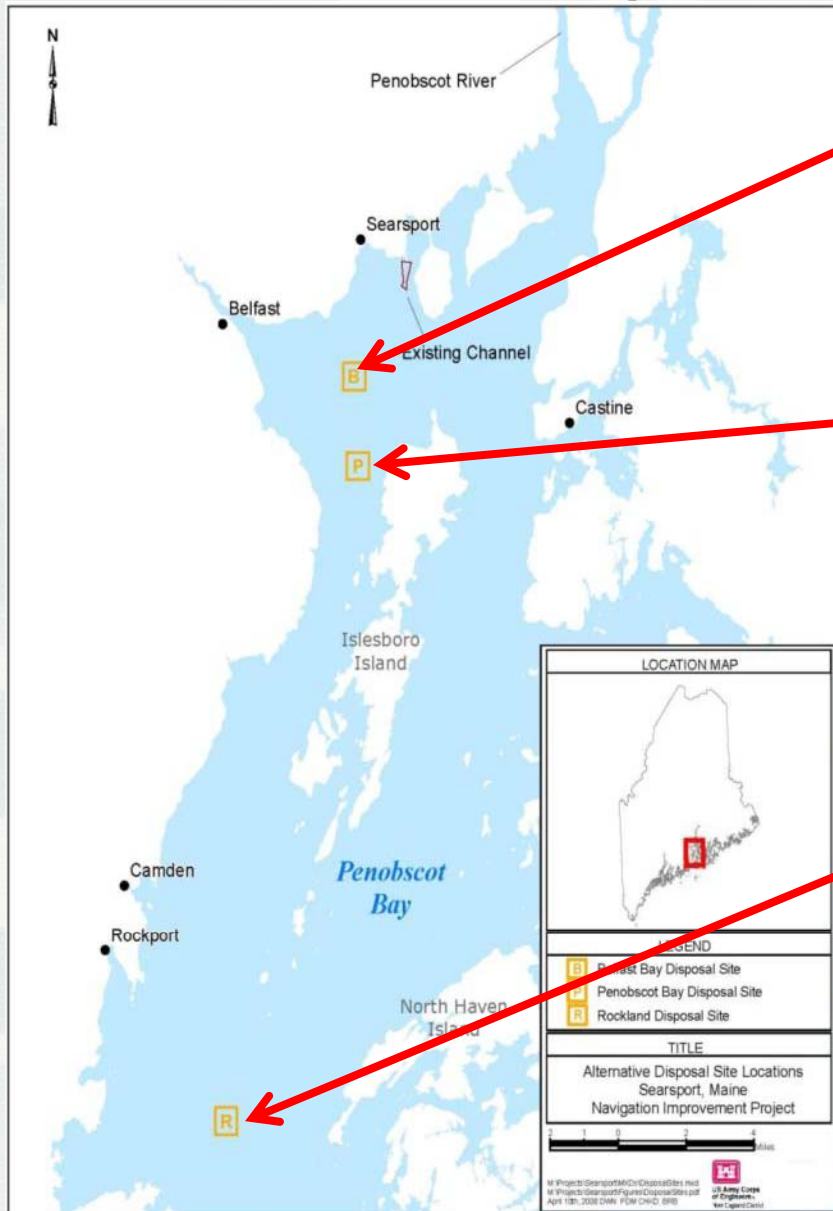


- Previously used for dredged material disposal?
- Capacity of the site
- Proximity to sensitive resources
- Distance from project location
- Other logistical issues





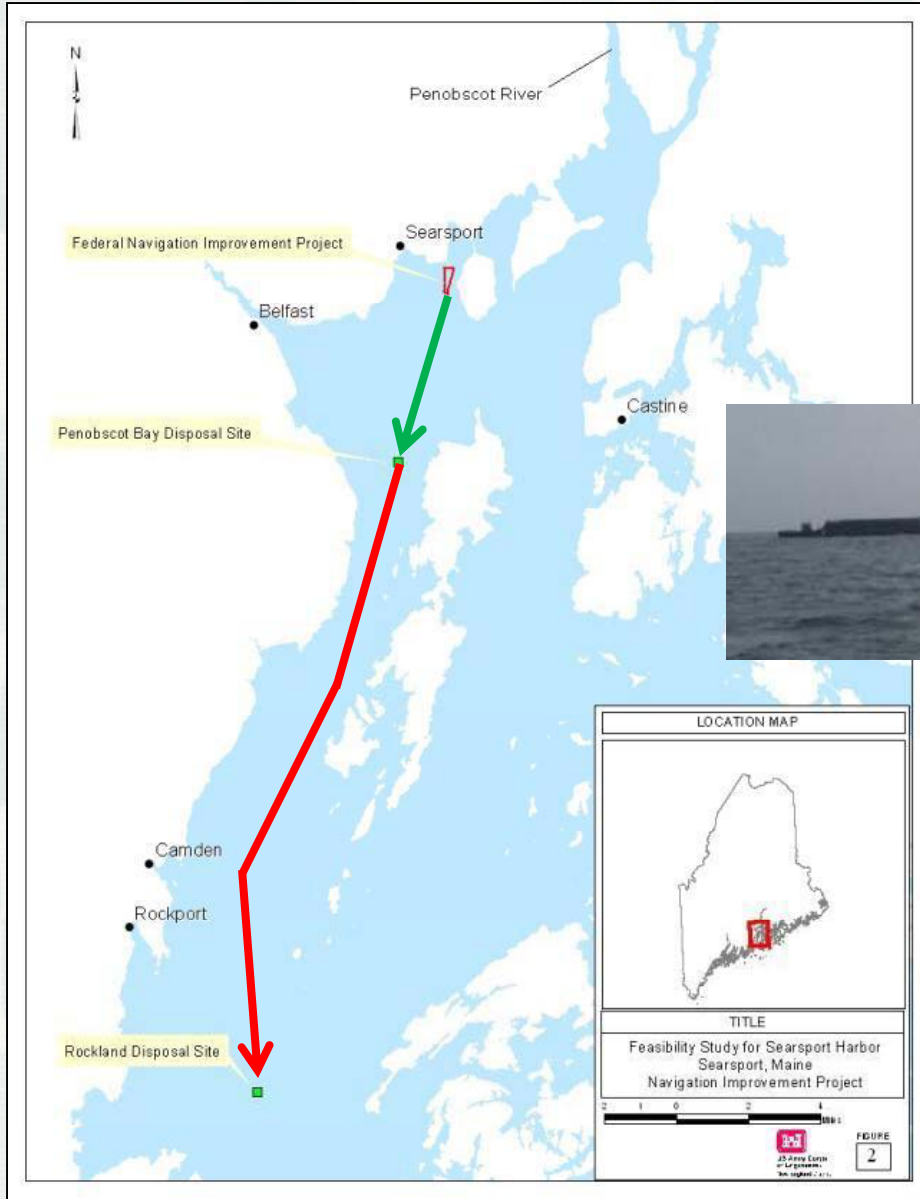
# Studies Supporting the Selection of the Disposal Site



- Belfast Bay (Steels Ledge) site - marked on charts (historical); evaluated in 2000, 2007-08 but no detailed record of use
- Penobscot site – nearby area marked on charts (historical)
  - initial sampling in 2007-08
  - bathymetry, imaging, benthic sampling in 2013
- Rockland – established regional site with use dating back to 1973



# Concerns with Use of the Rockland Disposal Site



Extended haul distance to disposal site

- approximately 38 miles additional haul for each scow round trip

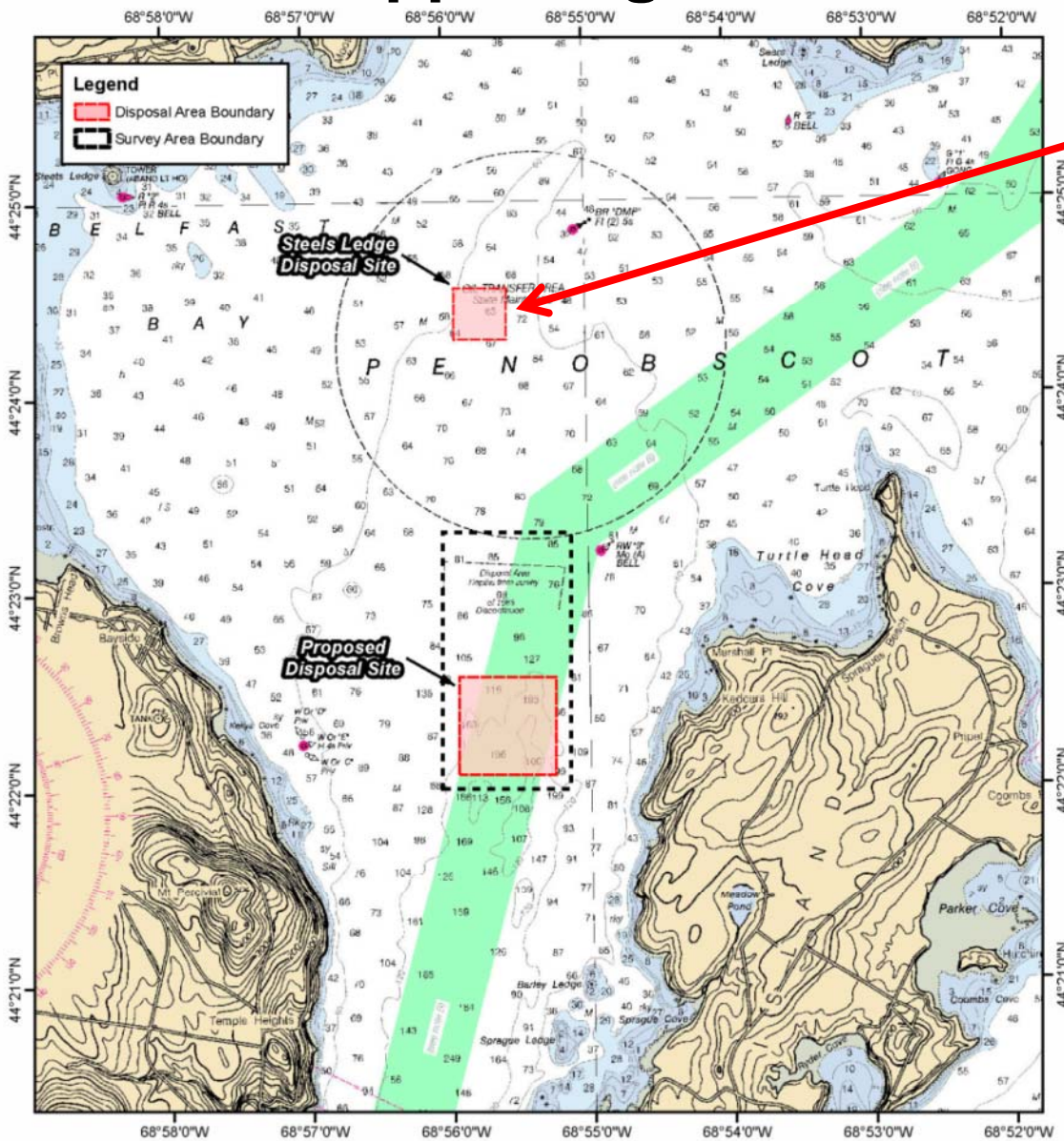


- additional 63 days of tug-scow traffic on the bay
- additional 260,000 gallons of diesel fuel usage





# Studies Supporting the Selection of the Disposal Site

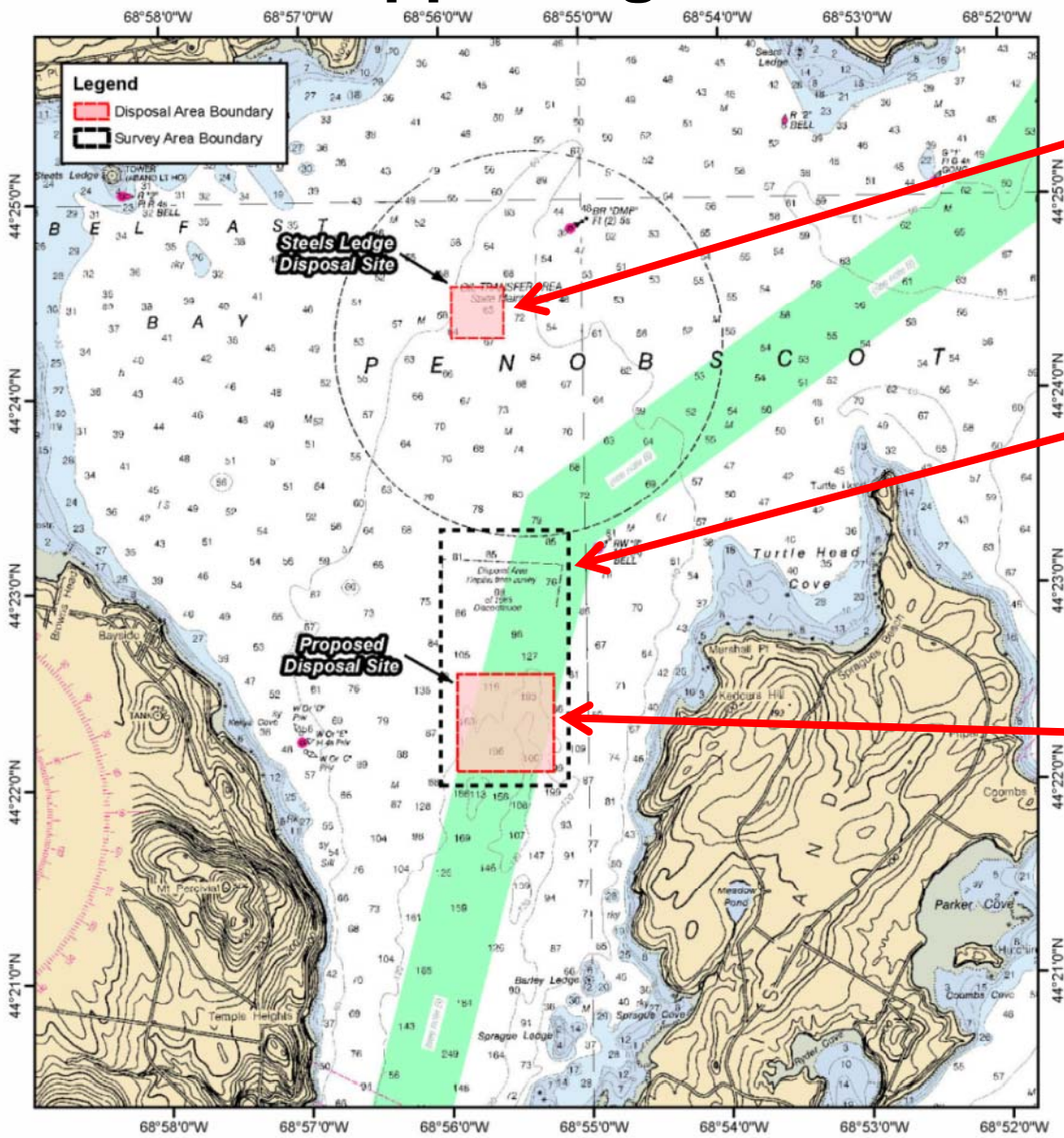


- Belfast Bay (Steels Ledge) site – averages ~60 ft deep
- Limited pockmarks on the bottom
- Size (550 x 550 yds) and depth mean that most of the site would need to be used for placement of material





# Studies Supporting the Selection of the Disposal Site



• Belfast Bay (Steels Ledge) site – averages ~60 ft deep

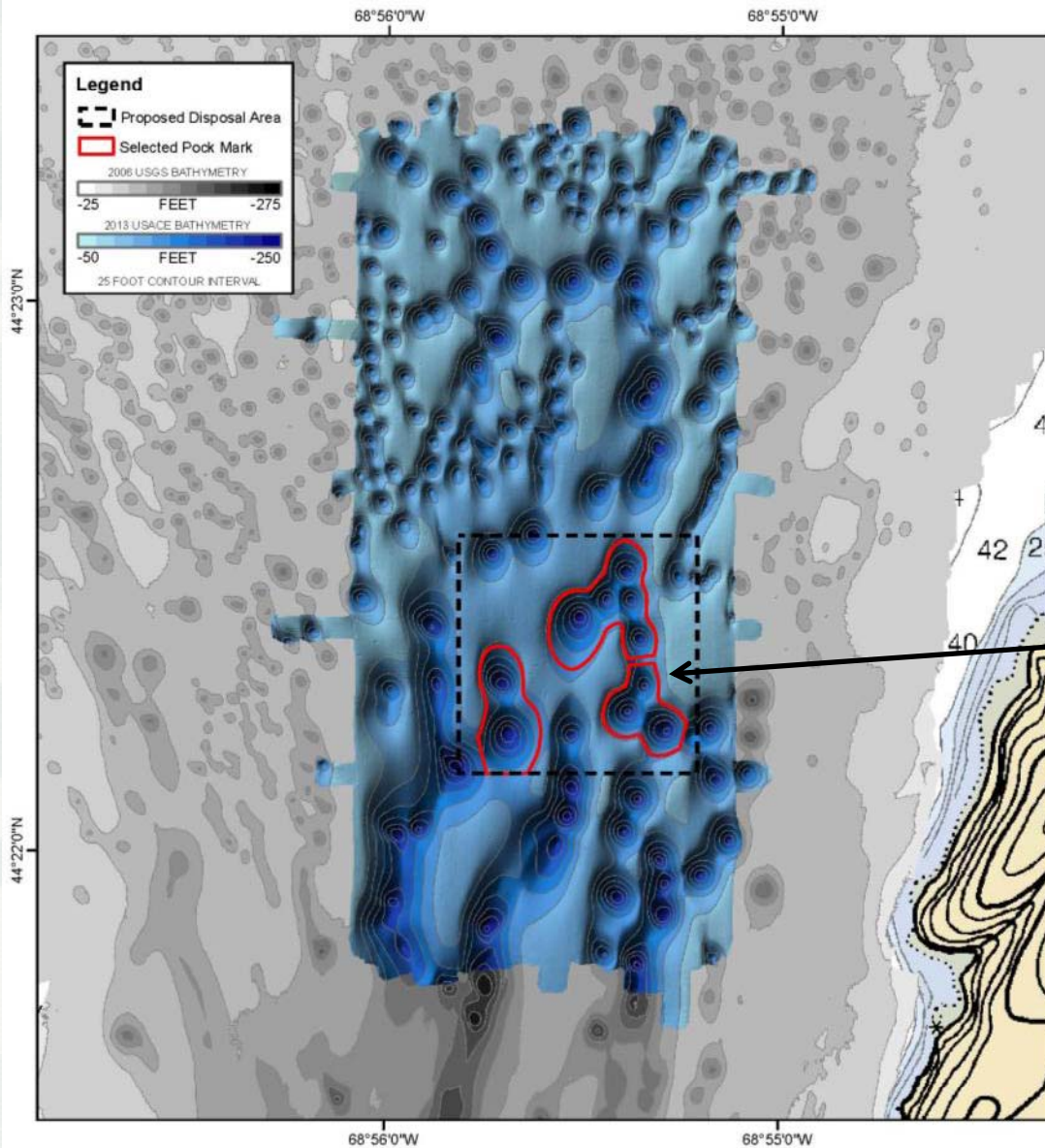
• 2013 survey area expanded to include charted historic disposal area

• Penobscot Bay site - depths of 100-200 ft





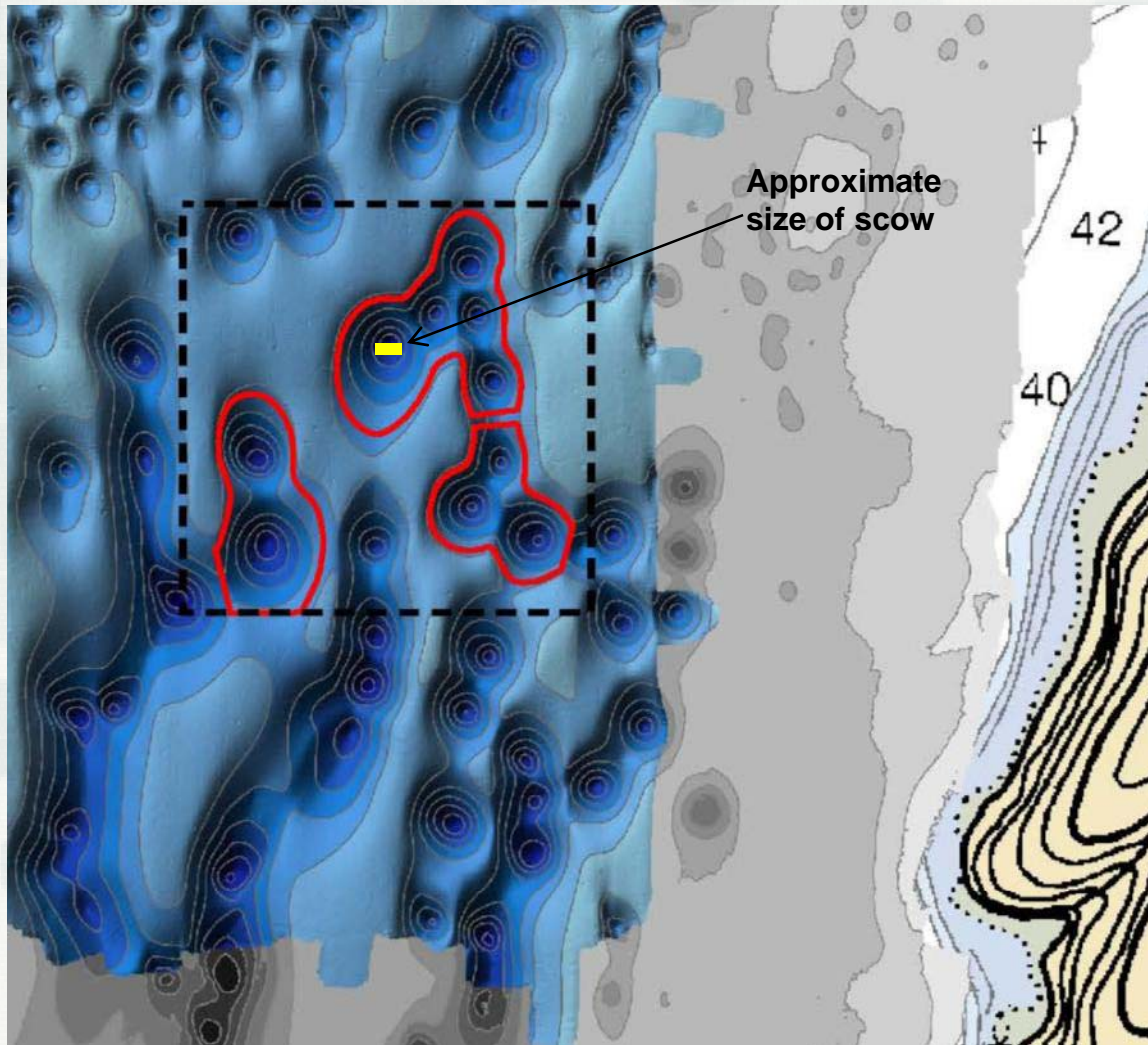
# Studies Supporting the Selection of the Disposal Site



- bathymetry revealed pits with relatively steep sides and extending well below the surrounding seafloor
- uniform fine-grained sediments
- clusters of deep pits within the site appear ideal for limiting the footprint of the placed dredged material



# Studies Supporting the Selection of the Disposal Site



- one or two of the pit clusters could provide sufficient capacity for all the material from the project
- disposal would be targeted to cover less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the site





# Limiting Impacts to Water Quality and Biota



- strict seasonal windows on when the work can be performed
- electronic tracking of every scow during loading, transport, disposal, and return
- water column monitoring at the startup of the project and for any major change in operations
- periodic bathymetry to track placement at the site
- long term monitoring to track the recovery of the biological community at the disposal site



# Concerns Addressed When Selecting a Disposal Site



- Can the material be accurately placed at the site and will it remain there?
- Will there be an unacceptable release of material to the water column during disposal?
- Will the disposed material cause an unacceptable impact to the benthic community?
- Other site-specific concerns? (e.g. mercury, lobster)





# Information

USACE Draft Feasibility Study and Environmental Assessment

<http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/ProjectsTopics/Searsport.aspx>

USACE Disposal Area Monitoring System (DAMOS) reports

[http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/Missions/DisposalAreaMonitoringSystem\(DAMOS\).aspx](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/Missions/DisposalAreaMonitoringSystem(DAMOS).aspx)

Maine DEP email

[channeldredge.dep@maine.gov](mailto:channeldredge.dep@maine.gov)

